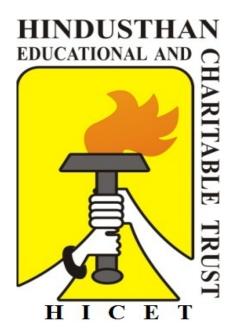
HINDUSTHAN COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

(An Autonomous Institution Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai)
(AICTE, New Delhi, Accredited by NAAC with 'A' Grade)
COIMBATORE 641 032



DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (Academic Council Meeting Held on 03.03.2023)

ME COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS

VISION AND MISSION OF THE INSTITUTION

VISION

To become a premier institution by producing professionals with strong technical knowledge, innovative research skills and high ethical values.

MISSION

IM1: To provide academic excellence in technical education through novelteaching methods.

IM2: To empower students with creative skills and leadership qualities.IM3: To produce dedicated professionals with social responsibility.

VISION AND MISSION OF THE DEPARTMENT

VISION

To nurture Electronics and Communication Professionals with exemplary technical skills adorned with ethical values.

MISSION

- M1. To expand frontiers of knowledge through the provision of inspiring learning environment
- M2. To develop the intellectual skills towards employability by fostering innovation, and creativity in learning.
- M3. To provide a quality system for wholesome learning to achieve progress and prosperity in life along with moral values

Engineering Graduates will be able to:

- PO 1. **Engineering knowledge**: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
- PO 2. **Problem analysis**: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
- PO 3. **Design/development of solutions**: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.
- PO 4. **Conduct investigations of complex problems**: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
- PO 5. **Modern tool usage**: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.
- PO 6. **The engineer and society**: Apply reasoning informed by the contextualknowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
- PO 7. **Environment and sustainability**: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
- PO 8. **Ethics**: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
- PO 9. **Individual and team work**: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

- PO10.**Communication:** Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
- PO11.**Project management and finance:** Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
- PO12.**Life-long learning:** Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadcast context of technological change.

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs)

- PSO 1. Graduates will be able to provide solutions for real time embedded systems using Internet of Things to meet the global needs.
- PSO 2. Graduates will have the perseverance to design and develop products using cutting edge technologies in Signal processing and Communication systems.

PROGRAM EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOs)

- PEO 1. To prepare the graduates to solve, analyze and develop real time engineering products by providing strong foundation in the fundamentals of Electronics and Communication Engineering.
- PEO 2. To prepare the graduates to succeed in multidisciplinary dimensions by providing adequate trainings and exposure to emerging technologies.
- PEO 3. To prepare the graduates to become a successful leader and innovator following ethics with the sense of social responsibility for providing engineering solutions.

CURRICULUM



Hindusthan College of Engineering and Technology

(An Autonomous Institution, Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai AICTE, New Delhi& Accredited by NAAC with 'A' Grade)
Coimbatore, Tamil Nadu.



REGULATION-2020

For the students admitted during the academic year 2022-2023

CURRICULUM AND SYLLABI

I SEMESTER													
S.No	CODE	Courses	CAT	L	T	P	С	CIA	ESE	TOTAL			
	Theory												
1	20MA1102	Advanced Mathematics For Electrical and Electronics Engineering	PCC	3	0	0	3	40	60	100			
2	20CM1201	Digital Modulation and coding Techniques	PCC	3	0	0	3	40	60	100			
3	20CM1202	Advanced Digital Signal Processing	PCC	3	0	0	3	40	60	100			
4	20CM1203	Optical Communication Networks	PCC	3	0	0	3	40	60	100			
5	20CM1204	RF System Design	PCC	3	0	0	3	40	60	100			
6	20CM1205	Research Methodology and IPR	RMC	2	0	0	3	40	60	100			
7	20AC10XX	Audit Course I	AC	2	0	0	0	-	-	-			
Practical Courses													
8	20CM1001	Signal Processing and Communication Laboratory	0	0	0	4	2	50	50	100			

		Total Credits		19	0	4	2	0					
	II SEMESTER												
S.No CODE Courses CAT L T P C CIA ESE											TOTAL		
	Theory												
1	20CM2201	Advanced Wireless Communication and Networks	PCC	3	()	0	3	40	60	100		
2	20CM2202	Microwave Integrated Circuits	PCC	4	. ()	0	4	40	60	100		
3	20CM23XX	Professional Elective I	PE	3	()	0	3	40	60	100		
4	20CM23XX	Professional Elective II	PE	3	()	0	3	40	60	100		
5	20CM23XX	Professional Elective III	PE	3	()	0	3	40	60	100		
6	20AC20XX	Audit Course II	AC	2	. ()	0	0	-	-	-		
		Practical Cou	ırses										
7	20CM2001	Communication Networks Laboratory	PCC	2 0) ()	4	2	50	50	100		
8	20CM2002 Mini Project / Internship		EEC	0) [1	2	2	50	50	100		
		Total Credits		18	8 1	1	6	20					

III SEMESTER												
S.No	CODE	Courses	CAT	L	Т	P	С	CIA	ESE	TOTAL		
Theory												
1	20CM33XX	Professional Elective IV	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100		
2	20CM33XX	Professional Elective V	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100		
3	20CM33XX	Professional Elective VI	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100		
4	20XX34XX	Open Elective	OE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100		
Practical Courses												

5	20CM3901	Project Phase I		EEC	0	0	12	6	50	50	100	
			Total Credits		12	0	0	18				

	IV SEMESTER												
S.No	CODE	Courses	CAT	L	T	P	С	CIA	ESE	TOTAL			
		Practical Cou	irses										
1	20CM4901	Project Phase II	EEC	0	0	24	12	50	50	100			
		Total Credits		0	0	24	12						

AUDIT COURSES SEMESTER - I

S.No	Course Code	Course Name	L	T	P	С
1	20AC1091	English for Research Paper writing	2	0	0	0
2	20AC1092	Disaster Management	2	0	0	0
3	20AC1093	Sanskrit for Technical knowledge	2	0	0	0
4	20AC1091	Pedagogy Studies	2	0	0	0
5	20AC1095	Constitution of India	2	0	0	0

AUDIT COURSES SEMESTER - II

S.No	Course Code	Course Name	L	T	P	С
1	20AC2094	Value Education	2	0	0	0
2	20AC2092	Stress Management by Yoga	2	0	0	0
3	20AC2093	Personality Development Through Life Enlightenment Skills	2	0	0	0
4	20AC2094	Unnat Bharat Abhiyan	2	0	0	0

LIST OF PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	CAT	L	Т	P	С	CIA	ESE	TOTAL
1.	20CMX301	Information Theory and Coding Techniques	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
2.	20CMX302	*Signal Estimation for wireless communication	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
3.	20CMX303	Vehicular systems and Networks	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
4.	20CMX304	Advanced Radiation Systems	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
5.	20CMX305	Embedded and IOT	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
6.	20CMX306	Wireless Senor Networks	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
7.	20CMX307	Cognitive Radio Network	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
8.	20CMX308	Micro-Electro Mechanical Systems	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
9.	20CMX309	High Speed Switching and Network	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
10.	20CMX310	Satellite Communication and Navigation	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
11.	20CMX311	Massive MIMO and mmWave Systems	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
12.	20CMX312R	Machine Learning	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
13.	20CMX313	Communication Protocol for IOT	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
14.	20CMX314	Speech Signal Processing	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
15.	20CMX315	Multimedia Compression	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100

16.	20CMX316	Wavelets and Sub coding	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
17.	20CMX317	Deep Learning	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
18.	20CMX318	Spread Spectrum communication	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
19.	20CMX319	Block chain and its applications	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
20.	20CMX320	5G Technology	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100

LIST OF OPEN ELECTIVES

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	CAT	L	Т	P	С	CIA	ESE	TOTAL
1.	20CM34XX	Green Communication	OE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
2.	20CM34XX	**Industrial IOT	OE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100

Semester	I	II	III	IV	Total
Credits	20	20	18	12	70

*Principles of Signal Estimation for MIMO/OFDM wireless communication (NPTEL course)

** Introduction to Industry 4.0 and Industrial Internet of Things (NPTEL course)

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ME	20MA1102 Advanced Mathematics For Electrical and Electronics Engineering 3	0		0	3
Course Objective	 Apply testing of hypothesis to infer outcome of experiments. Formulate and construct a mathematical model for a linear programming problem in red. Understand the network modeling for planning and scheduling the project activities. Develop the ability to use the concepts of Linear Algebra and Special functions for Acquire knowledge of Fuzzy logic and Fuzzy Algebra. 	eal lif	e sit	tuati	on.
Unit	Description		tru Ho	ctioi urs	nal
	TESTING OF HYPOTHESES				
I	Sampling distributions -Type I and Type II errors - Tests based on Normal, t, Chi-Square and F distributions for testing of mean, variance and proportions -Tests for Independence of attributes and Goodness of fit.		Ģ)	
	LINEAR PROGRAMMING				
II	Formulation - Graphical solution - Simplex method - Artificial variable Techniques - Transportation and Assignment Models		ç)	
	SCHEDULING BY PERT AND CPM				
III	Network Construction - Critical Path Method - Project Evaluation and Review technique - Resource Analysis in Network Scheduling.		ç)	
IV	LINEAR ALGEBRA Vector spaces – norms - Inner Products - Eigen values using QR Factorization - generalized eigenvectors - Canonical forms - singular value decomposition and applications -pseudo inverse - least square approximations -Toeplitz matrices and some applications.		ç)	
V	FUZZY LOGIC AND FUZZY ALGEBRA		()	
•	Basic principles of Fuzzy logic - Fuzzy sets of operations - Fuzzy membership Matrix.				
	Total Instructional Hours		4	5	
Course Outcome	After completion of the course the learner will be able to CO1:Acquire the basic concepts of Probability and Statistical techniques for solving mather which will be useful in solving engineering problems. CO2:Apply transportation and assignment models to find optimal solution in warehousing and CO3:Prepare project scheduling using PERT and CPM. CO4:Achieve an understanding of the basic concepts of algebraic equations and method of so	d trav	elli		lem

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- R1- Gupta S.C. and Kapoor V.K."Fundementals of Mathematical Statistics", Sultan an Sons,2001
- R2- Prem Kumar Gupta, D.S. Hira, "Operations Research," S. Chand & Company Ltd, New Delhi, 3rd edition, 2008.
- R3- Panner Selvam, Operations Research", Prentice Hall of India, 2002.

CO5:Apply the Fuzzy logic in power system problems.

