HINDUSTHAN COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

(An Autonomous Institution, Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Accredited by NAAC with 'A' Grade) Coimbatore – 641 032

B.E. AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING



Curriculum & Syllabus 2020-2021

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

Department of Aeronautical Engineering

Vision of the Institute

To become a premier institution by producing professionals with strong technical knowledge, innovative research skills, and high ethical values

Mission of the Institute

IM1: To provide academic excellence in technical education through novel teaching methods

IM2: To empower students with creative skills and leadership qualities

IM3: To produce dedicated professionals with social responsibility

Vision of the Department

To be a global player and prepare the students with knowledge, skills, and ethics for their successful deployment in Aeronautical Engineering.

Mission of the Department

DM1: To nurture the students technically based on current trends and opportunities in the global Aerospace industry.

DM2: To develop the students as innovative engineers to address the contemporary issues in the Aeronautical field.

DM3: To inculcate professional and social responsibility based on an innate ethical value system.

Program Educational Objectives (PEOs) of the Department

PEO1: Graduates shall exhibit their sound theoretical and practical knowledge with skills for successful employment, advanced education, research, and entrepreneurial endeavors.

PEO2: Graduates shall establish deep-rooted mastering abilities, professional ethics, and communication alongside business abilities and initiative through lifelong learning experiences.

PEO3: Graduates shall become leaders and innovators by devising engineering solutions to care for modern society.

Chairman - BeS AERO - HICET



Dean Academics

Program Outcomes (POs)

PO1	Engineering knowledge	Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
PO2	Problem analysis	Identify, formulate, research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
PO3	Design/development of solutions	Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.
PO4	Conduct investigations of complex problems	Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO5	Modern tool usage	Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.
PO6	The engineer and society	Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice
PO7	Environment and sustainability	Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
PO8	Ethics	Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics, responsibilities, and norms of the engineering practice.
PO9	Individual and team work	Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
PO10	Communication	Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
PO11	Project management and finance	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments
PO12	Life-long learning	Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

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Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)

The graduates will be able to

PSO1: Apply the knowledge of aerodynamics, structures, propulsion, avionics, and aircraft maintenance to give solutions for complex engineering problems.

PSO2: Use progressive methodology and tools involving design, analyze, and experiment in aircraft design.

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CURRICULUM



Hindusthan College of Engineering and Technology (An Autonomous Institution, Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai

(An Autonomous Institution, Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai Approved by AICTE, New Delhi& Accredited by NAAC with 'A' Grade) Valley Campus, Pollachi Highway, Coimbatore, Tamil Nadu.



DETAILS OF CHANGES CARRIED OUT IN CURRICULUM & SYLLABUS

CBCS PATTERN

UNDERGRADUATE PROGRAMMES B.E. AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (UG)

REGULATION-2016 and 2019

For the students admitted during the academic year 2020-2021 and onwards

SEMESTER I

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	Course category	L	Т	P	С	CIA	ESE	TOTAL
			THEORY		inee 10					
1.	19HE1101	Technical English	HS	2	1	0	3	25	75	100
2.	19MA1102	Calculus and linear algebra	BS	3	1	0	4	25	75	100
		THEORY &	LAB CON	MPONI	ENT					
3.	19PH1151	Applied Physics	BS	2	0	2	3	50	50	100
4.	19CY1151	Chemistry for Engineers	BS	2	0	2	3	50	50	100
5.	19CS1151	Python Programming and Practices	ES	2	0	2	3	50	50	100
6.	19ME1152	Engineering Drawing	ES	1	0	4	3	25	75	100
		Pl	RACTICA	L						
7.	19HE1071	Language Competency Enhancement Course- I	HS	0	0	2	1	100	0	100
8	19HE1072	Career Guidance Level-I	EEC	2	0	0	0	100	0	100
9	19HE1073	Entrepreneurship and Innovation	EEC	1	0	0	0	100	0	100
		M	ANDATOR	RY						
10	19MC1191	Induction Program	MC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Total:	N.	15	2	12	20	525	375	900

SEMESTER II

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	Course category	L	Т	P	С	CIA	ESE	TOTAL
		TH	IEORY							
1.	19HE2101	Business English for Engineers	HS	2	1	0	3	25	75	100
2.	19MA2101	Differential equations and complex variables	BS	3	1	0	4	25	75	100
3.	19EE2103	Basic of Electrical and Electronics Engineering	ES	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
4.	19ME2101	Engineering Mechanics	ES	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
		THEORY & I	AB COMI	PONI	ENT					
5.	19PH2151	Material Science	BS	2	0	2	3	50	50	100
6.	19CY2151	Environmental Studies	BS	2	0	2	3	50	50	100
		PRA	CTICAL							
7.	19HE2071	Language Competency Enhancement Course-II	HS	0	0	2	1	100	0	100
8.	19ME2001	Engineering Practices Laboratory	ES	0	0	4	2	50	50	100
9.	19HE2072	Career Guidance Level-II	EEC	2	0	0	0	100	0	100
		Total:		17	2	10	22	450	450	900

For the students admitted during the academic year 2019-2020 and onwards SEMESTER III

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	Course Category	L	T	P	C	CIA	ESE	TOTAL
		T	HEORY							
1.	19MA3101	Fourier Series and Statistics	BS	3	1	0	4	25	75	100
2.	19AE3201	Elements of Aeronautics	PC	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
3.	19AE3202	Engineering Fluid Mechanics	PC	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
4.	19AE3203	Solid Mechanics	PC	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
		THEOR	RY WITH L	AB						
5.	19AE3251	Aero Engineering Thermodynamics	PC	3	0	2	4	50	50	100
		PR	ACTICAL							
6.	19AE3001	Aircraft Component Drawing Laboratory	PC	0	0	3	1.5	50	50	100

		Total:		17	1	8	20	350	450	800
8.	19MC3191	Indian Constitution	MC	2	0	0	0	100	0	100
7.	19AE3002	Fluid mechanics and Solid mechanics Laboratory	PC	0	0	3	1.5	50	50	100

SEMESTER IV

	Course Code	Course Title	Course category	L	T	P	C	CIA	ESE	TOTA L
		T	HEORY							
1.	19MA4113	Numerical Methods	BS	3	1	0	4	25	75	100
2.	19AE4201	Aerodynamics	PC	3	1	0	4	25	75	100
3.	19AE4202	Gas Turbine Propulsion	PC	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
4.	19AE4203	Mechanics of Machines	PC	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
		THEOR	RY WITH	LAB						
5.	19AE4251	Aircraft Structures - I	PC	3	0	2	4	50	50	100
		PR	ACTICAL							
6.	19AE4001	Aerodynamics Laboratory	PC	0	0	3	1.5	50	50	100
7.	19AE4002	Propulsion Laboratory	PC	0	0	3	1.5	50	50	100
8.	19MC4191	Essence of Indian Traditional Knowledge	MC	2	0	0	0	100	0	100
		Total:		1 7	2	8	21	350	450	800

For the students admitted during the academic year 2018-2019 and onwards SEMESTER \boldsymbol{V}

S.No	Course Code	Study Components and Course Title	L	Т	P	С	CIA	ESE	Total
1.	16AE5201	Aircraft Performance	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
2.	16AE5202	High Speed Aerodynamics	3	1	0	4	25	75	100
3.	16AE5203	Aircraft Structures	3	1	0	4	25	75	100
4.	16AE5204	Advanced Propulsion	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
5.	16AE5205	Aircraft General Engineering Maintenance and practice	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
6.	16AE53XX	Professional Elective – I	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
7.	16AE5001	Aircraft Structures Laboratory	0	0	4	2	50	50	100
8.	16AE5002	Propulsion Laboratory	0	0	4	2	50	50	100
		Total:	18	2	8	24	250	550	800



SEMESTER VI

12

S.No	Course Code	Study Components and Course Title	L	Т	P	C	CIA	ESE	Total
1	16AE6201	Aircraft stability and control	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
2	16AE6202	Finite Element Methods in Engineering	3	1	0	4	25	75	100
3	16AE6203	Composite Materials and Structures	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
4	16AE63XX	Professional Elective – II	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
5	16XX64XX	Open Elective – I	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
6	16AE6001	Aircraft Design Project	0	0	4	2	50	50	100
7	16AE6002	Computer Aided Simulation Laboratory	0	0	4	2	50	50	100
8	16AE6003	Aircraft Systems Laboratory	0	0	4	2	50	50	100
9	16AE6801	Mini Project	0	0	6	3	50	50	100
		Total:	15	1	18	25	325	575	900

LIST OF PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-I

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	C	CIA	ESE	TOTAL
		THEOR	RY				112		
1	16AE5301	Aircraft materials and processes	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
2	16AE5302	Heat Transfer	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
3	16AE5303	Boundary layer Theory	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
4	16AE5304	Principles of Management	3	0	0	3	25	75	100

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-II

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	С	CIA	ESE	TOTAL
		THEOR	RY						
1	16AE6301	Theory of Elasticity	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
2	16AE6302	Introduction to Cryogenics	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
3	16AE6303	Wind tunnel techniques	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
4	16AE6304	Aero Engine Maintenance and Repair	3	0	0	3	25	75	100

OPEN ELECTIVE - I

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	C	CIA	ESE	TOTAL
		THE	ORY						
1	16AE6401	Introduction to flight	EMIC GOU	10,0	0	3	25	75	100

For the students admitted during the academic year 2017-2018 and onwards SEMESTER VII

545

S.No	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	P	C	CIA	ESE	TOTAL
		THEORY							
1	16AE7201	Avionics	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
2	16AE7202	Computational Fluid Dynamics	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
3	16AE73XX	Professional Elective-III	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
4	16AE73XX	Professional Elective-IV	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
5	16XX74XX	Open Elective-II	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
		PRACTICAL							
6	16AE7001	Aero Engine and Airframe Laboratory	0	0	4.	2	50	50	100
7	16AE7002	Avionics Laboratory	0	0	4	2	50	50	100
8	16AE7701	Internship / Industrial Training	0	0	0	2	0	100	100
9	16AE7702	Technical Publication	0	0	0	1	0	100	100
		Total:	15	0	8	22	225	675	900

SEMESTER VIII

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	P	C	CIA	ESE	TOTAL
		THEC	RY						
1	16AE83XX	Professional Elective-V	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
2	16AE83XX	Professional Elective-VI	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
		PRACT	ICAI						
3	16AE8901	Project work	0	0	0	10	100	100	200
		Total	6	0	0	16	150	250	400