R4- George J.Klir and Yuan, B., Fuzzy sets and fuzzy logic, Theory and applications, Prentice Hall of India Pvt.Ltd., 1997



Course Code



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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ME	20CM1201	Digital Modulation and Coding techniques	3	0	0	3
Course Objective	2.To gain thor 3.To learn abo 4.To understa	owledge on various digital modulation schemes. rough understanding of optimum detection. out the different coding schemes. nd the concepts of spread spectrum communication. out the communication through band limited channel.				
Unit		Description			ructio Iours	
I	Schemes with Memory –CPFS of a digitally modulated sign:	FECHNIQUES Sodulated signals, Memory less Modulation Methods, Signalis SK, CPM, Power Spectrum of Digitally Modulated Signals-PS al with memory, PSD of a linear modulated signal, PSD of h Finite memory, PSD of a digitally modulation scheme with	SD f a		9	
П	Detection and Error Probabil Probability for power limited Optimal Noncoherent detection	OR AWGN CHANNEL nel Models, Waveform and vector AWGN channel, Optin lity for band limited Signaling, Optimal Detection and Err signaling. Non-coherent detection of carrier modulated signal on of FSK modulated signals, Error probability of Orthogor etection, Differential PSK (DPSK).	ror ıls,		9	
III	with burst errors Interleave	a Codes, Low Density Parity Check codes, Coding for channers, Combining Codes. Convolutional codes- Decoding e properties of Convolutional codes, Turbo codes and iterativalation.	of		9	
IV	* *	Digital Communication System, Direct Sequence Spre Hopped Spread Spectrum Signals, CDMA- Multi user detecti			9	
V	Band Limited Channels- ISI Optimum receiver for chann equalizer – Decision feedbac	OUGH BAND LIMITED CHANNELS - Nyquist Criterion- Controlled ISI-Partial Response signal els with ISI and AWGN. Equalization algorithms – Line els equalization – Adaptive Equalization algorithms. Reductative equalization and decoding Turbo equalization.	ear		9	
		Total Instructional Hou	ırs		45	







After completion of the course the learner will be able to

CO1: Formulate a mathematical model for digital modulation schemes.

CO2: Design optimum coherent and non coherent receiver for digital modulation schemes

Course Outcome CO3: Apply mathematical modeling for BER analysis and Band width calculation of digital modulation

schemes

CO4: Compare the performance of linear block codes

CO5: Design channel encoder and decoder based on the given specification using the channel coding

algorithms.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1- John G. Proakis., and Masoud Salehi. "Digital Communication", McGraw-Hill, International Edition 2008

R2-M.K.Simon, S.M.Hinedi and W.C.Lindsey, "Digital communication techniques; Signaling and detection", prentice Hall India, New Delhi.1995

R3- Simon Haykin, "Digital communications", John Wiley and sons, 2006

R4-B.P.Lathi "Modern digital and analog communication systems", 3rd Edition, Oxford University press 1998.

R5-Andrew J. Viterbi, "CDMA: Principles of Spread Spectrum Communications," Prentice Hall, USA, 1995.

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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course I	,	T	P	C	
ME	20CM1202	Advanced Digital Signal Processing 3	,	0	0	3	
Course Objective		 1.To study the basic operation of various signals and system 2.To learn the fundamentals of filters 3.To know the concepts of signal processing 4.To understand the concepts of various filter banks and spectrum analysis 5.To study the concepts and fundamentals of adaptive filter 					
Unit		Description	Ι		uctio Iours		
Ι	frequency doma Transform - rel	of signals and systems – Properties of Systems – LTI Systems – Need for ain analysis - Fourier transform for continuous and discrete time signals – Z-ationships between system representations - DFT – FFT - recursive and non-se – Linear phase FIR filters – Realization of FIR filters – finite word length			9		
II	Representation cascading samp transversal filted decimation and	presentation of discrete time signals – down sampling – up sampling - Noble identities – scading sampling rate convertors - Decimation with transversal filters – interpolation with polyphase filters – interpolation with polyphase filters – cimation and interpolation with rational sampling factors - multistage implementation of impling rate convertors.					
III	FILTER BAN Two channel fi	o channel filter banks - QMF filter banks - Perfect Reconstruction Filter banks - Filter lks with tree structure and parallel structure - Applications - speech and audio coding -					
IV	Introduction – Welch & Black Regressive (AF parameters – estimation.	CTRUM ESTIMATION Non parametric methods - Periodogram – Modified Periodogram - Bartlett, man Tukey methods - Performance comparison - Parametric methods - Auto R) spectrum estimation - Relationship between autocorrelation and model Moving Average and Auto Regressive Moving Average spectrum			9		
V	Interference Ca Minimum Mea	Applications – System identification – Inverse modeling – Prediction – ncellation- Adaptive linear combiner – Performance function – Gradient and n Square error – Gradient search by the method of steepest descent – LMS privergence of LMS algorithm – Learning curve – Misadjustment – RLS		9			
		Total Instructional Hours			45		
Course Outcome	CO1 CO2 CO3 CO4	r completion of the course the learner will be able to : Interpret functions of various systems and signals. : Analyze working and operation of different filter : Understand the concept of various signal processing. :Analyze and understand the power spectrum of different filters : Analyszeand understand the concepts of adaptive filter.					







R1-Fliege N J, "Multirate Digital Signal Processing", John Wiley and sons, 2010

R2-Vaidyanathan PP, "Multirate Systems and Filter banks", Prentice Hall, 2008.

R3-Ifeachor E C and Jervis B W, "Digital Signal Processing: A Practical Approach", Prentice Hall, 2009

R4-Hayes M H, "Statistical Digital Signal Processing and Modeling ", Wiley, New York, 2008

R5-Simon Haykin "Adaptive Filter Theory", Pearson education, 2010

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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course L	T	P	C			
ME	20CM1203	Optical Communication Networks 3	0	0	3			
Course Objective		1.To study the operation of various optical system components 2.To learn the fundamentals of different optical network architectures 3.To know the concepts of wavelength routing networks and its characteristics 4.To understand the concepts of various packet switching and access networks 5.To design the network with different parameters and study the issumanagement						
Unit		Description		ruction Hours				
I	Light propagate effects; Solitor Multiplexers &	STEM COMPONENTS tion in optical fibers – Loss & bandwidth, System limitations, Non-Linear ns; Optical Network Components – Couplers, Isolators & Circulators, Filters, Optical Amplifiers, Switches, Wavelength Converters.		9				
II	Introduction to Architecture;	ICAL NETWORK ARCHITECTURES duction to Optical Networks; SONET / SDH, Metropoliton-Area Networks, Layered ditecture; Broadcast and Select Networks – Topologies for Broadcast Networks, Medianess Control Protocols, Testbeds for Broadcast & Select WDM; Wavelength Routing ditecture.						
III	The optical la	AVELENGTH ROUTING NETWORKS ne optical layer, Node Designs, Optical layer cost tradeoff, Routing and wavelength signment, Virtual topology design, Wavelength Routing Testbeds, Architectural variations.						
	PACKET SWITCHING AND ACCESS NETWORKS							
IV	Broadcast OT	et Switching – OTDM, Multiplexing and Demultiplexing, Synchronisation, PDM networks, Switch-based networks; Access Networks – Network verview, Future Access Networks, Optical Access Network Architectures; and ks.		9				
V	Transmission S Optical ampli considerations;	DESIGN AND MANAGEMENT System Engineering – System model, Power penalty - transmitter, receiver, fiers, crosstalk, dispersion; Wavelength stabilization; Overall design Control and Management – Network management functions, Configuration Performance management, Fault management, Optical safety, Service interface.		9				
		Total Instructional Hours		45				
	CO1 CO2 CO3 CO4 CO5		ics)					

- R1 C. Siva Ram Moorthy and Mohan Gurusamy, "WDM Optical Networks: Concept, Design and Algorithms", Prentice Hall of India, Ist Edition, 2002.
- R2 Vivek Alwayn, "Optical Network Design and Implementation", Pearson Education, 2004.
- R3 Hussein T.Mouftab and Pin-Han Ho, "Optical Networks: Architecture and Survivability", Kluwer Academic Publishers, 2002.
- R4 Biswanath Mukherjee, "Optical Communication Networks", McGraw Hill, 1997.
- R5 P.E. Green, Jr., "Fiber Optic Networks", Prentice Hall, NJ, 1993
- R6 Rajiv Ramaswami and Kumar N. Sivarajan, "Optical Networks : A Practical Perspective", Harcourt Asia Pvt Ltd., Second Edition 2004

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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ME	20CM1204	RF System Design	3	0	0	3
Course Objective	2.Gain knowledge of 3.Give thorough und 4.Provide knowledge	pehavior of RF design				
Unit		Description	I		uctio lours	
I		n, Electromagnetic Spectrum, RF behavior of passive ponents and Circuit Board considerations, Scattering			9	
П	RF FILTER DESIGN Overview, Basic resonations, Control of the con	ator and filter configuration, Special filter realizations Coupled filter.	,		9	
III	RF diodes, BJT, RF FF Biasing Networks –	NENTS & APPLICATIONS ETs, High electron mobility transistors; Matching and Impedance matching using discrete components networks, Amplifier classes of operation and biasing	,		9	
IV		GNS er power relations, Stability considerations, Constant SWR circles, Broadband, high power and multistage			9	
	OSCILLATORS, MIX	ERS & APPLICATIONS				
V	characteristics of Mixers	el, High frequency oscillator configuration, Basic, Phase Locked Loops, RF couplers Wilkinson divides ector and demodulator circuits.			9	
		Total Instructional Hours	S		45	
Course Outcome	CO1:I CO2;A CO3: A CO4: I	letion of the course the learner will be able to Describe the various active and passive components of R Analyze the microstrip line filters Analyze the biasing methods for RF amplifiers Design matching networks using smith chart. Compare various Oscillators for their performance.	F cii	rcuits	S	







- R1 Reinhold Ludwig and Powel Bretchko, "RF Circuit Design Theory and Applications", Pearson Education Asia, First Edition, 2001
- R2 Joseph . J. Carr, "Secrets of RF Circuit Design", McGraw Hill Publishers, Third Edition, 2000.
- R3 Mathew M. Radmanesh, "Radio Frequency & Microwave Electronics", Pearson Education Asia, Second Edition, 2002.
- R4 Ulrich L. Rohde and David P. NewKirk, "RF & Microwave Circuit Design", John Wiley & Sons USA 2000.
- R5 Roland E. Best, "Phase Locked Loops: Design, simulation and applications", McGraw Hill Publishers 5th edition 2003

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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C		
ME	20CM1205	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND IPR	3	0	0	3		
Course Objective	2.Problem for 3.Technical	knowledge and skills required for research and IPR: ormulation, analysis and solutions. paper writing / presentation without violating professional ethics fting and filing patents.						
Unit		Description		Instr H	uctio Iours			
I	research problem, crit research problem, sco	LEM FORMULATION -Meaning of research problem- Sources of eria characteristics of a good research problem, errors in selecting a pe and objectives of research problem. Approaches of investigation of problem, data collection, analysis, interpretation, necessary			9			
II	LITERATURE REV	VIEW						
	Effective literature st	Effective literature studies approaches, analysis, plagiarism, and research ethics						
III	report, paper, develop assessment by a revie			9				
IV	INTRODUCTION TO INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS (IPR) Nature of Intellectual Property: Patents, Designs, Trade and Copyright. Process of Patenting and Development: technological research, innovation, patenting, development. International Scenario: International cooperation on Intellectual Property. Procedure for grants of patents, Patenting under PCT.							
V	Patent Rights: Scop information and da Administration of P	PROPERTY RIGHTS (IPR) e of Patent Rights. Licensing and transfer of technology. Paten atabases. Geographical Indications. New Developments in IPR atent System, IPR of Biological Systems, Computer Software etc e Case Studies, IPR and IITs.	:		9			
		Total Instructional Hour	s		45			
Course Outcome	CO1:Ability to form CO2:Ability to carr CO3:Ability to follo CO4:Ability to uno CO5:tomorrow wor	derstand that today's world is controlled by Computer, Information ld will be ruled by ideas, concept, and creativity erstand about IPR and filing patents in R & D.	s em		logy,	but		

- R1- Asimov, "Introduction to Design", Prentice Hall, 1962
- R2- Halbert, "Resisting Intellectual Property", Taylor & Francis Ltd ,2007.
- R3- Mayall, "Industrial Design", McGraw Hill, 1992
- R4- Niebel, "Product Design", McGraw Hill, 1974.
- R5- Ranjit Kumar, 2nd Edition, "Research Methodology: A Step by Step Guide for beginners" 2010

P. Hayler





Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C			
ME	20CM1001	Signal Processing and Communication Laboratory	0	0	4	2			
Course Objective	 To effectively ren To analyze the sig To estimate the no 	 To effectively remove the noise during transmission To analyze the signals in the frequency domain using subbands. To estimate the noise signals. To implement digital modulation techniques. 							
S.NO		LIST OF EXPERIMENTS							
	Simulation using MATLAB / EQUIVALENT SOFTWARE PACKAGE								
1.	IIR Filter Design	IR Filter Design							
2.	Noise Cancellation								
3.	Echo Cancellation								
4.	Multirate signal processing								
5.	Subband Coding of Speech	Signals							
6.	Estimate the PSD of a nois	y signal using periodogram and modified periodogram							
7.	Generation & detection of l	binary digital modulation techniques							
8.	Performance evaluation of	simulated CDMA system							

TOTAL HOURS 45

After completion of the course the learner will be able to Course CO1: Design filter for processing specific frequency bands Outcome

CO2: Implement the adaptive filtering algorithms

Channel equalizer design

CO3: Estimate and predict the noise for effective communication

CO4: generate and detect digital communication signals of various modulation techniques

CO5: Evaluate cellular mobile communication technology and propagation model

Spread Spectrum communication system - Pseudo random binary sequence generation



9.