LIST OF PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-III

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	P	C	CIA	ESE	TOTAL
		THEOR	RY						
1	16AE7301	Vibration and Elements of Aero Elasticity	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
2	16AE7302	Satellite Propulsion	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
3	16AE7303	Rockets and Missiles	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
4	16AE7304	Airframe Maintenance and Repair	3	0	0	3	25	75	100



PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-IV

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	P	C	CIA	ESE	TOTAL
		THEOR	Y						
1	16AE7305	Experimental Stress analysis	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
2	16AE7306	Helicopter Theory	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
3	16AE7307	Aircraft Design	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
4	16AE7308	Engine system and control	3	0	0	3	25	75	100

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-V

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	P	С	CIA	ESE	TOTAL
		THEO	RY						
1	16AE8301	Fatigue and Fracture	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
2	16AE8302	Professional Ethics	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
3	16AE8303	Space Mechanics	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
4	16AE8304	Aviation Management and Air safety	3	0	0	3	25	75	100

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-VI

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	P	С	CIA	ESE	TOTAL
		THEOR	Y						
1	16AE8305	Structural Dynamics	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
2	16AE8306	UAV Systems	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
3	16AE8307	Experimental Aerodynamics	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
4	16AE8308	Air Transportation control and Planning	3	0	0	3	25	75	100

OPEN ELECTIVE -II

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	P	С	CIA	ESE	TOTAL
		THEOR	Y						
1	16AE7402	Aerodynamics for Industrial Applications	3	0	0	3	25	75	100
2	16AE7403	Introduction to Drones	3	0	0	3	25	75	100



CREDIT DISTRIBUTION

100

R-2016

Semester	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	Total
Credits	27	25	23	25	24	25	22	16	187

R-2019

Semester	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	Total
Credits	20	22	20	21	24	24	20	14	165

Chairman, Board of Studies

Dean - Academics

Principal

Chairman - BoS AERO - HiCET Dean (Academics)

MIC COUNT

Chairman

SYLLABUS

Programme Course Code Name of the Course B.F. 19HE1101 TECHNICAL ENGLISH (COMMON TO ALL BRANCHES)

1. To facilitate students to communicate effectively with coherence. 2. To train the learners in descriptive communication. Course 3. To introduce professional communication. Objective 4. To enhance knowledge and to provide the information on corporate environment. 5. To equip the trainers with the necessary skills on critical thinking.

Instructional Unit Description Hours Listening and Speaking - Opening a conversation, maintaining coherence, turn taking, closing a conversation (excuse, general wishes, positive comments and thanks) Reading -Reading articles from newspaper, reading comprehension Writing Chart analysis, process description, Writing instructions Grammar and Vocabulary- Tenses, Regular and irregular verb, technical vocabulary Listening and Speaking- listening to product description, equipment & work place (purpose, II appearance, function) Reading- Reading technical articles Writing- Letter phrases, writing personal letters, Grammar and Vocabulary-articles, Cause & effect, Prepositions. Listening and Speaking- - listening to announcements Reading- Reading about technical inventions, III research and development Writing- Letter inviting a candidate for intervie000000000000000099, Job application and resume preparation Grammar and Vocabulary- Homophones and Homonyms. Listening and Speaking - - Practice telephone skills and telephone etiquette (listening and responding, asking questions). Reading- Reading short texts and memos Writing- invitation letters, accepting an IV 9 invitation and declining an invitation Grammar and Vocabulary- Modal verbs, Collocation, Conditionals, Subject verb agreement and Pronoun-Antecedent agreement. Listening and Speaking-listening to technical group discussions and participating in GDs Readingreading biographical writing - Writing- Proposal writing, Writing definitions, Grammar and Vocabulary- Abbreviation and Acronym, Prefixes & suffixes, phrasal verbs. **Total Instructional Hours** 45 CO1- Trained to maintain coherence and communicate effectively.

CO2- Practiced to create and interpret descriptive communication.

Course Outcome CO3- Introduced to gain information of the professional world.

CO4- acquired various types of communication and etiquette. CO5- Taught to improve interpersonal and intrapersonal skills.

TEXT BOOKS:

T1- Norman Whitby, "Business Benchmark-Pre-intermediate to Intermediate", Cambridge University Press,

T2-Rizvi, Ashraf. M. Effective Technical Communication. Tata McGraw-Hill, 2005.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1- Meenakshi Raman and Sangeetha Sharma. "Technical Communication-Principles and Practice", Oxford University Press, 2009.

R2- Raymond Murphy, "English Grammar in Use"-4th edition, Cambridge University Press, 2004

R3- Kamalesh Sadanan "A Foundation Course for the Speakers of Tamil-Part-I &II", Orient Blackswan, 2010.

C

Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
B.E.	19MA1102	CALCULUS AND LINEAR ALGEBRA	3	1	0	4
Course Objective	3.	Understand the concept of differentiation. Evaluate the functions of several variables which are needed engineering. Understand the concept of double integrals. Understand the concept of triple integrals. Develop the skill to use matrix algebra techniques that is ne practical applications.				

Unit		Description	Instructional Hours
I	Rolle's	RENTIAL CALCULUS Theorem – Lagrange's Mean Value Theorem- Maxima and Minima – Taylor's and rin's Theorem.	12
II	MULT Total c	IVARIATE CALCULUS(DIFFERENTIATION) derivatives - Jacobians- Maxima, Minima and Saddle points - Lagrange's method of rmined multipliers - Gradient, divergence, curl and derivatives. LE INTEGRATION	12
III	area)–	integrals in Cartesian coordinates—Area enclosed by the plane curves (excluding surface Green's Theorem (Simple Application) - Stoke's Theorem – Simple Application involving nd rectangular parellopiped.++	12
IV V	TRIPL Triple i Cartesis rectang MATR	LE INTEGRATION integrals in Cartesian co-ordinates – Volume of solids (Sphere, Ellipsoid, Tetrahedron) using an co-ordinates. Gauss Divergence Theorem – Simple Application involving cubes and ular parellopiped.	12
V		 Hamilton Theorem (excluding proof) - Reduction of a quadratic form to canonical form ogonal transformation. 	12
		Total Instructional Hours	60
	ourse come	CO1: Apply the concept of differentiation in any curve. CO2: Identify the maximum and minimum values of surfaces. CO3: Apply double integrals to compute area of plane curves. CO4: Evaluation of triple integrals to compute volume of solids. CO5: Calculate Eigen values and Eigen vectors for a matrix which are used to determine frequencies (or Eigen frequencies) of vibration and the shapes of these vibrational modes.	the natural
	CHINA STORY OF	and the same of th	

TEXT BOOKS:

- T1 Erwin Kreyszig, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", 10th Edition, Wiley India Private Ltd., New Delhi,2018.
- T2 Veerarajan T, "Engineering Mathematics", McGraw Hill Education(India) Pvt Ltd, New Delhi, 2016.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- R1- Thomas & Finney "Calculus and Analytic Geometry", Sixth Edition., Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.
- R2 BaliN.P & Manish Goyal, "A Textbook of Engineering Mathematics", 8th Edition, Laxmi Pub. Pvt. Ltd. 2011.
- R3 Grewal B.S, "Higher Engineering Mathematics", 42nd Edition, Khanna Publications, Delhi, 2012.

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Program	me Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
B.E.	19PH1151	APPLIED PHYSICS (COMMON TO ALL BRANCHES)	2	0	2	3
Course Objective	nalysis the oscillatory motion Extend the knowledge about viain knowledge about laser ar	whedge in properties of matter ns of particles wave optics	al fiber			
Unit		Description				Instructional Hours
P	ROPERTIES OF MATTER					
I a	cantilever - Derivation of Your	s-strain diagram - Poisson's ratio – Bending mom ng's modulus of the material of the beam by Unifor of Young's modulus by uniform bending metl	orm ben	press ding t	ion of heory	6+3=9

I	PROPERTIES OF MATTER Elasticity — Hooke's law — Stress-strain diagram - Poisson's ratio — Bending moment — Depression of a cantilever — Derivation of Young's modulus of the material of the beam by Uniform bending theory and experiment. Determination of Young's modulus by uniform bending method.	6+3=9
П	OSCILLATONS Translation motion – Vibration motion – Simple Harmonic motion – Differential Equation of SHM and its solution –Damped harmonic oscillation - Torsion stress and deformations – Torsion pendulum: theory and experiment. Determination of Rigidity modulus – Torsion pendulum.	6+3=9
III	WAVE OPTICS Conditions for sustained Interference – air wedge and it's applications - Diffraction of light – Fresnel and Fraunhofer diffraction at single slit –Diffraction grating – Rayleigh's criterion of resolution power - resolving power of grating. Determination of wavelength of mercury spectrum – spectrometer grating. Determination of thickness of a thin wire – Air wedge method.	6+6=12
IV	LASER AND APPLICATIONS Ontaneous emission and stimulated emission – Population inversion – Pumping methods – Derivation of Einstein's coefficients (A&B) – Type of lasers – Nd:YAG laser and CO ₂ laser- Laser Applications – Holography – Construction and reconstruction of images. Determination of Wavelength and particle size using Laser.	6+3=9
V	FIBER OPTICS AND APPLICATIONS Principle and propagation of light through optical fibers – Derivation of numerical aperture and acceptance angle – Classification of optical fibers (based on refractive index, modes and materials) – Fiber optical communication link – Fiber optic sensors – Temperature and displacement sensors.	6

	Total Instructional Hours	45
	CO1: Illustrate the fundamental properties of matter	
Course	CO2: Discuss the Oscillatory motions of particles	
Outcome	CO3: Analyze the wavelength of different colors	
	CO4: Understand the advanced technology of LASER in the field of Engineering	
	CO5: Develop the technology of fiber optical communication in engineering field	

TEXT BOOKS:

T1 - Rajendran V, Applied Physics, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, 2017.

T2- Gaur R.K. and Gupta S.L., Engineering Physics, 8th edition, Dhanpat Rai Publications (P), Ltd., New Delhi,

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1 - Arthur Beiser "Concepts of Modern Physics" Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi - 2015

R2 -M.N Avadhanulu and PG Kshirsagar "A Text Book of Engineering physics" S. Chand and Company ltd., New Delhi, 2016

R3 - Dr. G. Senthilkumar "Engineering Physics C Collishers Pvt Ltd., 2016

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Pı	rogramme	Course Code	Name of the C	ourse	LI	P	C
	BE/B.Tech	19CY1151	Chemistry for E (COMMON TO ALL		2 0	2	3
Cour Objec		 The principles of p The principles of c The principles and fuel cells. 	nter requirements, related prolopolymer chemistry and engine electrochemistry and with the digeneration of energy in batter acepts of spectroscopy and its	eering applications of po mechanism of corrosio cries, nuclear reactors, s	olymers and n and its cor	comp ntrol.	
Unit			Description			In	structional Hours
I 0	Hard water calculations, of hard water osmosis – Po	estimation of hardness of r – External conditioning	vantages of hard water- Ha of water – EDTA method – Bo ng - demineralization proces - breakpoint chlorination. Es DTA.	iler troubles - Condition s - desalination: definit	ing methods ion, reverse	:	6 +3=9
III	polymerization, condensation, condensation, condensation plastics: class commercial pdefinition, ty ELECTROGE Electrochemequation (definition) corrosion conspaints – conspain	on – addition and concon – copolymers – plane Polymerization – type in polymerization – mediation – thermoplast plastics – PVC, Bakelite plastics	densation polymerization – restics: classification – thermoses Polymerization – types chanism of free radical additions and thermosetting plastics – moulding of plastics (extrusymer matrix composites (PMORROSION) and irreversible cells - EMF-tometric titrations. Chemical rent types –galvanic corrosions and impressed cathodic cum Conductometric titration of an (Mixture of strong and	nechanism of free radii plastics and thermosett of polymerization — a ion polymerization — co., preparation, properties sion and compression); (C) –FRP Single electrode potent corrosion — Pilling — Bon — differential aeration rent methods - protective strong acid vs strong bacid and base). Cond	ind plastics, addition and opolymers – is and uses of Composites tial – Nerns edworth rule a corrosion – ice coatings – oase (HCl vi	find, die e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	6 6+9 =15
	Intr differences generator- cl Types of ba	between nuclear fissio lassification of nuclear retteries- alkaline battery	RAGE DEVICES "gy- nuclear fission- control n and fusion- nuclear chain eactor- light water reactor- bre - lead storage battery- lithiu	n reactions- nuclear re reder reactor. Batteries a	actor powe and fuel cells	er s:	6
V	Beer-Lambe (block diagrestimation dinstrumentat Determinat	CAL TECHNIQUES ert's law – UV-visible s ram only) – flame pho of sodium by flame pho tion (block diagram only	spectroscopy and IR spectros stometry – principle – instru- photometry – atomic absor- y) – estimation of nickel by at at of the water sample shod).	umentation (block diag ption spectroscopy – tomic absorption spectro	principles oscopy.	-	6+3

Name of the Course

Programme Course Code BE/B.Tech 19CY1151

Total Instructional Hours: 45

L T P C

CO1: Differentiate hard and soft water and to solve the related problems on water purification and its significance in industries and daily life

CO2: Acquire the basic knowledge of polymers, composites and FRP and their significance.

CO3: Develop knowledge on the basic principles of electrochemistry and understand the causes of corrosion, its consequences to minimize corrosion to improve industrial design.

Course Outcome

CO4: Develop knowledge about the renewable energy resources and batteries along with the need of new materials to improve energy storage capabilities.

CO5: Identify the structure and characteristics of unknown/new compound with the help spectroscopy.

TEXT BOOKS

T1 - P.C.Jain and Monica Jain, "Engineering Chemistry" Dhanpat Rai Pub, Co., New Delhi (2018).

REFERENCES

R1 - B.Sivasankar "Engineering Chemistry" Tata McGraw-Hill Pub.Co.Ltd, New Delhi (2012).

R2 - S.S.Dara "A Text book of Engineering Chemistry" S.Chand & Co. Ltd., New Delhi (2017).

AERO - HICE

rogramme B.E.		Course Code 19CS1151	Name of the Course PYTHON PROGRAMMING AND PRACTICES	L 2	P 0	T 2	(
Cour Objec		 To read a To develor and call the To use Py 	the basics of algorithmic problem solving nd write simple Python programs op Python programs with conditionals and loops and to define them of the definition of the put/output with files in Python	Pyth	on fi	unction	ıs
Unit			Description	Ins	truc	tional	
I	Algorithm functions problem Illustrativ guess an	ms, building to s), notation (pse solving, simple we problems: fir integer number	DBLEM SOLVING blocks of algorithms (statements, state, control flow, udo code, flow chart, programming language), algorithmic strategies for developing algorithms (iteration, recursion), and minimum in a list, insert a card in a list of sorted cards, in a range, Towers of Hanoi. S, STATEMENTS		9		
II	Python in and list; operators execution of two va	variables, exp s, comments; m n, parameters as	teractive mode; values and types: int, float, boolean, string, pressions, statements, tuple assignment, precedence of odules and functions, function definition and use, flow of arguments. <i>Illustrative programs: exchange the values at the values of n variables, distance between two points.</i>		7+2	(P)	
III	Condition chained of Fruitful composit methods, exponent	nals: Boolean v conditional (if- functions: retur- tion, recursion; string module	values and operators, conditional (if), alternative (if-else), elif-else); Iteration: state, while, for, break, continue, pass; rn values, parameters, local and global scope, function Strings: string slices, immutability, string functions and; Lists as arrays. Illustrative programs: square root, gcd, carray of numbers, linear search, binary search.		5+4	(P)	
IV	Lists: list lists, list operation program.	operations, list parameters; Tu as and methods; s: selection sort	slices, list methods, list loop, mutability, aliasing, cloning ples: tuple assignment, tuple as return value; Dictionaries: advanced list processing - list comprehension; <i>Illustrative</i> t, insertion sort, merge sort, histogram.		3+6	(P)	
V	Files and line argu	ments, errors a	ACKAGES files, reading and writing files, format operator; command and exceptions, handling exceptions, modules, packages. ord count, copying file contents.		5+4	(P)	
		men. S	Total Instructional Hours	(2	9 + 1	16) 45	

CO1: Develop algorithmic solutions to simple computational problems

CO2: Read, write, execute by hand simple Python programs

Course CO3: Structure simple Python programs for solving problems and Decompose a Python program into functions

CO4: Represent compound data using Python lists, tuples, dictionaries

CO5: Read and write data from/to files in Python Programs.

TEXT BOOKS:

- T1: Guido van Rossum and Fred L. Drake Jr, An Introduction to Python Revised andupdated for Python 3.6.2, Shroff Publishers, First edition (2017).
- T2: S. Annadurai, S.Shankar, I.Jasmine, M.Revathi, Fundamentals of Python Programming, Mc-Graw Hill Education (India) Private Ltd, 2019

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- R1: Charles Dierbach, —Introduction to Computer Science using Python: A Computational Problem-Solving Focus, Wiley India Edition, 2013.
- R2: Timothy A. Budd, —Exploring Pythonl, Mc-Graw Hill Education (India) Private Ltd., 2015
- R3: Robert Sedgewick, Kevin Wayne, Robert Dondero, —Introduction to Programming in Python: An Interdisciplinary Approach, Pearson India Education Python: Pvt. Ltd., 2016

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C 3

EGE O

PROGRAMME	COURSE CODE	NAME OF THE COURSE	L	T	P	C
B.E.	19ME1152	ENGINEERING DRAWING	1	0	4	3
Course Objective	 Construction of conic To learn about the or To acquire the knowl To learn about the property 	lge of Engineer's language of expressing constant special curves. thogonal projections of straight lines and plane edge of projections of simple solid objects in pojection of sections of solids and development of projections of different objects.	es. plan and ele	evation		ts and

t ak

UNIT	DESCRIPTION	TOTAL HOURS
I	PLANE CURVES Importance of engineering drawing; drafting instruments; drawing sheets – layout and folding: Lettering and dimensioning, BIS standards, scales. Geometrical constructions, Engineering Curves Conic sections – Construction of ellipse, parabola and hyperbola by eccentricity method. Construction of cycloids and involutes of square and circle – Drawing of tangents and normal to the above curves.	12
П	PROJECTIONS OF POINTS, LINES AND PLANE SURFACES Introduction to Orthographic projections- Projection of points. Projection of straight lines inclined to both the planes, Determination of true lengths and true inclinations by rotating line method. Projection of planes (polygonal and circular surfaces) inclined to both the planes by rotating object method (First angle projections only).	12
Ш	PROJECTIONS OF SOLIDS Projection of simple solids like prisms, pyramids, cylinder and cone when the axis is perpendicular and inclined to one plane by rotating object method.	12
IV	SECTION OF SOLIDS AND DEVELOPMENT OF SURFACES Sectioning of simple solids with their axis in vertical position when the cutting plane is inclined to one of the principal planes and perpendicular to the other – Obtaining true shape of section. Development of lateral surfaces of simple and sectioned solids – Prisms, pyramids, cylinder and cone. Development of lateral surfaces of truncated solids.	12
V	ISOMETRIC AND ORTHOGRAPHIC PROJECTIONS Isometric views and projections simple and truncated solids such as – Prisms, pyramids, cylinders, cones- combination of two solid objects in simple vertical positions. Free hand sketching of multiple views from a pictorial drawing. Basics of drafting using AutoCAD software.	12
	TOTAL INSTRUCTIONAL HOURS	60
Course Outcome	CO3: Interpret the projections of simple solid objects in plan and elevation	s and draw

TEXT BOOK:

1. K.Venugopal, V.Prabu Raja, "Engineering Drawing, AutoCAD, Building Drawings", 5th Edition New Age International Publishers, New delhi 2016.

CO4: Draw the projections of section of solids and development of surfaces of solids. CO5: Draw the isometric projections and the perspective views of different objects.

2. K.V.Natarajan, "A textbook of Engineering Graphics", Dhanlaksmi Publishers, Chennai.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Basant Agrawal and C.M.Agrawal, "Engineering Drawing", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi 2008.
- 2. N.S. Parthasarathy, Vela Murali, "Engineering Drawing", Oxford University PRESS, India 2015.