10.





Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C	
ME	20CM2201	Advanced Wireless Communication and Networks	3	0	0	3	
Course Objective	 To kno To lea To uno 	derstand the basics multipath propagation and its characteristics. ow the concepts and performance of OFDM and OFDMA systems. rn the block diagram of transmitter and receiver of MC-CDMA, MIMO a derstand the concepts of cognitive radio and its applications. dy the various wireless networks and its characteristics management.	nd I	ЛЕ	systei	ms.	
Unit		Description			ructio Hours		
	MULTIPATH FA	DING CHANNELS AND DIVERSITY					
I	Multipath Propaga Wireless Channel Fading Channels - Examples of Multip	tion-Fading-intersymbol Interference-Spectrum Limitations-Fast Fading Modeling-Rayleigh and Ricean Fading Channels-BER Performance in Frequency Selective and Frequency Nonselective Fading Channels bath Fading Channels- Diversity modeling for Wireless Communications improvement with diversity.	n -		9		
II	Effect of multipath OFDM scheme – Effect of CFO- Intr - Block diagram o Resource Allocatio	OFDM – Block diagram of transmitter and receiver in OFDM system on OFDM symbols, cyclic prefix and zero padding – BER performance of Performance of Coded OFDM System - Synchronization for OFDM oduction to PAPR-PAPR Reduction Techniques.Introduction to OFDMA of OFDMA uplink and downlink transmission – Resource Allocation n Algorithms - Scheduling- Quality of Service- OFDMA based Mobile	of - A -		9		
III	Introduction to MC CDMA -Bit Error Introduction to MIN channels –MIMO f OSTBC); Motivation LTE Advanced- Arc COGNITIVE RAI Introduction to Cog Radio Networks – Cognitive Radio – Standard – Recognitive Radio	Resource Allocation Algorithms - Scheduling- Quality of Service- OFDMA based Mobile WiMax (IEEE 802.16e.) MC-CDMA, MIMO AND LTE Introduction to MC-CDMA System - Block diagram of Transmitter and receiver of MC-CDMA -Bit Error Rate of MC-CDMA System- Variants Based on MC-CDMA Scheme. Introduction to MIMO- Channel Capacity and Information rates of noisy, AWGN and fading hannels -MIMO for multi-carrier systems (MIMO-OFDM) - MIMO Diversity (Alamouti, DSTBC); Motivation and Targets for LTE- Overview of LTE- LTE network architecture - LTE Advanced- Architecture of LTE Radio Protocol Stacks. COGNITIVE RADIO AND ITS APPLICATIONS Introduction to Cognitive Radio-Motivation and Purpose - Spectrum Allocation in Cognitive Radio Networks - Cognitive Transceiver architecture- Radio Resource Allocation for Cognitive Radio - Spectrum Sensing - Spectrum Sharing - Spectrum Mobility - Spectrum Management - Regulatory issues - Implications of Cognitive radio network- Emerging					
IV	Cognitive Radio Ap	oplications in Cellular Networks.			9		
		1					







WIRELESS NETWORKS

Networking Basics - Development of Computer Networks: An Overview- Network Types-Peer-to-Peer Networks- Local Area Networks (LANs)- Wide Area Networks (WANs)-Personal Area Networksee (PANs)- The Internet- Virtual Private Networks (VPNs) -Network Topologies- Choosing the Right Topology- Network Hardware and Software-Networking Components- Networking Software- Networking Protocol: TCP/IP, Wireless LANs evolution- Basic architecture - WLAN Adopters -Access Points- WLAN Configurations- WLAN Standards, Architecture and specifications, WiMAX, WiBro, and WiFi.

> **Total Instructional Hours** 45

After completion of the course the learner will be able to

Course Outcome CO1: Analyze the basics of multipath propagation and its characteristics CO2: Compare and contrast the performance of OFDM and OFDMA systems

CO3:Describe the operation of transmitter and receiver of MC-CDMA, MIMO and LTE systems

CO4:Demonstrate the impact of cognitive radio and its applications CO5: Analyze the various wireless networks and its characteristics

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1- Andreas F. Molisch, Wireless Communications, 2nd Edition, John Wiley & Sons Ltd, 2011.

R2- Yong Soo Cho, Jaekwon Kim, Won Young Yang and Chung G. Kang, MIMO-OFDM Wireless Communications with MATLAB, John Wiley & Sons (Asia) Pte Ltd, 2010.

R3- Shinsuke Hara and Ramjee Prasad, "Multicarrier Techniques for 4G Mobile Communications", 2003.

R4- Harri Holma and Antti Toskala, "LTE for UMTS -OFDMA and SC-FDMA Based Radio Access", John Wiley & Sons Ltd., 2009.

R5- Tao Jiang, Lingyang Song and Van Zhang, "Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiple Access Fundamentals and Applications" Taylor and Francis Group, 2010.

R6- Tolga M. Duman and Ali Ghrayeb, "Coding for MIMO Communication Systems", John Wiley & Sons Ltd, 2007.

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Programme	Course Code	Name of the	Course L	L T		C		
ME	20CM2202	MICROWAVE INTEGR	AATED CIRCUITS 3	1	0	4		
Course Objective	frequencies 2. To understand an 3. To enable the stu 4. To study and und	d design various impedance matchi		uted ele		S		
Unit		Description		Instr H	uctio Iours	nal		
	PLANAR TRANSM	ISSION LINES AND COMPONI	ENTS					
I	Review of Transmission line theory – S parameters-Transmission line equations – reflection coefficient – VSWR – Microstrip lines: Structure, waves in microstrip, Quasi-TEM approximation, Coupled lines: Even mode and odd mode analysis – Microstrip discontinuities and components – Strip line – Slot line – Coplanar waveguide – Filters – Power dividers and Couplers							
	IMPEDANCE MAT	CHING NETWORKS						
II	II Circuit Representation of two port RF/Microwave Networks: Low Frequency Parameters, High Frequency Parameters, Transmission Matrix, ZY Smith Chart, Design of Matching Circuits using Lumped Elements, Matching Network Design using Distributed Elements							
	MICROWAVE AM	PLIFIER AND OSCILLATOR D	ESIGN					
III	Consideration in Amp design – Oscillators:	olifiers - Noise Consideration in act	siderations in active networks – Gain tive networks – Broadband Amplifier in – Oscillation conditions – Design cillators.		12			
	MIXERS AND CON	TROL CIRCUITS						
IV		nced Mixers - Sub Harmonic Diod	rs – Design of Mixers: Single Ended de Mixers, Microwave Diodes, Phase		12			
	MICROWAVE IC I	DESIGN AND MEASUREMENT	TECHNIQUES					
V	Module Technology SOC, SOP, Test Fixtu	 Fabrication Techniques, Miniatu 	versus Monolithic MICs – Multichip urization Techniques, Introduction to easurements, Thermal and Cryogenic		12			
			Total Instructional Hours		60			
	Chairman, Board of Studi Chairman - Bo ECE - HICET	des Course Cours	Dean (Academics) HiCET					

After completion of the course the learner will be able to

CO1: Understand the theory of transmission lines used at microwave frequencies

Course CO2: Design and analyze various impedance matching networks using microwave components.

Outcome CO3: Perform stability analysis and be able to design amplifiers and oscillators at microwave frequencies.

CO4: Understand and analyze various the mixer and control circuits used at microwave frequencies

CO5: Perform stability analysis in the design of microwave amplifiers and oscillators

REFERENCE BOOKS:

P. Hayler

R1- Jia Sheng Hong, M. J. Lancaster, "Microstrip Filters for RF/Microwave Applications", John Wiley & Sons, 2001

R2- David M. Pozar, "Microwave Engineering", II Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 1998

R3- Guillermo Gonzalez, "Microwave Transistor Amplifiers – Analysis and Design", II Edition, Prentice Hall, New Jersy

R4- Thomas H.Lee, "Planar Microwave Engineering", Cambridge University Press, 2004

R5- Matthew M. Radmanesh, "Radio Frequency and Microwave Electronics", Pearson Education, II Edition 2002

R6- Ravender Goyal, "Monolithic MIC; Technology & Design", Artech House, 1989.

R7- Gupta K.C. and Amarjit Singh, "Microwave Integrated Circuits", John Wiley, New York, 1975

R8- Hoffman R.K. "Handbook of Microwave Integrated Circuits", Artech House, Boston, 1987

Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P			
ME	20CM2001	COMMUNICATION NETWORKS LABORATORY	0	0	4			
	1. To under	stand the basics multipath propagation and its characteristics.						
Commo	2. To know	the concepts and performance of OFDM and OFDMA systems.						
Course	3. To under	stand MIMO system and match with the theoretical concepts.						
Objective	4. To interp	ret MC-CDMA system Bit Error Rate						
	5. To under	stand the functioning of IP network and TCP protocols in Wirele	ss En	viror	nmen	t.		
Exp.No.		Description of the Experiments						
1.	Path loss Measure	ment and Characterization of Wireless Channels						
2.	Wireless Channel	equalizer design ($Z\!F$ / $L\!M\!S$ / RLS) using Simulation Packages.						
3.	OFDM transceive	er design using Simulation Packages.						
4.	Simulation of MI	MO systems using Simulation Packages.						
5.	Analysis of Bit E	rror Rate of MC-CDMA System						
6.	Cellular network modelling and performance analysis in terms of Blocking Probability and Spectral							
0.	Efficiency.							
7.	Implement wirele	ss to wireless communication using wireless protocol.						
8.	Algorithms to imp	plement packet forwarding/ packet classification/packet switching i	n IP I	Route	ers			
9.	Implement applica	tions using TCP & UDP sockets like (i) DNS (ii)SNMP (iii) File T	ransf	er				
10.	Simulating a Mob	ile Adhoc Network using Wifi Network						
		Total Practical H	lours		45			
	After completion	of the course the learner will be able to						
	CO1: Design and	analyse the multipath fading channels and diversity.						
Course	CO2: Design and	implement BER performance of OFDM scheme						
Outcome	CO3: Analyse the	performance of MIMO for multi carrier system.						
	CO4. Analyze the	performance of MC-CDMA system.						
	CO5: Design and implement communication protocol for different functionalities							