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Dean (Academics) HiCET

Progr	mme Course Code	Name of the Course	L	Т	P	С
B.	E. 19HE1071	LANGUAGE COMPETENCY ENHANCEMENT	0	0	2	1
	1511121071	COURSE- I	U	U	2	1
		(COMMON TO ALL BRANCHES)				
Course Objective	✓ To train the st ✓ To develop st ✓ To empower t	udent language competency udents in LSRW skills udent communication skills the trainee in business writing skills. udents to react to different professional situations				
Unit		Description				uctional ours
I List		cussions and participating in GDs. listening to TED talks stening short texts and memos.	. Listen	to		3
II Rea	ding ling articles from newspaper ntions, research and develop	r, magazine. Reading comprehension. Reading about tech ment. Reading short texts and memos.	nical			3
III E-n	sage to all, to place an order,	email writing (to enquire about some details, to convey im to share your joy and sad moment). Reply for an email wr				3
IV To do)		c topic (what is important while choosing or deciding some eneral questions (answer for your personal details, about your metc).				3
V Par		actions (agree or disagree express your statement with a va express your perspective on a particular topics).	ılid			3
		Total Instructio	nal Hou	ırs		15
Course	CO2- Practiced to crea CO3- Introduced to ga CO4- acquired various	tain coherence and communicate effectively. It and interpret descriptive communication. In information of the professional world. It types of communication and etiquette. It is types of communication and etiquette. It is types of communication and etiquette.				
TEXT B	OOKS:					
T1		iness Benchmark-Pre-intermediate to Intermediate", Camb	oridge Ur	nive	rsity P	ress,
	2016.		A			
T2	Raymond Murphy, "Es	sential English Grammar", Cambridge University Press, 2	019			
REFERI	NCE BOOKS:					
R1:	Meenakshi Raman and	Sangeetha Sharma. "Technical Communication- Principle	s and Pr	actio	ce". Ox	cford/
	University Press, 2009					
Dean (Academics) HICET HICET						

Programme Andrews A

Programme Course code B.E. 19HE1072

Course title CAREER GUIDANCE - LEVEL I Personality, Aptitude and Career Development

LTPC 2 0 0 0

Course Objectives:

- Introduce students to building blocks of Logical reasoning and Quantitative Aptitude [SLO 1]
- Train students on essential grammar for placements [SLO 2]
- Introduce students on scientific techniques to pick up skills [SLO 3]
- · Provide an orientation for recruiter expectation in terms of non-verbal skills, and for how to build one's career with placements in mind [SLO 4]

Expected Course Outcome:

Enable students to approach learning Aptitude with ease, and understand recruiter expectation.

Student Learning Outcomes

1, 2, 3 and 4

(SLO):

Module:1 Lessons on excellence 2hours

SLO:3

Skill introspection, Skill acquisition, consistent practice

Module:2 Logical Reasoning

11 hours

SLO:1

Thinking Skill · Problem Solving

- · Critical Thinking
- Lateral Thinking

Taught through thought-provoking word and rebus puzzles, and word-link builder questions

Coding & decoding, Series, Analogy, Odd man out and Visual reasoning

- Coding and Decoding
- Series
- Analogy
- Odd Man Out
- Visual Reasoning

Sudoku puzzles

Solving introductory to moderate level sudoku puzzles to boost logical thinking and comfort with numbers

Attention to detail

Picture and word driven Qs to develop attention to detail as a skill

Module:3 Quantitative Aptitude

11 hours

SLO:1

Speed Maths

- · Addition and Subtraction of bigger numbers
- Square and square roots
- Cubes and cube roots
- Vedic maths techniques
- Multiplication Shortcuts
- Multiplication of 3 and higher digit numbers
- Simplifications
- Comparing fractions
- Shortcuts to find HCF and LCM
- Divisibility tests shortcuts

Algebra and functions

Recruitment Essentials

2hours

SLO:4

Looking at an engineering career through the prism of an effective resume

• Importance of a resume - the footprint of a person's career achievements

- How a resume looks like?
- · An effective resume vs. a poor resume: what skills you must build starting today and how?

Impression Management

Getting it right for the interview:

- · Grooming, dressing
- Body Language and other non-verbal signs
- · Displaying the right behaviour

Module:5 Verbal Ability

4hours

SLO:2

- Essential grammar for placements:

 Nouns and Pronouns
 - Verbs
 - Subject-Verb Agreement
 - Pronoun-Antecedent Agreement
 - Punctuations

Verbal Reasoning

Total Lecture hours: 30hours

Mode of Evaluation: Assignments, 3 Assessments with End Semester (Computer Based Test)

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Dean (Academics

rogramme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
B.E.	19HE1073	ENTREPRENEURSHIP & INNOVATION	1	0	0	0
Course Objective	2. To recognize and 3. To plan specification 4. To acquire the	knowledge and skills needed to manage and evaluate potential opportunities to m ic and detailed method to exploit these of resources necessary to implement these ents understand organizational performan	onetize tl pportunit plans.	nese inr ies.	novation	novation.
Module		Description				Instruction
200						Hours
1.	Entrepreneurial					
2.	Innovation Mana					
3.	Design Thinking					
4.		tting / Opportunity Evaluation				
5.	Industry and Ma					
6.	Innovation Strate	egy and Business Models				
7.	Financial Foreca	sting				
8.	Business Plans/	Business Model Canvas				
9.	Entrepreneurial	Finance				
10.	Pitching to Reso	urces Providers / Pitch Deck				
11.	Negotiating Dea	ls				
12.	New Venture Cr	eation				
13.	Lean Start-ups					
14.	Entrepreneurial	Ecosystem				
15.	Velocity Ventur	2				
		Total	Instructi	onal H	ours	15
	Understand the nature we aspects.	e of business opportunities, resources, an	d industr	ies in c	ritical a	nd

CO2: Understand the processes by which innovation is fostered, managed, and commercialized.

Course Outcome CO3: Remember effectively and efficiently the potential of new business opportunities.

CO4: Assess the market potential for a new venture, including customer need, competitors, and industry attractiveness..

CO5: Develop a business model for a new venture, including revenue. Margins, operations, working capital, and investment.

TEXT BOOKS

T1: Arya Kumar "Entrepreneurship – Creating and leading an Entrepreneurial Organization", Pearson, Second Edition (2012).

T2: Emrah Yayici "Design Thinking Methodology", Artbiztech, First Edition(2016).

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1: Christopher Golis "Enterprise & Venture Capital", Allen & Unwin Publication, Fourth Edition 2007

R2: Thomas Lock Wood & Edger Papke "Innovation by Design", Career Press.com, Second (2017).

R3: Jonahan Wilson "Essentials of Business Research", Sage Publication, First Edition, (2010).

WEB RESOURCES:

W1: https://blof.forgeforward.in/tagged/startup-lessons

W2: https://blof.forgeforward.in/tagged/entrepreurship

W3: https://blof.forgeforward.in/tagged/minimum-viable-product

W4: https://blof.forgeforward.in/tagged/minimum-viable-product

W5: https://blof.forgeforward.in/tagged/hnnovation

W6:https://www.youtube.com/watch25=8vEyL7nCXs&list=PLmP9QrmTNPqBEvKbMSXv

wlwn7fdnXe6

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Progr	amme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
В.	E.	19HE2101	BUSINESS ENGLISH FOR ENGINEERS	2	1	0	3
Course Objective	1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	 To train the students to react to different professional situations. To make the learner familiar with the managerial skills To empower the trainee in business writing skills. 					
Unit			Description				ructional Hours
I	Reading -	reading auto biograp	ening and discussing about programme and confer thies of successful personalities Writing Formal ammar and Vocabulary - Business vocabulary, Adj	& infor	mal e	mail	9
П	Listening and Speaking- listening to TED talks Reading-Making and interpretation of posters Writing-Business letters: letters giving good and bad news, Thank you letter, Congratulating someone on a success" Grammar and Vocabulary- Active & passive voice, Spotting errors (Tenses, Preposition, Articles)				9		
III	Business le		el arrangements and experience Reading- travel order, making clarification & complaint letters). et speech,				9
IV			le play- Reading- Sequencing of sentence Writing ing) Grammar and Vocabulary- Connectors, Geru				9
V	Listening and Speaking- Listen to Interviews & mock interview Reading- Reading short stories, reading profile of a company - Writing- Descriptive writing (describing one's own experience) Grammar and Vocabulary- Editing a passage(punctuation, spelling& number rules)				9		
			Total Instructi	onal Ho	urs		45
Course Outcome	CO2- CO3- CO4-	Practiced to face and learnt to practice ma Familiarized with pr	ent modes and types of business communication. If react to various professional situations efficiently, magerial skills, roper guidance to business writing, and respond to different types of communication.				

TEXT BOOKS:

T1 - Norman Whitby, "Business Benchmark-Pre-intermediate to Intermediate", Cambridge University Press. 2014.

T2- Ian Wood and Anne Willams. "Pass Cambridge BEC Preliminary", Cengage Learning press 2013.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1 -Michael Mc Carthy, "Grammar for Business", Cambridge University Press, 2009

R2- Bill Mascull, "Business Vocabulary in use: Advanced 2nd Edition", Cambridge University Press, 2009. R3-Frederick T. Wood. "Remedial English Grammar For Foreign Students", Macmillan publishers, 1986.

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Dean (Academics)

Progra	amme	Code	Name of the Corner	L	T	P	C
В.	E	19MA2	101 Differential Equations and Complex Variables	3	1	0	4
Cou Objec		1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Describe some methods to solve different types of first order difference. Solve ordinary differential equations of certain types using Wronsl Use the effective mathematical tools for the solutions of partial difference the construction of analytic functions and conformal map Illustrate Cauchy's integral theorem and calculus of residues.	kian erent	tech ial e	nique	
Unit			Description	I		uctio Iours	
I	FIRST ORDER ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS Equations of the first order and of the first degree – Homogeneous equations – Exact differential equations – Linear equations – Equations reducible to the linear form – Benoulli's equation.					12	
II	ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS OF HIGHER ORDER Second order linear differential equations with constant and variable co-efficients —						
III	PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS Formation of partial differential equations by the elemination of arbitrary constants and arbitrary functions – Solution of standard types of first order partial differential equations of the form $f(p,q)=0$, Clairaut's type : $z = px+qy+f(p,q)$ – Lagrange's linear equation.					12	
IV	COMPLEX DIFFERENTIATION Functions of complex variables – Analytic functions – Cauchy's – Riemann's equations and sufficient conditions (excluding proof). Construction of conductions					12	
V	COMPLEX INTEGRATION Cauchy's integral theorem - Cauchy's integral formula -Taylor's and Laurent's series (statement only) -Residues - Cauchy's Residue theorem.					12	
			Total Instructional Hours	i	45	5+15	
	urse	CO2: D	pply few methods to solve different types of first order differential evelop sound knowledge of techniques in solving ordinary differential between the Partial Differential Equations using various methods.	equa tial e	ition equat	s. tions.	

Outcomes

CO4: Infer the knowledge of construction of analytic functions and conformal mapping.

CO5: Evaluate real and complex integrals over suitable closed paths or contours.