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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ME	20CMX301	Information Theory and Coding Techniques	3	0	0	3
Course Objective	 To acquire knowle To impart knowle To understand the 	damentals of various coding techniques edge on iteratively decoded codes dge on various low density parity check codes e design of LDPC decoders en principles of space-time coding techniques				
Unit		Description		Instr H	uctio Iours	
	BCH AND REED-S	OLOMON CODES				
I	Polynomial - Non-b	olomon codes - Decoding BCH and RS codes - finding the Error Localization of R BCH and RS Decoding - Erasure decoding for Non-binary lais field Fourier Transform method - variations and extensions of R	BCH		9	
	ITERATIVELY DE	CCODED CODES				
II	Construction and Notation - Tanner Graphs - Transmission through Gaussian Channel - Decoding LDPC codes - The iterative decoder on General Block Codes - Density Evolution - EXIT charts for LDPC codes - Irregular LDPC codes - LDPC code construction - Encoding LDPC codes - Low-Density Generator Matrix codes - Serial Concatenated codes - Repeat - Accumulate codes - Irregular RA codes.					
	LOW DENSITY PA	ARITY CHECK CODES				
III	EG-LDPC codes - PG-LDPC codes - Shortened finite geometry LDPC codes - Gallager LDPC codes - Masked EG-Gallager LDPC codes - Quasi-cyclic codes by circulant decomposition - Random LDPC codes - Graph - Theoretic LDPC codes - Construction of LDPC codes based on Balanced incomplete block designs - Concatenations with LDPC and Turbo codes.					
	DESIGN OF LDPC	DECODERS				
IV	interleaved Trellis Co Inter-leavers and Par	llis - coded Modulation - Capacity of Two-dimensional Signal Sets oded Modulation Based on Turbo and -LDPC Codes - Design of Flerity - check Matrices - Puncturing Strategies - Parallel Architectures and Their Implementation.	xible		9	
	SPACE-TIME COI	DING				
V		Channels - Diversity Transmission and Reception: the MIMO chan les - complex orthogonal Designs - Space-time trellis codes.	nel -		9	
		Total Instructional H	ours		45	







After completion of the course the learner will be able to

CO1: Analyze various source coding and decoding techniques

Course Outcome CO2: Analyze various iteratively decoded codes and their techniques CO3: Understand and analyze various low density parity check codes.

CO4: Understand the design of LDPC decoders.

C05: Understand the design principles and solve problems using space-time coding techniques

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1-Todd K Moon, "Error Correction Coding: Mathematical Methods and Algorithms", Wliey, 2005

R2-Richard B Wells, "Applied Coding and Information Theory for Engineers", Prentice Hall, 1999.

R3-Peter Sweeney, "Error Control Coding: From Theory to Practice", Wiley, 2002.

R4-Shu Lin, Daniel J. Costello, "Error control coding", 2nd Edition, Pearson, 2005

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ME	20CMV202	EILICH AD CYCTEMC AND NETWODY 2	0	0	2		
ME		EHICULAR SYSTEMS AND NETWORK 3	0	0	3		
Course Objective	2. To describe MAC proto	e concepts of vehicular networks and the applications. ocols and heterogeneous wireless communication used in vehic routing protocols and IP address configuration.	ular net	works	3.		
Unit		Description		ructio Hours			
	INTRODUCTION TO VEHIC	CULAR NETWORK					
I	progress, Vehicular network at traffic coordination, road traffic			9			
	MAC PROTOCOLS & HETE						
II	DSRC spectrum and applications for vehicular networks, IEEE standards for MAC protocols A cluster based, A distributed MAC protocol, Priority based secure MAC protocol, introduction to heterogeneous wireless communications, enabling technologies for vehicular communication networks, platform for design and simulation. ROUTING IN VEHICULAR NETWORKS						
III		NETWORKS r routing protocols, classification, basic solutions, Map based					
	solutions, based on trajectorie configuration problem, IP add solution space, IP address auto comessage Scheduling		9				
IV		gestion control approaches, dynamic message scheduling,		9			
	Analysis and validation NETWORK MOBILITY	beston control approaches, dynamic message senedating,					
V	The network mobility problem, NEMO in vehicular scenario, M	, NEMO basic support protocol, NEMO route optimization, obile ADhoc NEMO.		9			
		Total Instructional Hours		45			
Course Outcome	CO1: Understand the b CO2: Understand MAC networks. CO3: Evaluate the rout	the course the learner will be able to asic concepts of vehicular networks and the applications. C protocols and heterogeneous wireless communication used in ing protocols and IP address configuration. E scheduling and network mobility problem in vehicular network		lar			

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REFERENCE BOOKS:

Course Code

Programme

 $R1-Hassnaa Moustafa \ and \ Yan \ Zhang, \ \textbf{--} \ Vehicular \ networks-Techniques, \ Standards \ and \ applications \ \ CRC \ Press, \ New \ York, \ 2009$

R2-StephenOlariu and Michele C Weigle, — Vehicular networks – From theory to Practicell, CRC Press, New York, 2009.

R3 - H. Hartensteinand K. P. Laberteaux, —VANET: Vehicular Applications and InterNetworking Technologies, Wiley, $2010\,$

R4-C. Sommer, F. Dressler, —Vehicular Networkingl, Cambridge University Press, 2015







10gramme	Course Coue	Name of the Course	L	-	-	C	
ME	20CMX304	ADVANCED RADIATION SYSTEMS	3	0	0	3	
Course Objective	 To enhance To design v To learn bas 	fundamentals of antenna radiation the students knowledge in the area of Aperture and Reflector antenna arious broad band antennas sics of microstrip antennas and its radiation analysis applications of various antennas	desig				
Unit		Description			ructio Iours		
I	radiation pattern - na aperture - polarizatio	ADIATION f Radiation: Radiation from surface and line current distributions ear and far field regions - reciprocity - directivity and gain - effect in - input impedance - efficiency - Friss transmission equation - radiativy potential functions.	ive	12			
П	Huygens's principle considerations - Ba	PERTURE AND REFLECTOR ANTENNAS [Invigens's principle - radiation from rectangular and circular apertures – design considerations - Babinets principle - radiation from sectoral - pyramidal - conical and corrugated horns - design concepts of parabolic reflectors and cassegrain antennas.					
III	Principles - design ar	BROADBAND ANTENNAS Principles - design and properties of log periodic - yagi-uda - frequency independent antennas loop antenna - helical antennas - biconical antennas - broadcast antenna - spiral antenna and					
IV		TENNAS : Radiation mechanism - parameters and applications - feeding method - design of rectangular and circular patch - impedance matching		12			
V	Antenna Impedance		ine		12		
Course Outcome	CO1:Understa CO2:Design a CO3:Analyze CO4:Design a	Total Instructional Horotof the course the learner will be able to and the fundamentals behind the recent techniques in antenna technolog and assess the performance of various Aperture and Reflector antennas various broadband antennas and design techniques Micro strip antenna he antennas specific to the applications	зу		60		

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REFERENCE BOOKS:

Programme Course Code

R1-Jordan E.C, "Electromagnetic Waves and Radiating Systems", Prentice Hall of India, 2003.

R2- Balanis C.A, "Antenna Theory", 2nd Edition, Wiley, 2003

R3- J.D. Krauss, "Antennas", Tata McGraw Hill, 2006.

R4-Elliot, "Antenna Theory and Design", IEEE press, 2003







ME	20CMX305	EMBEDDE	ED AND INTERNI	ET OF THINGS	3	0	0	3		
Course Objective	 Understand and acquire knowledge on the architecture of embedded systems. Understand the different peripheral devices, Communication buses and Protocols. Understand the evolution of Internet of Things (IoT). Understand different cloud servers and APP development tools. Apply the concept of Internet of Things in real world scenario. 									
Unit	Description						Instructional Hours			
I	COMPONENTS OF EMBEDDED SYSTEMS Introduction to Embedded Systems Embedded Design Life Cycle. Overview of ARM Processors. Functional block diagram of ARM Cortex-A, Cortex-R and Cortex-M series controllers and its features.						9			
П	PERIPHERAL INTERFACING TECHNIQUES Memory Management - Program Memory, Data Memory. AHB and APB Bus Structure. GPIOs, Timer/Counters, Capture/Compare Modules, PWM, QEI, RTC, WDT, DMA, EEPROM and PLL. Serial Peripherals: UART, I2C, SPI, CAN and USB. Hardware and Software Interrupts, Analog Peripherals: ADC, DAC and Analog Comparators.					9				
III	INTERNET OF THINGS Introduction, IoT protocols: MQTT and AMQP, IoT Security: AES and TLS1.2, FOTA, Consumer Electronics IoT, Automotive IoT, Health Care IoT and Industrial IoT.						9			
IV	CLOUD AND APP FACILITIES FOR IoT Amazon Web Services Cloud (AWS), MS Azure, IBM Bluemix, Carriots and Thing Speak, GE predix. MIT App Inventor and Android App Development tools.						9			
V	CASE STUDY Simple problems simulation using IDE, Smart Sensors Interfacing, Experimenting Serial Communication Protocols, Remote Monitoring and Control through Web Browser using WiFi, Cloud based Data Analysis.						9			
				Total Instructional Hou	rs		45			
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Programme Course Code

After completion of the course the learner will be able to

CO1: Describe the architecture of embedded system and compare various embedded processors.

Course CO2: Understand and compare various communication protocols. Outcome

CO3: Describe the concepts of IoT.

CO4: Describe cloud servers and APP development. CO5: Analyze applications of IoT in real time scenario.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Arshdeep Bahga and Vijai Madisetti "Internet of Things: A Hands-on Approach", Bahga & Madisetti, 2014

2.Jonathan W. Valvano, "Embedded Systems: Real-Time Interfacing to Arm(r) Cortex -M Microcontrollers: Volume 2", Create Space Independent Publishing Platform, 2012.

3.Jonathan W. Valvano, "Embedded Systems: Real-Time Interfacing to Arm(r) Cortex -M Microcontrollers: Volume 1", Create Space Independent Publishing Platform, 2011.

4. Steve Furber," ARM System-on-Chip Architecture", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2009

5. Arnold S. Berger, "Embedded Systems Design: An Introduction to Processes, Tools, and Techniques" CMP Books, 2002.

6. Tiva TM4C123GH6PM Microcontroller Datasheet.

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Programme	Course Code	urse Code Name of the Course		T	P	C				
ME	20CMX306	WIRELESS SENSOR NETWORKS	3	0	0	3				
Course Objective	 To learn the basics of wireless sensor networks with their technology. To learn how to design and implement the wireless sensor networks in various structures to meet the requirements. To learn how to use various protocols in implementing wireless sensors. To learn how to locate and control the sensors in a network. 									
	To learn tools for designing of wireless sensor networks and usage of hardware's al software's.									
Unit	Description				Instructional Hours					
I	OVERVIEW OF WIRELESS SENSOR NETWORKS Challenges for Wireless Sensor Networks-Characteristics requirements-required mechanisms, Difference between mobile ad-hoc and sensor networks, Applications of sensor networks- Enabling Technologies for Wireless Sensor Networks. ARCHITECTURES				9					
II	Single-Node Architecture - Hardware Components, Energy Consumption of Sensor Nodes, Operating Systems and Execution Environments, Network Architecture - Sensor Network Scenarios, Optimization Goals and Figures of Merit, Gateway Concepts NETWORKING OF SENSORS					9				
III	Physical Layer and Transceiver Design Considerations, MAC Protocols for Wireless Sensor Networks, Low Duty Cycle Protocols And Wakeup Concepts - S-MAC, The Mediation Device Protocol, Wakeup Radio Concepts, Address and Name Management, Assignment of MAC Addresses, Routing Protocols- Energy-Efficient Routing, Geographic Routing.					9				
IV	INFRASTRUCTURE ESTABLISHMENT Topology Control, Clustering, Time Synchronization, Localization and Positioning, Sensor Tasking and Control.				9					
V	SENSOR NETWORK PLATFORMS AND TOOLS Operating Systems for Wireless Sensor Networks, Sensor Node Hardware – Berkeley Motes, Programming Challenges, Node-level software platforms, Node-level Simulators, State-centric programming.					9				
		Total Instructional House	rs		45					





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CO1: Able to define wireless sensor networks for various applications.