TEXT BOOKS:

T1- Ravish R Singh, Mukul Bhatt, "Engineeing Mathematics", McGraw Hill education (India) Private Ltd., Chennai, 2017.

T2- Veerarajan T, "Engineering Mathematics", McGraw Hill Education(India) Pvt Ltd, New Delhi, 2016

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1-BaliN.P &ManishGoyal, "ATextbookofEngineeringMathematics", 8th Edition, Laxmi Pub. Pvt. Ltd. 2011.

R2- Grewal B.S, "Higher Engineering Mathematics", 42nd Edition, Khanna Publications, Delhi, 2012.

R3- Peter V. O'Neil, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", 7th Edition, Cengage learning, 2012.

R4-Erwin kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, John Wiley and Sons, 2006.

R5- Wylie & Barett, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics". McGraw Hill Education, 6th edition, 2003.

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Dean (Academics)
HiCET

Programi	ne	Course Code	Name of the course	L	T	P	C
B.E.		19EE2103	BASICS OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING	3	0	0	3
Course Objectives	1 2 3 4 5	impart knowledge provide knowledge impart knowledge	ws used in Electrical circuits and the different components. e on construction and working of DC and AC machines. ge on the fundamentals of semiconductor devices and their apper on digital electronics and its principles. k diagrams for TV, satellite and optical fiber communications	•	ns.		

Course Ohm's Law - Kirchoff's Laws - Steady State Solution of DC Circuits - Introduction to AC Circuits - RMS - Average Value for sine wave - Power and Power factor - Single Phase circuits. Operating Principles of Moving Coil and Moving Iron Instruments (Ammeters and Voltmeters), Dynamometer type Watt meters and Energy meters. FUNDAMENTALS OF ELECTRICAL MACHINES Construction, Principle of Operation of DC Generators - EMF Equation - Construction, Principle of Operation of DC shunt and series Motors, Single Phase Transformer - EMF Equation, Single phase induction motor: capacitor start - capacitor run - Construction, Principle of Operation of Three Phase Induction Motor - Applications - (Qualitative Approach only). SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES AND APPLICATIONS Characteristics of PN Junction Diode - Zener Diode and its Characteristics - Zener Effect - Half wave and Full wave Rectifiers - Voltage Regulation. Bipolar Junction Transistor (BJT) - CB, CE, CC Configurations and Characteristics - FET - Characteristics. DIGITAL ELECTRONICS Binary Number System - Logic Gates - Boolean Algebra - Half and Full Adders - Flip-Flops (RS, JK, T & D), A/D and D/A Conversion (Dual Slope, SAR, Binary-weighted and R-2R). FUNDAMENTALS OF COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING Types of Signals: Analog and Digital Signals - Modulation and Demodulation: Principles of Amplitude and Frequency Modulations - TV, Satellite and Optical Fibre Communications (Block Diagram Approach only). CO1 Apply the KVL and KCL in Electrical circuits. CO2 Explain the constructional features of AC and DC machines. CO3 Identify electronics components and use of them to design circuits. CO4 Use appropriate logic gates in circuit design.	Unit	Description	Instructional Hours					
Construction, Principle of Operation of DC Generators - EMF Equation - Construction, Principle of Operation of DC shunt and series Motors, Single Phase Transformer - EMF Equation, Single phase induction motor: capacitor start - capacitor run - Construction, Principle of Operation of Three Phase Induction Motor - Applications - (Qualitative Approach only). SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES AND APPLICATIONS Characteristics of PN Junction Diode - Zener Diode and its Characteristics - Zener Effect - Half wave and Full wave Rectifiers - Voltage Regulation. Bipolar Junction Transistor (BJT) - CB, CE, CC Configurations and Characteristics - FET - Characteristics. DIGITAL ELECTRONICS Binary Number System - Logic Gates - Boolean Algebra - Half and Full Adders - Flip-Flops (RS, JK, T & D), A/D and D/A Conversion (Dual Slope, SAR, Binary-weighted and R-2R). FUNDAMENTALS OF COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING Types of Signals: Analog and Digital Signals - Modulation and Demodulation: Principles of Amplitude and Frequency Modulations - TV, Satellite and Optical Fibre Communications (Block Diagram Approach only). Total Instructional Hours CO1 Apply the KVL and KCL in Electrical circuits. CO2 Explain the constructional features of AC and DC machines. CO3 Identify electronics components and use of them to design circuits. CO4 Use appropriate logic gates in circuit design.	1	Ohm's Law – Kirchoff's Laws – Steady State Solution of DC Circuits – Introduction to AC Circuits – RMS - Average Value for sine wave – Power and Power factor – Single Phase circuits. Operating Principles of Moving Coil and Moving Iron Instruments (Ammeters and Voltmeters), Dynamometer type Watt meters and Energy meters.	9					
Characteristics of PN Junction Diode – Zener Diode and its Characteristics – Zener Effect – Half wave and Full wave Rectifiers – Voltage Regulation. Bipolar Junction Transistor (BJT) – CB, CE, CC Configurations and Characteristics – FET – Characteristics. DIGITAL ELECTRONICS IV Binary Number System – Logic Gates – Boolean Algebra – Half and Full Adders – Flip- Flops (RS, JK, T & D), A/D and D/A Conversion (Dual Slope, SAR, Binary-weighted and R-2R). FUNDAMENTALS OF COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING Types of Signals: Analog and Digital Signals – Modulation and Demodulation: Principles of Amplitude and Frequency Modulations – TV, Satellite and Optical Fibre Communications (Block Diagram Approach only). Total Instructional Hours CO1 Apply the KVL and KCL in Electrical circuits. CO2 Explain the constructional features of AC and DC machines. Use appropriate logic gates in circuit design.	П	Construction, Principle of Operation of DC Generators - EMF Equation - Construction, Principle of Operation of DC shunt and series Motors, Single Phase Transformer - EMF Equation, Single phase induction motor: capacitor start - capacitor run - Construction, Principle of Operation of Three Phase Induction Motor - Applications - (Qualitative	9					
IV Binary Number System – Logic Gates – Boolean Algebra – Half and Full Adders – Flip-Flops (RS, JK, T & D), A/D and D/A Conversion (Dual Slope, SAR, Binary-weighted and R-2R). FUNDAMENTALS OF COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING Types of Signals: Analog and Digital Signals – Modulation and Demodulation: Principles of Amplitude and Frequency Modulations – TV, Satellite and Optical Fibre Communications (Block Diagram Approach only). Total Instructional Hours CO1 Apply the KVL and KCL in Electrical circuits. CO2 Explain the constructional features of AC and DC machines. CO3 Identify electronics components and use of them to design circuits. CO4 Use appropriate logic gates in circuit design.	III	Characteristics of PN Junction Diode – Zener Diode and its Characteristics – Zener Effect – Half wave and Full wave Rectifiers – Voltage Regulation. Bipolar Junction Transistor (BJT) – CB, CE, CC Configurations and Characteristics – FET – Characteristics.						
Types of Signals: Analog and Digital Signals – Modulation and Demodulation: Principles of Amplitude and Frequency Modulations – TV, Satellite and Optical Fibre Communications (Block Diagram Approach only). Total Instructional Hours 45 CO1 Apply the KVL and KCL in Electrical circuits. CO2 Explain the constructional features of AC and DC machines. Identify electronics components and use of them to design circuits. CO3 Use appropriate logic gates in circuit design.	IV	Binary Number System – Logic Gates – Boolean Algebra – Half and Full Adders – Flip-Flops (RS, JK, T & D), A/D and D/A Conversion (Dual Slope, SAR, Binary-weighted	9					
Course Outcomes CO1 Apply the KVL and KCL in Electrical circuits. Explain the constructional features of AC and DC machines. Identify electronics components and use of them to design circuits. Use appropriate logic gates in circuit design.	V	Types of Signals: Analog and Digital Signals – Modulation and Demodulation: Principles of Amplitude and Frequency Modulations – TV, Satellite and Optical Fibre	9					
Course Outcomes CO2 CO3 CO4 Explain the constructional features of AC and DC machines. Identify electronics components and use of them to design circuits. Use appropriate logic gates in circuit design.		Total Instructional Hours	45					
CO5 Construct block diagram and explain TV, satellite and optical fibre communication systems. TEXT BOOKS:	Outcomes	CO2 Explain the constructional features of AC and DC machines. CO3 Identify electronics components and use of them to design circuits. CO4 Use appropriate logic gates in circuit design. CO5 Construct block diagram and explain TV, satellite and optical fibre communication	systems.					

TEXT BOOKS:

- T1 Muthusubramanian R, Salivahanan S and Muraleedharan K A, "Basic Electrical, Electronics and Computer Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, Eighteenth Reprint, 2014.
- T2 Mittle N., "Basic Electrical Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill Edition, New Delhi, 1990.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- R1 Premkumar N, "Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering", Anuradha Publishers, 2018.
- R2 Mehta V K, "Principles of Electronics", S.Chand & Company Ltd, 1994.
- R3 Nagsarkar T K and Sukhija M S, "Basics of Electrical Engineering", Oxford press 2005.

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Dean (Academics)

Programme	Course Code	Name Of The Course	L	T	P	C
B.E.	19ME2101	ENGINEERING MECHANICS	3	0	0	3
Course Objective	 To understand the dimensions. To understand the To understand the 	c concepts and force systems in a real world en static equilibrium of particles and rigid bodies moment of surfaces and solids. effect of static friction on equilibrium. dynamic equilibrium equation.				

UNIT	DESCRIPTION					
I	STATICS OF PARTICLES Introduction to engineering mechanics - Classifications, force vector, Law of mechanics, System of forces, transmissibility, Force on a particle – resultant of two forces and several concurrent forces – resolution of a force – equilibrium of a particle — forces in space – equilibrium of a particle in space.					
II	EQUILIBRIUM OF RIGID BODIES Free body diagram, moment of a force – varignon's theorem – moment of a couple – resolution of a force and a couple. Support reactions of the beam.					
III	CENTROID, CENTRE OF GRAVITY AND MOMENT OF INERTIA Centroids of simple plane areas, composite areas, determination of moment of inertia of composite plane figures, polar moment of inertia-radius of gyration — mass moment of inertia of simple solids.					
IV	FRICTION Laws of dry friction – angles of friction- angle of repose-coefficient of static and kinetic friction — Friction in inclined plane, Ladder friction, Screw friction– rolling resistance – belt friction. DYNAMICS OF PARTICLES					
V	Rectilinear and Curve linear motion, -Newton's II law – D'Alembert's principle- Energy - potent energy kinetic energy-conservation of energy-work done by a force - work energy method, Impu momentum method, Impact of bodies, Translation and rotation of the particles.					
	TOTAL INSTRUCTIONAL HOURS	45				
Cour	and moment of an object.	5				

TEXT BOOKS:

T1. F.P.Beer, and Jr. E.R.Johnston., "Vector Mechanics for Engineers (In SI Units): Statics and Dynamics", 8th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing company, New Delhi (2004).

T2. NH.Dubey, "Engineering Mechanics", Tata Mcraw Hill, New Delhi, 2016.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. R.C.Hibbeller, and Ashok Gupta, "Engineering Mechanics: Statics and Dynamics", 11^{th} Edition, Pearson Education 2010.

2. S.S.Bhavikatti, and K.G.Rajashekarappa, "Engineering Mechanics", New Age International (P) Limited Publishers, 1998.

3. P. Jaget Babu, "Engineering Mechanics", Pearson Publisher, India Ltd, 2016.

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Programme		Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	С
B.E.		19PH2151	MATERIAL SCIENCE	2	0	2	3
Cour Objec	engineeri se 2. Extend tive 3. Exploi 4. Gain k	ng program I the knowledge above the behavior of su nowledge about Cr	wledge of semiconducting materials which is out the magnetic materials uper conducting materials ystal systems e of ultrasonic waves	is related to the			
Unit		Description					
I	SEMICONDUCTING MATERIALS Introduction – Intrinsic semiconductor – Compound and elemental semiconductor – direct and indirect band gap of semiconductors. Carrier concentration derivation – Fermi level – Variation of Fermi level with temperature – electrical conductivity – band gap determination. Optical properties of semiconductor – Light through optical fiber(Qualitative). Determination of band gap of a semiconductor. Determination of acceptance angle and numerical aperature in an optical fiber						+6=12
II	Domain theory	netic moment – Boh – Hysteresis – soft	r magneton – comparison of Dia, Para and I and hard magnetic materials – anti ferroma I curve by Magnetic hysteresis experimen	agnetic materials		(5+3=9
III	PERCONDUCTING MATERIALS Superconductivity: properties(Messiner effect, effect of magnetic field, effect of current and isotope effects) – Type I and Type II superconductors – High Tc superconductors – Applications of superconductors – Cryotron and magnetic levitation.						6
IV		s - Bravais lattice -	Lattice planes - Miller indices - Interplanation number and Packing factor for SC, BCC				6
V	using acousti applications – system. Detern	Magnetostrictive generating—Cavitation Drilling and well ination of velocity	nerator – Piezoelectric generator – Determins–Viscous force –co-efficient of visibling – Non destructive testing – Ultra v of sound and compressibility of liquid – viscosity of a liquid –Poiseuille's method.	ial ho	6	5+6=12	
			Total Instru	actional Hours			45
Course	CO2: Interpret CO3: Discuss CO4: Illustrate	the basic idea behi the behavior of sup- the types and impo	ncceptor or donor levels and the band gap of and the process of magnetism and its applica are conducting materials ortance of crystal systems altrasonics and its applications in NDT				
39	TEXT BOOKS:						
	T1 - Rajendran	V, Applied Physics	, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company L	limited, New De	lhi,	2017	
	T2- Gaur R.K. a Delhi, 2015.	and Gupta S.L., Eng	gineering Physics, 8th edition. Dhanpat Rai	Publications (1	P)	Ltd	., New

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1 -Arthur Beiser "Concepts of Modern Physics" Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi - 2015

R2 -M.N Avadhanulu and PG Kshirsagar "A Text Book of Engineering physics" S. Chand and Company ltd., New Delhi 2016

R3 - Dr. G. Senthilkumar "Engineering Physics - II" VRB publishers Pvt Ltd., 2016

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	ourse jective	1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	The natural resources, exploitation and its conservation The importance of environmental education, ecosystem and biodiversity. The knowledge about environmental pollution – sources, effects and control environmental pollution. Scientific, technological, economic and political solutions to environmental problem. An awareness of the national and international concern for environment and	ns.			
Unit		- 1	Description	Instructional			
			,	Hours			
1	NATURAL RESOURCES Renewable and Non renewable resources - Forest resources: Use and over-exploitation, deforestation, timber extraction, mining, dams and their effects on forests and tribal people - Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture - Energy resources: Renewable and non renewable energy sources - Solar energy and wind energy - role of an individual in conservation of natural resources.						
II	ENVIRONMENT, ECOSYSTEMS AND BIODIVERSITY Importance of environment – need for public awareness - concept of an ecosystem – structure and function of an ecosystem - energy flow in the ecosystem – ecological succession processes – Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the forest and ponds ecosystem – Introduction to biodiversity definition: types and value of biodiversity – hot-spots of biodiversity – threats to biodiversity—endangered and endemic species of India – conservation of biodiversity: Insitu and ex-situ conservation of biodiversity.						
III	ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION Definition – causes, effects and control measures of: Air pollution- Water pollution – Water quality parameters- Soil pollution - Noise pollution- Nuclear hazards – role of an individual in prevention of pollution. Determination of Dissolved Oxygen in sewage water by Winkler's method. Estimation of alkalinity of water sample by indicator method. Determination of chloride content of water sample by argentometric method.						
IV	SOCIAL ISSUES AND THE ENVIRONMENT From unsustainable to sustainable development – urban problems related to energy- environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions – 12 Principles of green chemistry- Municipal solid waste management. Global issues – Climatic change, acid rain, greenhouse effect and ozone layer depletion – Disaster Management – Tsunami and cyclones. Determination of pH in beverages.						
V				6+3=9			
			Total Instructional Hours	45			
	Course utcome	CO2 CO3 CO4 Soci CO5	: Develop an understanding of different natural resources including renewable resour : Realize the importance of ecosystem and biodiversity for maintaining ecological ba : Understand the causes of environmental pollution and hazards due to manmade acti : Demonstrate an appreciation for need for sustainable development and understand tal issues and solutions to solve the issues. : Gain knowledge about the importance of women and child education and know abouting technology to protect environment	lance. vities. he various			

Name of the Course

ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES

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Programme

B.E.

TEXT BOOKS:

Course Code

19CY2151

T1- Anubha Kaushik and C. P. Kaushik, "Perspectives in Environmental studies", Sixth edition, New Age International Publishers, New Delhi, 2019.

T2 – S.Annadurai and P.N. Magudeswaran, "Environmental studies", Cengage Learning India Pvt.Ltd, Delhi, 2018

REFERENCES:

- R1 Erach Bharucha, "Textbook of environmental studies" University Press (I) Pvt.ltd, Hyderabad, 2015
- R2 G.Tyler Miller, Jr and Scott E. Spoolman"Environmental Science" Thirteenth Edition, Cengage Learning, 2010.

R3 - Gilbert M. Masters and Wendell P. Ela "Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science", 3rd edition, Pearson Education, 2013.

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Programme B.E.		Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C		
		19HE2071	VALUE ADDED COURSE – II: LANGUAGE COMPETENCY ENHANCEMENT COURSE- II (COMMON TO ALL BRANCHES)	0	0	2	1		
Course Objectiv		 To improve communication skills and Professional Grooming. To impart deeper knowledge of English Language and its practical application in different facets of life. 							
							Instructions		

2.38.1

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours			
ic self	Listening Listening for gist and respond – Listen for detail using key words to extract specific meaning – listen for phonological detail – Listen and identify the main points for short explanations and presentation.				
II	Reading Strategies for effective reading – read and recognize different text types – Genre and Organization of Ideas – Quantifying reading – reading to comprehend – Interpreting sentences – contrasting, summarizing or approximating				
Ш	Speaking Speak to communicate – Make requests and ask questions to obtain personal information – use stress and intonation – articulate the sounds of English to make the meaning understood – speaking to present & Interact – opening and closing of speech.				
IV	Writing Plan before writing – develop a paragraph: topic sentences, supporting sentences – write a descriptive paragraph – elements of good essay – descriptive, narrative, argumentative – writing emails – drafting resumes – project writing – convincing proposals.	3			
V	Language Development Demonstration at level understanding of application of grammar rules – revision of common errors: preposition, tenses, conditional sentences –reference words – pronouns and conjunctions.	3			
	Total Instructional Hours	15			
	CO1- Introduced to different modes and types of communication. CO2- Practiced to face and react to various professional situations efficiently. CO3- learnt to practice managerial skills. CO4- Familiarized with proper guidance to writing. CO5- Trained to analyze and respond to different types of communication.				

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Verbal Ability and Reading Comprehension by Arun Sharma,9th edition, Tata Mc graw Hill
- 2. Word Power Made Easy by Norman Lewis, Print, 1 June 2011.
- 3. High School English Grammar by Wren and Martin, S.CHAND Publications, 1 January 2017.
- Practical course in Spoken English by J.K. Gangal, PHI Learning, Second edition, 1 January

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Programme

COURSE CODE

Name of the Course

L T P

BE/B.Tech

19ME2001

Engineering Practices Laboratory

0 4 2

OBJECTIVES:

To provide exposure to the students with hands on experience on various basic engineering practices in Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering.

GROUP A (CIVIL & MECHANICAL)

S.No Description of the Experiments

CIVIL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICES

- Preparation of Single pipe line and Double pipe line connection by using valves, taps, couplings, unions, reducers and elbows.
- 2 Arrangement of bricks using English bond for 1brick thick wall and 11/2 brick thick wall for right angle corner junction.
- 3 Arrangement of bricks using English bond for 1brick thick wall and 11/2 brick thick wall for T junction.
- 4 Preparation of arc welding of Butt joints, Lap joints and Tee joints.
- 5 Practice on sheet metal Models- Trays and funnels
- 6 Hands-on-exercise in wood work, joints by sawing, planning and cutting.
- 7 Practice on simple step turning, taper turning and drilling.
- 8 Demonstration on Smithy operation.
- 9 Demonstration on Foundry operation.
- 10 Demonstration on Power tools.

GROUP B (ELECTRICAL)

S.No Description of the Experiments

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICES

- 1 Residential house wiring using switches, fuse, indicator, lamp and energy meter.
- 2 Fluorescent lamp wiring.
- 3 Stair case wiring.
- 4 Measurement of Electrical quantities voltage, current, power & power factor in single phase circuits.
- 5 Measurement of energy using single phase energy meter.
- 6 Soldering practice using general purpose PCB.
- Measurement of Time, Frequency and Peak Value of an Alternating Quantity using CRO and Function Generator
- 8 Study of Energy Efficient Equipment's and Measuring Instruments.