CO2: To design multiple architectures to build wireless sensor networks.

Course Outcome

CO3: To Estimate the protocols to ensure proper message transfer between nodes

CO4: To Construct wireless sensor networks in exact positions with proper control over it

CO5: To Choose a proper hardware with software to build sensor network with multiple tools

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1- Holger Karl and Andreas Willig, Protocols And Architectures for Wireless Sensor Networks, John Wiley, 2005.

R2- Feng Zhao and Leonidas J. Guibas, Wireless Sensor Networks - An Information Processing Approach, Elsevier, 2007.

R3-Kazem Sohraby, Daniel Minoli and Taieb Znati, Wireless Sensor Networks-Technology, Protocols, And Applications, John Wiley, 2007

R4- Anna Hac, Wireless Sensor Network Designs, John Wiley, 2003.

R5- Bhaskar Krishnamachari, Networking Wireless Sensors, Cambridge Press, 2005.

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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course I	T		P	C	
M.E-CS	20CMX307	COGNITIVE RADIO NETWORK	0		0	3	
Course Objective Unit	 To enable the enabling tech To enable the software defi To analyze the 	de the fundamentals of Software Defined radio and compare various SDF e student to understand the evolving paradigm of cognitive radio communologies for its implementation. The student to understand the essential functionalities and requirements in countries and their usage for cognitive communication. The various methods of implementing the Cognitive Radio functions by the research challenges in designing a Cognitive Radio Network and the	nication ilesigni e appli	on ar	ons		
I	Definitions and poten and architecture impli architecture, Computa	NED RADIO AND ITS ARCHITECTURE atial benefits, software radio architecture evolution, technology tradeoffs ications. Essential functions of the software radio, basic SDR, hardware ational processing resources, software architecture, top level component opologies among plug and play modules.		9)		
П	Marking radio self-aw in cognitive radios, Cognitive Radio – fu decide and act phases	COGNITIVE RADIOS AND ITS ARCHITECTURE Marking radio self-aware, cognitive techniques – position awareness, environment awareness a cognitive radios, optimization of radio resources, Artificial Intelligence Techniques, lognitive Radio – functions, components and design rules, Cognition cycle – orient, plan, ecide and act phases, Inference Hierarchy, Architecture maps, Building the Cognitive Radio architecture on Software defined Radio Architechture.					
Ш	Overview-Classificati sensing -Energy detection Opportunity Detection Layer Performance	NG AND IDENTIFICATION on-Matched Filter, waveform based sensing - cyclo stationary based ctor based sensing - Radio Identifier - Cooperative Sensing -Spectrum n, Fundamental Trade-offs: Performance versus Constraint, MAC Measures, Global Interference Model, Local Interference Model, ffs: Sensing Accuracy versus Sensing Overhead.		9)		
IV	User Cooperation an Channel, Wireless R	IVE COMMUNICATIONS d Cognitive Systems, Relay Channels: General Three-Node Relay elay Channel, User Cooperation in Wireless Networks: Two-User, Cooperative Wireless Network, Multihop Relay Channel		9)		
V	Types of Cognitive Interference-Controlle Achievable Rates, U	HEORETICAL LIMITS ON CR NETWORKS Behavior, Interference-Avoiding Behavior: Spectrum Interweave, ed Behavior: Spectrum Underlay, Underlay in Small Networks: Underlay in Large Networks: Scaling Laws, Interference-Mitigating Overlay, Opportunistic Interference Cancellation, Asymmetrically e Radio Channels.		9)		
Chair	Hay Jac rman, Board of Studies nairman - Bos ECE - HICET	Total Instructional Hours Dean Academics Dean (Academics) HiCET		4:	5		

- CO1: Appreciate the motivation and the necessity for cognitive radio communication strategies.
- CO2: Demonstrate understanding of the enabling technologies for its implementation

Course Outcome

- CO3: Demonstrate understanding of the essential functionalities and requirements in designing software defined radios and their usage for cognitive communication.
- CO4: Evolve new techniques and demonstrate their feasibility using mathematical validations and simulation tools.
- CO5: Interpret the impact of the evolved solutions in future wireless network design.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- R1- . Alexander M. Wyglinski, Maziar Nekovee, And Y. Thomas Hou, "Cognitive Radio Communications and Networks Principles And Practice", Elsevier Inc. , 2010.
- R2 Kwang-Cheng Chen and Ramjee Prasad, "Cognitive Radio Networks", John Wiley & Sons, Ltd, 2009.
- R3 -. Khattab, Ahmed, Perkins, Dmitri, Bayoumi, Magdy, "Cognitive Radio Networks From Theory to Practice", Springer Series, Analog Circuits and Signal Processing, 2009.
- R4- J. Mitola, "Cognitive Radio: An Integrated Agent Architecture for software defined radio", Doctor of Technology thesis, Royal Inst. Technology, Sweden 2000.
- R5- Simon Haykin, "Cognitive Radio: Brain –empowered wireless communications", IEEE Journal on selected areas in communications, Feb 2005.

R6- Ian F. Akyildiz, Won – Yeol Lee, Mehmet C. Vuran, Shantidev Mohanty, "Next generation / dynamic spectrum access / cognitive radio wireless networks: A Survey Elsevier Computer Networks", May 2006.

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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L ?	Т	P	C	
ME	20CMX308	Micro-Electro Mechanical Systems	3 (0	0	3	
Course Objective	2. 3. 4.	To introduce students with concepts of MEMS production. To study about mechanics for MEMS design. To Study about the electro static design and system issues for the understand the MEMS applications. To understand the concepts of RF MEMS and optical MEMS	r MEl			and	
Unit		Description					
I	MEMS and Mic Micro actuation	DUCTION TO MEMS rosystems, Miniaturization, Typical products, Micro sensors, MEMS with micro actuators, Micro-accelerometers and MEMS materials, Micro fabrication			9		
II	Elasticity, Stress Spring config	IANICS FOR MEMS DESIGN is, strain and material properties, Bending of thin plates, urations, torsional deflection, Mechanical vibration rmo mechanics – actuators, force and response time, Fracture echanics	,		9		
III	UNIT III ELECT Electrostatics: bat finger pull up, Emotors, inch	CTRO STATIC DESIGN AND SYSTEM ISSUES asic theory, electro static instability. Surface tension, gap and electro static actuators, Comb generators, gap closers, rotary worms, Electromagnetic actuators. Bi-stable actuators aces, Feedback systems, Noise, Circuit and system issues	7		9		
IV	Case studies -	S APPLICATION Capacitive accelerometer, Peizo electric pressure sensor opplication, Modeling of MEMS systems, CAD for MEMS.	,		9		
V	Optical MEMS, resolution. Case Digital Micro r	DDUCTION TO OPTICAL AND RF MEMS - System design basics – Gaussian optics, matrix operations e studies, MEMS scanners and retinal scanning display nirror devices. RF Memes – design basics, case study – MEMS switch, performance issues	,		9		
		Total Instructional Hours	;		45		
Course Outcome	After completion of the course the learner will be able to CO1: Able to demonstrate an understanding of the different aspects of micro-system design. CO2: Familiar with Mechanical and the Electrostatic design aspects CO3: Familiar with the different applications and their design basics CO4: In a position to identify a suitable MEMS structure, material and fabrication procedure based on the application and functionality.						







- R1 Stephen Santeria, "Microsystems Design", Kluwer publishers, 2000.
- R2 N.P.Mahalik, "MEMS", Tata McGraw hill, 2007
- R3 Nadim Maluf, "An introduction to Micro electro mechanical system design", Artech House, 2000
- R4 Mohamed Gad-el-Hak, "The MEMS Handbook", CRC press Baco Raton, 2000.
- R5 Tai Ran Hsu, "MEMS & Micro systems Design and Manufacture", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2002.







Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ME	20CMX309	High Speed Switching and Network	3	0	0	3
Course Objective	1. 2. 3. 4.	networks and IP networks To understand the different queuing strategies and their imparperformances. To understand the concepts of various packet switching architectures				
	5.	To exploit and integrate the best features of different architectures for h	iigh s	peed s	switch	ing.
Unit		Description			ructio Hours	nal
	UNIT I LAN SWI	TCHING TECHNOLOGY				
I	Switching Concepts, LAN Switching, switch forwarding techniques - cut through and store and forward, Layer 3 switching, Loop Resolution, Switch Flow control, virtual LANs					
II	UNIT II QUEUES	S IN HIGH SPEED SWITCHES				
		-Input, output and shared queueing, multiple queueing networks – atput and shared queueing - performance analysis of Queued switches			9	
	UNIT III PACKE	T SWITCHING ARCHITECTURES				
III		ternet Switches and Routers- Bufferless and buffered Crossbar switches, ing, Optical Packet switching; Switching fabric on a chip; Internally			9	
	UNIT IV. OPTIC	AL SWITCHING ARCHITECTURES				
IV		ered Architecture-, Layers and Sub-layers, Spectrum partitioning, Optical etwork Access Stations, Overlay Processor, Logical network overlays, ement and Control			9	
	UNIT V IP SWIT	CHING				
V		IP Switching types - flow driven and topology driven solutions, IP Over next hop resolution, multicasting, Ipv6 over ATM.			9	
		Total Instructional Hou	irs			
					45	
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- CO1: Familiar with the basics of switching technologies and their implementation in LANs, ATM, IP and Optical networks.
- CO2: Familiar with the different switching architectures and queuing strategies
- CO3: Able to analyze switching networks based on their blocking performances and implementation complexities.