Total Practical Hours 4

CO1: Fabricate wooden components and pipe connections including

plumbing works.

COURSE OUTCOME CO2: Fabricate size

CO2: Fabricate simple of the control wiring circuits and understand

Circuits.

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	Programme	Course code		Course title		L	T	P	С
	B.E.	19HE2072	Care	er Guidance – I	Level II	2	0	0	0
	Course Objec	Proposition of the Control	Personality, A	ptitude and Care	eer Development			·	
		ogical Reasoning quest	ions of easy to int	ermediate level	[SLO 6]				
	• Solve C	Quantitative Aptitude querbal Ability questions	estions of easy to	intermediate les	rel [SLO 7]				
	Expected Cou	rse Outcome:	of easy to interm	ediate level [SL	2 8]				
	Enable student	s to solve questions on	Verbal, Logical as	nd Quantitative	Antitude of placen	ant lavol			
	Student Learn	ning Outcomes	6, 7, 8	(. spiritude of placen	icht level			
	(SLO):								
	Module:1	Logical Reasoning ategorization question			5 hours				SLO: 6
	Puzzle type cla	ass involving students gr	ouning words into	o right group or	ders of looisel sans				
	Crybtarmine	tic		o right group or	iers of logical sens	ie			
		ments and Blood relati	ons						
×		ar Arrangement							
		ılar Arrangement i-dimensional Arrangen							
	Blood	d Relations	lent		6				
		· Quantitative Aptitu	ıde		8 hours				
	Ratio and Pro	portion			o nours				SLO: 7
	 Ratio 								
		ortion							
	• Varia								
		le equations							
		lems on Ages							
	Percentages S	res and alligations Simple and Compound	Intoxect						
	Perce	entages as Fractions and	Decimals						
		entage Increase / Decrea							
		le Interest							
		pound Interest							
	Relat	ion Between Simple and	d Compound Inter	rest					
	Number Syste								
		ber system ·							
		er cycle ·							
		ainder cycle ors. Multiples							
		and LCM							
		Verbal Ability		7	7 hours				0.0.10
		nmar for placements			/ nom s				SLO: 8
		sitions				*)(
		tives and Adverbs							
	• · Tense								
		s and Speech and Voice							
		s and Phrasal Verbs	***						
	Collor	cations, Gerund and Infi	nitives						
	Reading Com	prehension for placem	ents						
		of questions							
	 Comp 	rehension strategies							
		ce exercises			2.0				
	Articles, Pren	osition's and Interroga	tives						
		ite and Indefinite Article							
		sion of Articles	0.1						
	 Prepos 	sitions			9 , 9				
	 Comp 	ound Prepositions and I	Prepositional Phra	ises					
	• Interre	ogatives.							

Vocabulary for placements

- Exposure to solving questions of
- Synonyms
- Antonyms
- Analogy
- Confusing words
- Spelling correctness

Total Lecture hours: 20 hours

Mode of Evaluation: Assignments, 3 Assessments with End Semester (Computer Based Test) Recommended by Board of Studies

Approved by Academic Council

Date

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SYLLABUS

Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
B.E.	19MA3101	FOURIER SERIES AND STATISTICS	3	1	0	4
Course Objective	 Solve boundary Demonstrate kr Apply basic con 	r series which is central to many applications in value problems by applying Fourier series. sowledge of large-sample statistical properties. neepts of statistical methods for testing the hypotaperiment techniques to solve various engineer	othesi	is.		
Unit		Description				Instructional Hours
I	FOURIER SERI Dirichlet's conditi Half range sine an - Harmonic analys	12				
II	Classification - S	ALUE PROBLEMS colution of one dimensional wave equation – heat equation - Fourier series solution in ates.				12
Ш	TESTS BASED (Large sample tes single proportion significance for si	12				
IV	TESTS BASED (Tests based on t (testing difference for Independency	12				
V		mptions of analysis of variance - Completely razed block design – Latin square design.	andor	nizeo	i	12
Instructional	Hours		7	otal		60
CO1: Understand the mathematical principles of Fourier series which wou them the ability to formulate and solve some of the physical problems of engineering Course CO2: Apply the concept of application of Fourier series in solving the heat						ing.
Outcome TEXT BOOK	equations. CO3: Undo CO4: Undo CO5: Appl	erstand the mix proportioning techniques for fie erstand the concept of statistical methods for test y design of experiment techniques to solve eng	eld ap	plica	tion ypo	s. thesis.
TEXT BUOK	3:					

- T1 Veerarajan. T.,"Transforms and Partial Differential Equations", Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., Reprint, New Delhi, 2016.
- T2 Gupta, S.C., & Kapoor, V.K., Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics, Sultan Chand & Sons, Reprint2019.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- R1 C.Ray Wylie "Advanced Engineering Mathematics" Louis C. Barret, 6th Edition, Mc Graw Hill Education India Private Limited, New Delhi 2003.
- R2 Kandasamy P., Thilagavathy K. and Gunavathy K.,"Engineering Mathematics Volume III", S.Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi, 2015.
- R3 Walpole. R.E., Myers. R.H., Myers. S.L., and Ye. K., "Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists", 9th Edition, Pearson Education, Asia, 2018.

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Programme		Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
	Course Objective 19AE3201 ELEMENTS OF AERONAUTICS 1. To introduce the history of aviation, concept of flying and aircraft component 2. To study about the various systems and instruments used in aircraft 3. To understand the structure of atmosphere and concept of flight mechanics. 4. To impart the knowledge about various propulsion systems used in aircraft. 5. To comprehend the various structures and materials used in aircraft.			0	3		
Un	it		Description		: = 0.000	ructio Iours	
I	Balloo monor the year	lanes, Developments in aer	ON OF FLIGHT rly Airplanes- Pre Wright Brothers era-Biplar odynamics, materials, structures and propulsion lane and their functions - Introduction to roto	on over		9	
II	Difference power contro	AIRCRAFT CONFIGURATIONS Different Types of Flight Vehicles - Conventional Systems - Power assisted and fully powered flight controls - Power actuated systems - Digital fly by wire systems - Engine control systems - Auto pilot system - Instrument Landing Systems - Basic Instruments for flying.					
III	Physic altitud Lift, D	BASICS OF FLIGHT MECHANICS Physical properties and structure of the atmosphere- Temperature, pressure and altitude relationships- Newton's law of motions applied to aeronautics, Evolution of Lift, Drag and Moment- Airfoils characteristics and nomenclature-Mach Number, Maneuvers.					
IV	Basic compo	AIRCRAFT PROPULSION Basic Ideas about piston engine and jet engines - working principle and basic components, Use of Propeller and Jets for Thrust Production, -Comparative Merits - Principles of Operation of Rocket - Types of Rocket and typical applications - exploration into space.					
ν	Gener typica Alumi	AIRCRAFT STRUCTURES AND MATERIALS General types of construction, Monocoque, semi-monocoque and geodesic constructions, typical wing and fuselage structure. Metallic and non-metallic materials. Use of Aluminium alloy, titanium, stainless steel and composite materials. Stresses and strains-Hooke's law- stress-strain diagrams-elastic constants-Factor of Safety.					
			Total Instruction	nal Hour	S	45	
	Course Outcome	CO2: Able to identify the CO3: Understand the bas CO4: Understand the wor	ctions of aircraft components. types of flight vehicles and control systems. ic concepts of flight mechanics. rking principle of various aircraft propulsion sedge about various materials used for aircraft		ion.		
1815	www.noor						

- T1 Anderson, J.D., "Introduction to flight", 8th edition, McGraw Hill, 2016.
- T2 A.C. Kermode, "Flight without formulae", Pearson education, 5th edition, 2010.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1 - Stephen.A. Brandt, Introduction to aeronautics: A design perspective, 2nd edition, AIAA Education Series, 2004

R2 - Houghton, E.L., and Caruthers, N.B., "Aerodynamics for Engineering students", 5th edition, Butterworth-Heinemann Publishers, London, 2003.

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Pro	gramme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	Т	P	C
	B.E. 19AE3202 ENGINEERING FLUID MECHANICS 3		0	0	3		
Course Objective	 To To To 	understand the impo		r cond	luits.		
Unit			Description			ructi Hour	
I	Units and tension, co	dimensions - Prope ompressibility and be	AND FLOW CHARACTERISTICS ortices of fluids - Continuum, density, viscosity, su ulk modulus, concept of pressure. Flow characteris plication of continuity, momentum and energy equa	tics -		9	
П	Hydraulic annuli - Be equation -	oundary layer concep	t - Laminar flow through circular conduits and circular cytes - types of boundary layer thickness - Darcy Weisbody diagram - commercial pipes - minor losses -	bach		9	
III	Need for	ide - Dimensionless	S - methods of dimensional analysis - Similitude - parameters - application of dimensionless parameters	types		7	
IV	Impact of	es - velocity compor	nation -Theory of roto-dynamic machines - valuents at entry and exit of the rotor - velocity triang principle - work done by the impeller - perform	gles -	s - 10		

Total Instructional Hours 45

Classification of turbines - Axial, radial and mixed flow turbines. Pelton wheel, Francis turbine and Kaplan turbine - working principles - velocity triangles - work done by

water on the runner - draft tube. Specific speed - unit quantities - performance curves

Course Outcome CO1: Apply mathematical knowledge to predict the properties and characteristics of a fluid. CO2: Capacity in working with the conservative laws and flow through circular conduits

CO3: Proficiency in Dimensional Analysis

curves - Reciprocating pump - Rotary pumps - classification.

HYDRAULIC TURBINES

for turbines - governing of turbines.

CO4: Capability to analyze the performance of pumps CO5: Ability to evaluate the performance of turbines

TEXT BOOKS:

T1 - R. K. Bansal, "Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulics Machines", 10th Edition, Laxmi Publications Ltd., New Delhi, 2018.

T2 - Modi P.N. and Seth, S.M. "Hydraulics and Fluid Mechanics", 20th Edition Standard Book House, New Delhi 2015.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1 - Robert W.Fox, Alan T. McDonald, Philip J.Pritchard, "Fluid Mechanics and Machinery", 2011.

R2 - Graebel. W.P, "Engineering Fluid Mechanics", Taylor & Francis, Indian Reprint, 2011.