Course Outcome

Reference Books:

- R1-AchillePattavina, "Switching Theory: Architectures and performance in Broadband ATM networks ",John Wiley & Sons Ltd, New York. 1998
 - R2-Thomas E. Stern, Georgios Ellinas, Krishna Bala, "Multiwavelength Optical Networks Architecture, Design and control", Cambridge University Press, 2nd Edition, 2009.
 - R3- Rich Siefert, Jim Edwards, "The All New Switch Book The Complete Guide to LAN Switching Technology", Wiley Publishing, Inc., 2nd Edition, 2008.
 - R4-Elhanany M. Hamdi, "High Performance Packet Switching architectures", Springer Publications, 2007.
 - R5-Christopher Y Metz, "Switching protocols & Architectures", McGraw Hill Professional Publishing, New York, 1998.
 - R6-Rainer Handel, Manfred N Huber, Stefan Schroder, "ATM Networks Concepts Protocols, Applications", Addison Wesley, New York, 3rd Edition, 1999







Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ME	20CMX310	SATELLITE COMMUNICATIONS AND NAVIGATION SYSTEMS	3	0	0	3
	The student sho	ould be able to				
Course Objective						
Unit		Description		Instru al H		
I	Satellite Systems, Orbita Satellite in a GSO, An	ELLITE COMMUNICATION al description and Orbital mechanics of LEO, MEO and GSO, Placement of tennas and earth coverage, Altitude and eclipses, Satellite drift and state ription of different Communication subsystems, Bandwidth allocation.		ģ)	
II	Introduction; attitude an communication subsyst	SEGMENT AND ACCESS and orbit control system; telemetry, tracking and command; power systems, antenna subsystem, equipment reliability and space qualification assigned FDMA - spade system - TDMA - satellite switched TDMA	ion,	9)	
	SATELLITE LINK DI	ESIGN terference analysis, Rain induced attenuation and interference, Ionospho	eric			

characteristics, Link Design: System noise temperature and G/T ratio, Downlink and uplink design,

C/N, Link Design with and without frequency reuse, link margins, Error control for digital satellite

VSAT Network for Voice and Data - TDM/TDMA, SCPC/DAMA, Elements of VSAT Network,

Mobile and Personal Communication Services, Satellite based Internet Systems, Multimedia

Radio and Satellite Navigation, GPS Position Location Principles of GPS Receivers and Codes,

Satellite Signal Acquisition, GPS Receiver Operation and Differential GPS, INS, Indian Remote

SATELLITE BASED BROADBAND COMMUNICATION

SATELLITE NAVIGATION AND GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEM

Broadband Satellite Systems, UAVs.

Sensing and ISRO GPS Systems.

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Total Instructional Hours

9

9

9

45

Course Outcome

CO1: Demonstrate an understanding of the basic principles of satellite based communication the essential elements involved and the transmission methodologies.

CO2: Familiarize with satellite orbits, placement and control, satellite link design and the communication system components.

CO3: Demonstrate an understanding of the different interferences and attenuation mechanisms affecting the satellite link design.

CO4: Demonstrate an understanding of the different communication, sensing and navigational applications of satellite.

CO5: Familiarize with the implementation aspects of existing satellite based systems.

- R1 Wilbur L. Pritchard, Hendri G. Suyderhoud and Robert A. Nelson, "Satellite Communication Systems Engineering", Prentice Hall/Pearson, 2007.
- R2 Timothy Pratt and Charles W.Bostain, "Satellite Communications", John Wiley and Sons, 2nd Edition, 2012.
- R3 D.Roddy, "Satellite Communication", McGraw Hill, 4th Edition (Reprint), 2009.
- R4 Tri T Ha, "Digital Satellite Communication", McGraw Hill, 2nd Edition, 1990.
- R5 B.N.Agarwal, "Design of Geosynchronous Spacecraft", Prentice Hall, 1993.
- R6 Brian Ackroyd, "World Satellite Communication and Earth Station Design", BSP Professional Books, 1990.







Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ME	20CMX311	MASSIVE MIMO AND mmWAVE SYSTEMS	3	0	0	3
Course Objective	 To understand the principles and challenges involved in the design of Massive MIMO s To understand the propagation aspects of Millimeter wave signals and the fundamentals wave devices and circuits. To understand the various components of Millimeter wave MIMO systems. 					eter
Unit		Description			ructio Iours	
I	hardening in large	rinciples, characteristics and transmission/detection techniques; Chann dimensions,- Channel Models – Effect of spatial correlation – Chann contamination in massive MIMO – Implementation challenges ar	el		9	
II	PRECODING IN 1 SVD precoding, P precoding, Non-lin- precoding.	LARGE MIMO SYSTEMS recoding in a multiuser MIMO downlink –Linear precoding- Line ear precoding, Precoding in large multiuser MISO systems, Multice			9	
III	wave propagation for	AGATION aracteristics- millimeter wave wireless, implementation challenges, Rador mm wave: Large scale propagation channel effects, small scale channel Indoor channel models, Emerging applications of millimeter wave	el		9	
IV	Modulations for n Millimeter wave lin	MUNICATION SYSTEMS millimeter wave communications: OOK, PSK, FSK, QAM, OFDM ak budget, Transceiver architecture, Transceiver without mixer, Receive millimeter wave calibration, production and manufacture, Millimeter wave ns.	er		9	
V	Multiple Transceive systems, Spatial, modulation allocati	SYSTEMS ommunications, Spatial diversity of Antenna Arrays, Multiple Antenna ers, Noise coupling in MIMO system, Potential benefits for mm way Temporal and Frequency diversity, Dynamic spatial, frequency aron, Beamforming for MmWave communications: Analog beamforming and hybrid Beamforming.	ve nd		9	
		Total Instructional House	rs		45	
Course Outcome	CO1: Ability to ap CO2: Understand CO3: Ability to cl CO4: Ability to es	(attan 8	cific syste	ems.	S	

- R1- Chockalingam and B. Sundar Rajan, "Large MIMO Systems", Cambridge University Press, 2014.
- R2- Ezio Biglieri, Robert Calderbank, Anthony Constantinides, Andrea Goldsmith, Arogyaswami Paulraj, Vincent Poor, "MIMO Wireless Communications", Cambridge University Press, 2006.
- R3- I. Robertson, N. Somjit and M. Chongcheawchamnan, "Microwave and Millimetre-Wave Design for Wireless Communications", 2016.
- R4- T.S. Rappaport, R.W. Heath Jr., R.C. Daniels and J.N. Murdock, "Millimeter Wave Wireless Communications: Systems and Circuits", 2015.
- R5- K.C. Huang, Z. Wang, "Millimeter Wave Communication Systems", Wiley-IEEE Press, 2011.







ME	20CMX312R	Machine Lea	arning	3	0	0	3
Course Objective	 To explore the va To learn the role To learn different 	of probabilistic methods for made	thes in Linear models for Classific chine learning ction techniques and evolutionary		s.		
Unit		Description			Instr H	ructio Iours	
I	Algorithms - Overfittin	-Supervised Learning Algor	rithms - Unsupervised Learn parameters and Validation Se Learning Algorithm			9	
II	•		kwards-Back Propagation of E ion Network – Interpolations			9	
III	Probabilistic Learning	- Decision Trees - Classif	Fication and Regression Treeds – Support Vector Machine of Organizing Feature Map			9	
IV	Dimensionality Reduct Analysis – Factor An	alysis – Independent Com algorithms – Generating (UTIONARY MODELS Analysis – Principal Compor ponent Analysis – Evolution Offspring: Genetic Operators	nary		9	
V	Descriptive Analysis-	ections -Data Preprocessing-I	Data Analysis and Data Analytedictive Analytics -Prescript for data analysis.			9	
			Total Instructional Ho	ours		45	
Chairman, Boar Chairma ECE - 1	d of Studies	en mic coope	Dean (Academics HiCET	ics)			

Name of the Course

L T P C

Programme Course Code

CO1: Have a good understanding of the fundamental issues and challenges of machine learning: data, model selection, model complexity, etc.

CO2: Analyze the strengths and weaknesses of various Linear models for Classification

Course Outcome

CO3: Appreciate the underlying mathematical relationships within and across Machine Learning algorithms and the paradigms of supervised and un-supervised learning.

CO4: Analyze the importance of dimensionality reduction and evolutionary learning approaches and apply for appropriate problems.

CO5: Apply quantitative modeling and data analysis techniques to the solution of real world business problems, communicate findings, and effectively present results using data visualization techniques.

TEXT BOOKS:

- R1. Stephen Marsland, "Machine Learning An Algorithmic Perspective", Second Edition, Chapman and Hall/CRC Machine Learning and Pattern Recognition Series, 2014.
- R2. Christopher Bishop, "Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning", Springer-Verlag, New York, 2013
- R3. Chirag Shah, A Hands-on Introduction to Data Science, Cambridge University Press, UK, 2020
- R4. Tom M Mitchell, "Machine Learning", First Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2013.
- R5. Peter Flach, "Machine Learning: The Art and Science of Algorithms that Make Sense of Data", First Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2012.
- R6. Ethem Alpaydin, "Introduction to Machine Learning 3e (Adaptive Computation and Machine Learning Series)", Third Edition, MIT Press, 2014

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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course L	L T		C	
ME	20CMX313	Communication Protocol for IOT 3	0	0	3	
Course Objective	2. 3. , 4. ,	To learn the fundamentals IoT To understand the design principles of IoT To compare and analyze different standards for IoT To give exposure to M2M Architecture and Light weight protoc To design and Implement IoT applications	cols			
Unit	Description			tructio Hours		
I		Internet of things overview, Design principles for connected ag for connected devices, Internet Principles.		9		
П	6LOWPAN AND RPL : 6LoWPAN and RPL Standardization Adaptation Layer RPL Downward Routes, Multicast Membership, Packet Routing			9		
III		ENERGY 2.0 : REST Overview, ZigBee SEP 2.0 Overview, evice Types, ZigBee SE 2.0 Security		9		
IV	Architecture, ETSI	HITECTURE: Introduction to ETSI TC M2M, System M2M Interactions Overview, Security in the ETSI M2M rking with Machine Area Networks		9		
V		T: Constrained application protocol overview, RFC 7252, eloping Projects, connecting to server, Controlling Output		9		
		Total Instructional Hours		45		
Course Outcome	CO1: St CO2: Al CO3: Uı CO4: Ex	n of the course the learner will be able to udy the introduction of IoT. bility to understand the concepts of 6LOWPAN and RPL inderstand the working of various Zigbee function and security. In the security is also the security in the security is always to the security in the security in the security is always always always in the security in the security is always in the security in the security is always in the security in the security in the security is always in the security in the security in the security is always in the security in the security in the security in the security is always in the security in the security in the security is always in the security in the security in the security is always in the security in the security in the security is always in the security in the security in the security is always in the security in the security in the security is always in the security in the security in the security is always in the security in the security in the security is always in the security in the security in the security is always in the security in the security in the security is always in the security in the security in the security is always in the security in the security in the security is always in the security in the security in the security is always in the security in the security in the security is always in the security in the security in the security is always in the security in the security in the security is always in the security in the security in the security is always in the security in the security in the security is always in the security in the securi				

- R1 Adrian McEwen, Hakim Cassimally | Designing the Internet of Things | John Wiley and Sons, Ltd., 2014.
- R2 Olivier Hersent, David Boswarthick, Omar Elloumi —The Internet of Things: Key Applications and Protocolsl, 2nd Edition John Wiley & Sons Ltd 2012
- R3 Peter Waher —Learning Internet of Things 2015 Packt Publishing.







Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ME	20CMX314	Speech Signal Processing	3	0	0	3
	The student should be	able to				
Course Objective	CO2: Apply auditory to CO3: Estimate LPC pa CO4: Illustrate Speech	arameters and Feature extraction of of speech signal				
Unit	Description				ructio Iours	
I	Mechanism - Physiol signal - Acoustic Pho time modeling of Spec Categorization of Spec articulatory model - An	n processing and application - Voice production ogical and Mathematical Model - Nature of Speech netics - Acoustics of speech production - Discrete ech production - Representation of Speech signals - eech Sounds based on the source-system and the rticulatory features.	1 2 -		9	
п	Discrete time speech speech recognition, C Spectral estimation of modeling of speech Homomorphic speech application of cepstral	signals, Fast Fourier transform and Z-transform for Convolution - Linear and Non linear filter banks speech using the Discrete Fourier transform. Pole-zer and linear prediction (LP) analysis of speech signal de convolution, real and complex cepstrum analysis to speech signals VE ANALYSIS AND FEATURE EXTRACTION	ro h. n,		9	
III	OF SPEECH Formulation of Linear - Auto Correlation of equations - Cholesky recognition methods of Feature Extraction -	Prediction problem in Time Domain – Basic Principle method – Covariance method – Solution of LPG Method – Durbin's Recursive algorithm – patter for Pitch detection – Vocoders: CELP - VELP - MFCC, LPCC - Speech distortion measure peptual – Log–Spectral Distance, Cepstral Distances,	le C rn		9	
IV	hidden Markov mode	esis: Concatenative and waveform synthesis methods l-based TTS, context dependent sub-word units for ad naturalness – role of prosody, Applications an	or		9	

APPLICATION OF SPEECH & AUDIO SIGNAL PROCESSING

Spectral Estimation – Spectral enhancement algorithm, dynamic time warping – Music analysis – Pitch Detection –Feature Extraction for ASR - Auditory models – Speaker identification and verification – Voice response system – voice over IP.

Total Instructional Hours 45

9

After completion of the course the learner will be able to

CO1: Describe the fundamentals of speech and Model speech production. CO2: Estimate the different parameters and analysis in speech signal.

Outcome CO3: Implement linear predictive analysis and extract features of speech signal.

CO4: Build speech synthesis systems.

CO5: Choose an appropriate algorithm in speech model for a given application.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

Course

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- R1 Lawrence Rabiner and Biing-Hwang Juang, "Fundamentals of Speech Recognition", Pearson Education, 2003.
- R2 Thomas F Quatieri, "Discrete-Time Speech Signal Processing Principles and Practice", Pearson 2012
- R3 B. Gold and N. Morgan, "Speech and Audio Signal Processing: Processing and perception of speech and music", Wiley, Second edition, 2011
- R4 L. R. Rabiner and Schaffer, "Digital Processing of Speech signals Pearson Education", 2004
- R5 Heiga Zen, Keiichi Tokuda, Alan W. Black, "Statistical Parametric Speech Synthesis", Speech Communication, Vol. 51, Issue 11, Nov. 2009, pp. 1039 1064.

R6 - J.L.Flanagan, "Speech analysis: Synthesis and Perception", 2nd edition, Berlin, 1972.

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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course L	T	P	C
BE	20CMX315	MULTIMEDIA COMPRESSION 3	0	0	3
Course Objective	 To develo approaches To introdu application To understarecent compared to the compared	be the significance of data compression and the idea of various Huffman composed per the knowledge of generating tags, deciphering the tag in Argand the application of static and dynamic dictionary approaches. See the concept of Audio compression and various audio compression is and the need, concept of 2D and 3D compression and to develop the knowledge pression standards and techniques. See the concept of Video compression and various Video compression is	rithmet standar wledge standar	rds an of var	d its
Unit		Description		truction Hours	
I	Modeling and Codi	CTION iques - Overview of information theory - lossless and lossy coding- ng - Taxonomy of compression techniques - Rate distortion theory - Non-Binary Huffman codes - adaptive Huffman coding - Application of		9	
п	UNIT II ARITHM Introduction- coding - Uniqueness of a Huffman and arithm LZW approach - A MH, MR, MMR and	ETIC CODING AND DICTIONARY TECHNIQUES g a sequence – generating deciphering the tag – Generating a binary code rithmetic code – Algorithm, integer implementation – comparison of etic coding – Applications - Static and Adaptive dictionary – LZ77, LZ78, pplications - Facsimile encoding – run length coding – comparison of JBIG. Scalar and Vector Quantization		9	
III	application to speed	techniques - frequency domain and filtering - basic sub-band coding - h coding - G.722 - application to audio coding - MPEG audio - silence compression techniques –Vocoders.		9	
IV		COMPRESION es - DPCM, DM - KL transform – discrete cosine, Walsh- Hadamard Vavelet based compression: quad-trees, EZW, SPIHT, JPEG-2000		9	
V		OMPRESSION entation – Motion compensation – MPEG standards - Motion estimation amily of standards - Motion video compression.		9	
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CO1: Able to differentiate different coding techniques.

CO2: Able to understand different arithmetic coding techniques. CO3: Able to illustrate different audio compression standards

Course CO4: Able to illustrate different Image compression standards
Outcome CO5: Able to differentiate different video compression standards

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R2.-Salomon D, —Data Compression The Complete Referencel, Springer, 2007.

R3- Salomon D, —A Guide to Data Compression Methodsl, Springer, 2002.

R4-Jan Vozer, —Video Compression for Multimedial, AP Press, New York, 1995.

R5-Alistar Moffat, —Compression and Coding Algorithms , Kluwer Academic Publishers, 2002.

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Programme	Course Code	e Code Name of the Course		T	P	C
ME	20CMX316	WAVELETS AND SUBBAND CODING	3	0	0	3
Course Objective		 1.To study the analysis of various transform 2.To learn the fundamentals of Continuous Wavelet Transforms 3.To learn the fundamentals of Discrete Wavelet Transforms 4.To understand the concepts of various advanced wavelet techniques 5.To design applications based on wavelets 				
Unit	NTDODUCT	Description		Instr H	uctio Iours	

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
I	INTRODUCTION Signal spaces - concept of Convergence - Hilbert spaces for energy signals. Fourier basis & Fourier Transform - Limitations of standard Fourier analysis - Need for Time-Frequency Analysis, Spectrogram plot - Windowed Fourier transform Tiling of the Time-Frequency Plane for STFT - Heisenberg"s Uncertainty principle - Short time Fourier transform (STFT) Analysis- short comings of STFT- Need for Wavelets.	9
П	CONTINUOUS WAVELET TRANSFORMS (CWT) Introduction, Continuous Time wavelets, Definition of CWT, The CWT as a correlation, Constant Q-Factor Filtering Interpolation and time frequency resolution, the CWT as an operator, inverse CWT.	9
III	DISCRETE WAVELET TRANSFORM (DWT) AND MRA Introduction, Approximation of vectors in nested linear vector spaces, example of an MRA-Bases for the approximations subspaces and Haar scaling function, Bases for detail subspaces and Haar wavelet, Formal definition of an MRA, Construction of a general orthonormal MRA, A wavelet basis for MRA, Interpreting orthonormal MRAs for Discrete time signals, Daubechies Wavelets, Relationship between Filter banks and wavelet basis, Important wavelets: Haar, Mexican hat, Meyer, Shannon, Daubechies ADVANCED TOPICS	9
IV	Wavelet packets, Non - separable multidimensional wavelets, Bi-orthogonal basis-B-Splines, Lifting scheme of wavelet generation, Multiwavelets, Ridgelets, Curvelets. APPLICATIONS OF WAVELETS	9
V	Signal Denoising - Sub-band coding of Speech and music—Image Compression using 2-D DWT- JPEG 2000 standard - Fractal Signal Analysis.	9
	Total Instructional Hours	45
Course Outcome	After completion of the course the learner will be able to CO1: Interpret analysis on various transform. CO2: Understand fundamentals of Continuous Wavelet Transforms CO3: Understand the fundamentals of Discrete Wavelet Transforms CO4: Explain concepts of various advanced wavelet techniques CO5: design applications based on wavelets	

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- R1 Soman K P and Ramachandran K I, "Insight into Wavelets from Theory to Practice", Prentice Hall India, 2010
 - R2 Jaideva C Goswami and Andrew K Chan, "Fundamentals of Wavelets Theory, Algorithms and Applications", John Wiley and Sons, Inc., Singapore, 1999.
 - R3 Fliege. N J, "Multirate Digital Signal Processing", John Wiley and Sons, Newyork, 1994.
 - R4 Wornell G W, "Signal Processing with Fractals: A Wavelet based Approach", Prentice Hall, 1995.
 - R5 Vetterli M and Kovacevic J, "Wavelets and Subband Coding," Prentice Hall, 1995.







	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ME	20CMX317	DEEP LEARNING	3	0	0	3

1. Introduce to the basic concepts of neural networks.

Course Objective

- 2. Identify and analyze the various types of neural networks and models of neuron and apply accordingly.
- 3. Introduce the concept of deep learning and its types.
- 4. Explore the concepts of applications of deep learning.

Unit	Description NUMBER OF MICHAEL AND TO SERVICE AND ADMINISTRATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	Instructional Hours
I	INTRODUCTION TO NEURAL NETWORKS Characteristics of Neural Networks, Historical Development of Neural Networks Principles, Artificial Neural Networks: Terminology, Models of Neuron, Topology, Basic Learning Laws, Pattern Recognition Problem, Basic Functional Units, Pattern Recognition Tasks by the Functional Units. Introduction, Analysis of pattern Association Networks, Analysis of Pattern Classification Networks, Analysis of pattern storage Networks. Analysis of Pattern Mapping Networks.	9
II	FEEDBACK NEURAL NETWORKS Introduction, Analysis of Linear Auto associative FF Networks, Analysis of Pattern Storage Networks. Competitive Learning Neural Networks & Complex pattern Recognition Introduction, Analysis of Pattern Clustering Networks, Analysis of Feature Mapping Networks, Associative Memory.	9
III	FUNDAMENTALS OF DEEP LEARNING Defining Deep Learning, Common architectural principles of Deep Networks, Building Blocks of Deep Networks, and Major architectures of Deep Networks: Unsupervised Pretrained Networks, Convolution Neural Networks (CNNs), Recurrent Neural Networks.	9
	CONVOLUTION NEURAL NETWORKS	
IV	The convolution operation, motivation, pooling, Convolution and Pooling as an Infinitely Strong Prior, Applications of deep learning: Large scale deep learning, Computer vision, Speech Recognition, Natural Processing, other applications.	9
V	SEQUENTIAL MODELLING Recurrent neural networks: Recursive neural networks, The long short –term Memory, explicit memory, Auto encoders: Under complete, regularised, Stochastic Encoders and Decoders, Denoising Auto encoders	9
	Total Instructional Hours	45
	After completion of the course the learner will be able to	
Course Outcome	CO1:Analyze and apply the basic the concepts of neural networks CO2:Analyze various types of neural networks and use various activation function complex problems. CO3:Relate the concept of deep learning and its architecture. CO4:Design and carry out empirical analysis for various types of applications of	

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systems.

- R1. Neural Networks by Simon Haykin PHI
- R2. Deep learning (Adaptive computation & Machine learning) by Ian Good Fellow, Yoshua Bengio, Aran Courville.
- R3.Fundamentals of Neural Networks: Architectures, Algorithms and Applications, by Fausett..







D.		N. A.I. G		/ID		•	
Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	Т	P	С	
ME	20CMX318	Spread Spectrum Communications	3	0	0	3	
Course Objective	generation. 2. Understand the princi in CDMA 3. Understand various C signals 4. Understand the proceed 5. Study the performance	pt of Spread Spectrum and study various types of Spread spectrum sples of Code Division Multiple Access (CDMA) and use of Spread spectrum tracking loops for optimum tracking of wideband signals viz spreadure for synchronization of receiver for receiving the Spread spectrum to the of spread spectrum systems in Jamming environment, systems with reference of CDMA cellular radio.	specti ead sp	rum c pectru gnal.	conce _s	pt	
Unit		Description		Instr H	uctio Iours		
Ι	Introduction to Spread Spectrum Systems: Fundamental Concepts of Spread Spectrum Systems, Pseudo Noise Sequences, Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum, Frequency Hop Spread Spectrum, Hybrid Direct Sequence Frequency Hop Spread Spectrum, Code Division Multiple Access. Binary Shift Register Sequences for Spread Spectrum Systems Introduction, Definitions, Mathematical Background and Sequence Generator Fundamentals, Maximal Length Sequences, Gold Codes.				d e 1,		
II	Code Tracking Loops: Introduction, Optimum Tracking of Wideband Signals, Base Band II Delay-Lock Tracking Loop, Tau-Dither Non-Coherent Tracking Loop, Double Dither Non-Coherent Tracking Loop.				9		
III	Initial Synchronization of the Receiver Spreading Code: Introduction, Problem Definition and the Optimum Synchronizer, Serial Search Synchronization Techniques, Synchronization using a Matched Filter, Synchronization by Estimated the Received Spreading Code.						
IV	Mobile Channel, The Ce CDMA System Capacit User Detection, Linear Interference Cancellation		el, ti- es,		9		
V	Communication System	Spectrum Systems in Jamming Environments Spread Spectrum Model, Performance of Spread Spectrum Systems without Codin Spectrum Systems with Forward Error Correction Florentery Pleasures and Spectrum Systems with Forward Error Correction Florentery Pleasures and Spectrum Systems with Forward Error Correction Florentery Pleasures and Spectrum Systems with Forward Error Correction Florentery Pleasures and Spectrum Systems with Forward Error Correction Florentery Pleasures and Spectrum Systems with Forward Error Correction Florentery Pleasures and Spectrum Systems with Forward Error Correction Florentery Pleasures and Spectrum Systems with Forward Error Correction Florentery Pleasures and Spectrum Systems without Codin Spectrum Systems with Spectrum Systems w	ıg.		0		



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Convolution Coding Concepts, Viterbi Algorithm, Decoding and Bit-Error Rate.

Performance of Spread Spectrum Systems with Forward Error Correction Elementary Block

Coding Concepts, Optimum Decoding Rule, Calculation of Error Probability, Elementary

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Total Instructional Hours

9

45

CO1: Ability to understand the concept of Spread Spectrum and study various types of Spread spectrum sequences and their generation.

CO2: Ability to understand the principles of Code Division Multiple Access (CDMA) and use of Spread spectrum concept in CDMA

Course Outcome

CO3:Ability to understand various Code tracing loops for optimum tracking of wideband signals viz spread spectrum signals

CO4: Ability to understand the procedure for synchronization of receiver for receiving the Spread spectrum signal.

CO5:Study the performance of spread spectrum systems in Jamming environment, systems with Forward Error Correction and Multiuser detection in CDMA cellular radio.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1-Rodger E Ziemer, Roger L. Peterson and David E Borth - "Introduction to Spread Spectrum Communication-Pearson, 1st Edition, 1995.

R2-Mosa Ali Abu-Rgheff – "Introduction to CDMA Wireless Communications." Elsevier Publications, 2008

R3-George R. Cooper, Clare D. Mc Gillem - "Modern Communication and Spread Spectrum," McGraw Hill, 1986. R4-Andrew j. Viterbi - "CDMA: Principles of spread spectrum communication," Pearson Education, 1st Edition, 1995.

R5-Kamilo Feher - "Wireless Digital Communications," PHI, 2009. 4. Andrew Richardson - "WCDMA Design Handbook," Cambridge University Press, 2005. 5. Steve Lee - Spread Spectrum CDMA, McGraw Hill, 2002.







Programme	Course Code	Code Name of the Course		T	P	C		
ME	20CMX319 Block Chain And Its Applications		3	0	0	3		
Course Objective	2.To Explor 3. To Learn	tand the need for Blockchain re the major components of Blockchain about Hyperledger Fabric model and its Architecture fy the use cases for a Blockchain application						
Unit	Description							
I	Introduction to Blockchain: Digital Money to Distributed Ledgers, Design Primitives: Protocols, Security, Consensus, Permissions, Privacy. Blockchain Architecture and Design: Basic crypto primitives: Hash, Signature,) Hashchain to Blockchain, Basic consensus mechanisms				: ₀			
II	Consensus: Requirements for the consensus protocols, Proof of Work (PoW), Scalability aspects of Blockchain consensus protocols Permissioned Blockchains:Design goals, Consensus protocols for Permissioned Blockchains							
III	Hyperledger Fabric (A): Decomposing the consensus process , Hyperledger fabric components, Chaincode Design and Implementation Hyperledger Fabric (B): Beyond Chaincode: fabric SDK and Front End (b) Hyperledger composer tool							
IV	Use case 1 : Blockchain in Financial Software and Systems (FSS): (i) Settlements, (ii) KYC, (iii) Capital markets, (iv) Insurance Use case 2: Blockchain in trade/supply chain: (i) Provenance of goods, visibility, trade/supply chain finance, invoice management discounting, etc				9			
V	Use case 3: Blockchain for Government: (i) Digital identity, land records and other kinds of record keeping between government entities, (ii) public distribution system social welfare systems Blockchain Cryptography, Privacy and Security on Blockchain				9			
	Total Instructional Hours							
Course Outcome	CO1: Abi CO2: Abi CO3: Abi	((是(中国中部)))	tem	ics)				

- R1- 1. Mastering Bitcoin: Unlocking Digital Cryptocurrencies, by Andreas Antonopoulos, ISBN: 978-1-449-37404-4,2014
- R2- Blockchain by Melanie Swa, O'Reilly , Publisher(s): O'Reilly Media, ,2015,ISBN:9781491920480
- R3-Zero to Blockchain An IBM Redbooks course, by Bob Dill, David Smits.

https://www.redbooks.ibm.com/Redbooks.nsf/RedbookAbstracts/crse0401.html

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STANC COURCE

Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course L				C
ME	20CMX320 5G Technology		3	0	0	3
Course Objective	 To introduce students with concepts, design issues in 5G networks. To study about architectures and protocols and the state-of-the-art developmentation wireless network technologies. To Study various Multiple Access techniques for wireless channels. To understand the relevance of MIMO techniques. To analyze different types of cooperative communications. 					next
Unit		Description		Instructional Hours		
I		nents and scenarios, Channel model requirements and Measurementios, METIS channel models, Map-based model, stochastic model			9	
II	MULTI-CARRIER WAVEFORMS FOR 5G Filter-bank based multi-carrier (FBMC)- Principles, Transceiver block diagram, Frame structure, Resource structure, allocation, mapping. Universal filtered multi carrier (UFMC)-Principles, Transceiver structure, Frame and Resource structure, allocation, mapping. Generalized frequency division multicarrier (GFDM) – Principles, Transceiver Block diagram, Frame structure, Resource structure, allocation, mapping, MIMO-GFDM.					
III	MULTIPLE ACCESS TECHNIQUES IN 5G Challenges in OFDM- NOMA – Principle- Superposition Coding, Successive Interference Cancellation, Power Domain NOMA, Sparse Code NOMA- types, Power Domain Sparse Code NOMA, Cooperative NOMA- Benefits and Challenges.					
IV		esign and channel estimation- uplink data transmission and downlink da gle cell systems and multi cell systems – capacity analysis.	ıta		9	
V	COOPERATIVE COMMUNICATION Machine Type Communication (MTC), Device to Device Communication (D2D), 5G Narrowband IoT, Cloud Computing architecture and Protocols, Relaying: Cooperative NOMA- Benefits and Challenges, Half duplex relaying, Full duplex relaying, Amplify and forward relaying, Decode and forward relaying with PLNC, BER Analysis, Capacity Analysis.					
		Total Instructional Hou	rs		45	
Course Outcome	CO2: Ab CO3: Ab CO4: Ab Massive CO5: Ab	le to analyze different types of cooperative communications.	ll and			ns.
	Chairman, Board o	Dean (Aca	dem	ics)		

R1-AfifOsseiran, Jose.F.Monserrat and Patrick Marsch, "5G Mobile and Wireless Communications Technology", Cambridge University Press, 2016.

R2-Robert W. Heath Jr., Nuria González-Prelcic, SundeepRangan, WonilRoh, and Akbar M. Sayeed, "An Overview of Signal Processing Techniques for Millimeter Wave MIMO Systems", IEEE Journal of Selected Topics in Signal Processing, Vol. 10, No. 3, April 2016

R3-MinChulJu and Il-Min Kim, "Error Performance Analysis of BPSK Modulation in Physical- Layer Network-Coded Bidirectional Relay Networks", IEEE Transactions on Communications, Vol. 58, No. 10, October 2010.

R4-Shengli Zhang, Soung-Chang Liew, Patrick P.Lam, "Physical Layer Network Coding", Mobicom _06, Proceeding of the 12th International Conference on Mobile Computing and Networking, pp.358-365, Los Angeles, CA, USA, Sep.23-29,2006

R5-Thomas L. Marzetta, Erik G. Larsson, Hong Yang, HienQuoc Ngo, "Fundamentals of Massive MIMO", Cambridge University Press, 1 st Edition, 2016.

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Programme	Course Code Name of the Course L		L	T	P	C	
ME	20CM34XX	Green Communication	3	0	0	3	
Course Objective	1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	To study about fundamentals of green radio networks. To impart the importance of reducing energy consumption. To learn about CO2 emissions and inculcate green concepts for energy efficient to study about the power management technique. To understand the concept of designing next generation wireless networks.		t appr	oach	es.	
Unit		Description		Instr H	uctio ours	nal	
I	capacity formula for Energy Harv	adeoffs on the Design of Green Radio Networks: Insight from Shannon' - impact of practical constraints - latest research and directions; Algorithm esting Wireless Networks: Energy harvesting technologies - PHY and MAG in for energy harvesting wireless networks.	ıs		9		
II	Modulation: Gre	PLATION AND CODING en modulation and coding schemes in energy constrained wireless networks tion of uncoded scheme - energy consumption analysis of LT coded	-		9		
III	CO-OPERATIVE TECHNIQUES Co-operative Techniques for Energy Efficient Wireless Communications: Energy efficiency metrics for wireless networks – co-operative networks - optimizing the energy efficiency performance of co-operative networks - energy efficiency in co-operative base stations. BASE STATION POWER MANAGEMENT TECHNIQUES						
IV	spectrum and lo	ower Management Techniques for Green Radio Networks: Opportunistical management for green radio networks - energy saving techniques is base stations - power management for base stations in a smart grief	n		9		
V	Cross Layer Des	ign: Adaptive packet scheduling for green radio networks - energy efficient perative cellular wireless networks - energy performance in TDD CDMA release resource allocation for green communication in relay bases.	A		9		
		Total Instructional Hour	`S		45		
Course Outcome	C C C	Dean Academics	s emic	cs)			







R1-Ekram Hossain, Vijay K. Bhargava and Gerhard P. Fettweis, "Green RadioCommunication Networks", Cambridge University Press, 2012.

R2-F. Richard Yu, Yu, Zhang and Victor C. M. Leung "Green Communications and Networking", CRC press, 2012.

R3-Mohammad S. Obaidat, Alagan Anpalagan and Isaac Woungang, "Handbook of Green Information and Communication Systems", Academic Press, 2012.

R4-Jinsong Wu, Sundeep Rangan and Honggang Zhang, "Green Communications: Theoretical Fundamentals, Algorithms and Applications", CRC Press, 2012.

R5-Mazin Al Noor, "Green Radio Communication Networks Applying Radio-Over-FibreTechnology for Wireless Access", GRIN Verlag, 2012.

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Steems course