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Prog	ramme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C	
1	B.E.	19AE3203	SOLID MECHANICS	3	0	0	3	
	1.	To understand the beha	avior of structural members under axial l	oading cond	itions	;.		
	2.	To sketch the Shear Fo	rce and bending moment diagram for be	ams with va	rious	loadi	ngs.	
Course	3.	To calculate the deflect	tions of the beams under various loading	conditions.			0.77	
Objective	4.	To determine the stres	ses in shafts and springs.					
	5.	To describe the behav	ior of materials due to axial, bending, to	rsional and c	ombi	ned l	oads.	

Unit	Description				
Ι	INTRODUCTION Definition of stress, strain and their relations – relations between material constants – axial loading - statically determinate and indeterminate problems in tension & compression.				
II	STRESSES IN BEAMS Shear force & bending moment diagrams: bending and shear stress variation in beams of symmetric sections, beams of uniform strength				
III	DEFLECTION OF BEAMS Double integration method – Macaulay's method – moment area method – conjugate beam method				
IV	TORSION – SPRINGS Torsion of solid and hollow circular shafts – shear stress variation – open and closed-coiled helical springs – stresses in helical springs- deflection of helical springs.	9			
V	BIAXIAL STRESSES Stresses in thin-walled pressure vessels – combined loading of circular shaft with bending, torsion and axial loadings – Mohr's circle and its construction – determination of principal stresses.	8			
	Total Instructional Hours	45			
	CO1: Ability to learn the behaviors of materials under axial loading conditions. CO2: Ability to sketch the Shear Force and bending moment diagram for beams with various CO3: Analyze the deflections of the beams under various loading conditions. CO4: Evaluate the springs and to calculate the stresses in circular shafts. CO5: Construct Mohr's circle for materials due to axial, bending, torsional and combined load				

T1 - William Nash, "Strength of Materials", Tata McGraw Hill, 6th edition, 2013.

T2 - Timoshenko, S. and Young, D.H., 'Elements of Strength of Materials', 5th edition T.Van Nostrand Co. Inc., Princeton,

N.J., 1990.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1 –R.K. Rajput., 'Strength of Materials', 6^{th} edition., Lakshmi Pub; ications., 2018. R2 - Stephen Timoshenko, 'Strength of Materials', Vol I & II, CBS Publishers and Distributors, Third Edition, 2016.

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Programme	(Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C		
B.E.		19AE3251	AERO ENGINEERING THERMODYNAMICS	3	0	2	4		
	1.	To understand	I the thermodynamic principles, basic concepts and laws o	f thern	nodyna	amics	S.		
	2.		knowledge about reversible process and Carnot theorem.		•				
Course	3.	To understan	d and quantify the thermodynamic cycles used for energy	produc	tion.				
Objective	4.		he performance calculation of Refrigeration and Air-conditioning systems.						
	5.		the basic concepts of Aircraft Propulsion systems	~ .					

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
Ι	FIRST LAW OF THERMODYNAMICS Concept of continuum, macroscopic approach, thermodynamic systems - closed, open and isolated. Property, State, Path and Process, Quasi-static Process, Work, modes of work, Zeroth law of thermodynamics - concept of temperature and heat, internal energy, specific heat capacities, enthalpy - concept of ideal and real gases. First law of thermodynamics - applications to closed and open systems - steady flow processes with references to various thermal equipment - Determination of thermal conductivity of solid - Determination of thermal resistance of a composite wall	11+4(P)
II	SECOND LAW OF THERMODYNAMICS AND ENTROPY Second law of thermodynamics - Kelvin Planck and Clausius statements of second law. Reversibility and Irreversibility –Exergy - Carnot theorem, Carnot cycle efficiency - Clausius inequality, concept of entropy, Entropy change for various processes.	9
III	AIR STANDARD CYCLES Otto, Diesel, Dual and Brayton cycles - air standard efficiency - mean effective pressure. Actual and theoretical PV diagrams of Four stroke and Two stroke IC engines - Valve timing of a Four stroke engine and port timing of a two stroke engine.	10+2(P)
IV	REFRIGERATION AND AIR CONDITIONING Reversed Carnot cycle – Standard Rankine cycle - Principles of refrigeration and Air conditioning -Vapor compression cycle - Vapor absorption cycle - Properties of refrigerants - Coefficient of performance - test on a vapor compression refrigeration test rig - test on a vapor compression air-conditioning test rig	12+4(P)
V	BASICS OF AIRCRAFTPROPULSION Classification of jet engines - simple jet propulsion system - thrust equation - specific impulse - fundamentals of rocket propulsion.	8
	Total Instructional Hours	60 hours
Cours	COS: Ability to interpret the various thermodynamic cycles used for	energy production and

T1 - Nag.P.K., "Engineering Thermodynamics", Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 6th Edition 2017

T2 - Rathakrishnan E., "Fundamentals of Engineering Thermodynamics", Prentice-Hall India, 2005.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1 - Ramalingam K.K. "Thermodynamics", Sci-Tech Publications, 2006

R2 - Yunus A.Cengal. "Thermodynamics an Engineering Approach", Tata McGraw-Hill Co.Ltd.,8th Edition.

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Programme

Course Code

Name of the Course

LTPC

B.E.

19AE3001

AIRCRAFT COMPONENT DRAWING LABORATORY

0 0 3 1.5

. To familiarize the knowledge of modelling software package and tools used.

Course

2. To design and draft the different aircraft components and aircraft control system.

Objective

3. To introduce the knowledge on operations using CNC machine.

Expt. No.

Description of the Experiments

- 1. Design and modeling of riveted and welded joints.
- 2. Design and modeling of airfoil sections.
- 3. Design and modeling of various structural components of wing.
- 4. Design and modeling of various structural components of fuselage.
- 5. Layout of Landing gear structure.
- 6. Layout of aircraft conventional control system components (cam, bell crank, push pull rod and gears)
- 7. Drafting three views of a typical aircraft
- 8. Design and modeling of truss and beam.
- 9. Study of basic principles of geometric dimensioning and tolerance.
- 10. Study of Facing, Turning and Drilling operations in CNC

Total Practical Hours 45

Course Outcome CO1: Ability to identify the tools used in modelling software.

CO2: Ability to design various aircraft components and control systems.

CO3: Acquire the knowledge on operations using CNC machine.

List of Equipment (for a batch of 30 students)

SI.No.	Name of the Equipment	Qty.	Exp. No.
1	Computer nodes	30	All
2	Modeling Packages	30 licenses	1-9
3	FEA&CAM SOFTWARE	30 licenses	8,9,10
4	UPS	1	-
5	CNC Machine	1	10
6	Printer	2	-

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Progra	mme Course	Name of the Course	L	Т	P	C
B.F	CA CASTAN LIBERT PROGRAMMA	FLUID MECHANICS AND SOLID MECHANICS LABORATORY	0	0	3	1.5
D.1.	. 17/12/00/2	Their Medianes and solir Medianes Laboratori	U	U	3	1.3
Course Objective 1. To have hands on experience in flow measurements using different devices and also per related to losses in pipes and also perform characteristic study of pumps and turbines 2. To enhance the basic knowledge on strength behavior of various materials. 3. To determine the compressive strength on helical springs and deflection of beams.					lcula	ation
Expt. No.		Description of the Experiments				
1.	Determination of th	e Coefficient of discharge of given Venturimeter.				
2.	Calculation of the r	ate of flow using Water and Rota meter.				
3.	Determination of fr	iction factor for a given set of pipes.				
4.	Conducting experir	nents and drawing the characteristic curves for the centrifugal pump				
5.	Conducting experir	nents and drawing the characteristic curves for the given turbine.				
6.	Tension test on mil	d steel rod.				
7.	Double shear test o	n mild steel and Aluminum rods.				
8.	Torsion test on mile	d steel rod.				
9.	Impact test on meta	d specimen.				
10.	Hardness test on me	etals -Brinell and Rockwell Hardness Number				
11.	Compression test o	n helical spring.				
12.	Deflection of a sim	ply-supported beam and cantilever beam.				
13.		it using Rosette strain gauge.				
14.		vement Mechanical properties Comparison (i) Unhardened specimen (ii)				
1.5		n and (iii) Quenched and tempered specimen. ination of (i) Hardened samples and (ii) Hardened and tempered samples.				
15.	Wieroscopie Exam					
		Total Practical Hours 4	15			
Course	e CO2: Carryou CO3: Exposur CO4: Understa	o use the measurement equipment for flow measurement t Performance test on different fluid machinery e to the characteristics of Pumps and Turbines and the structural behavior of various materials. experimentally evaluate the structural characteristics of helical spring and bear	ms.			

List of Equipment (for a batch of 30 students)

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Sl. No.	Name of the Equipment	Qty.	Exp. No.
1	Venturi meter.	each 1	1
2	Water and Rota meter.	each 1	2
3	Pipe Flow analysis setup	1	3
4	Centrifugal pump	each 1	4
5	Pelton wheel, Francis, Kaplan turbine setup	each 1	5
6	400 kN Universal Testing Machine	1	1,2
7	Torsion testing machine (60 NM capacity)	1	3
8	Impact testing machine (300 J Capacity)	1	4
9	Brinell Hardness testing machine	1	5
10	Rockwell Hardness testing machine	1	5
11	Spring Testing Machine for tensile and compressive loads (2500 N)	1	6
12	Metallurgical Microscopes	3	5
13	Beams with weight hangers and dial gauges	2	7
14	Muffle Furnace (800° C)	1	14,15
15	Strain gauge assembly	1 set	13

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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
B.E.	19MC3191	INDIAN CONSTITUTION	2	0	0	0
1. S	Sensitization of student to	owards self, family (relationship), society and	l nature.			

Course

2. Understanding (or developing clarity) of nature, society and larger systems, on the basis of human relationships and resolved individuals.

Strengthening of self reflection.

4. Development of commitment and courage to act.

	Development of communicity and courage to act.	
Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
1	BASIC FEATURES AND FUNDAMENTALE PRINCIPLES Meaning of the constitution law and constitutionalism – Historical perspective of the constitution of India – salient features and characteristic of the constitution of India.	d s 4
II	FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS Scheme of the fundamental rights – fundamental duties and its legislative status – The directive principle of state policy – its importance and implementation - Federal structure and distribution of legislative and financial powers between the union and states.	s d 4
III	PARLIAMENTARY FORM OF GOVERNMENT The constitution powers and the status of the president in India. – Amendement of the constitutional powers and procedures – The historical perspective of the constitutional amendment of India – Emergency provisions: National emergency, President rule, Financial emergency.	
IV	Local self government -constitutional scheme of India – Scheme of fundamental right to equality – scheme of fundamental right to certain freedom under article 19 – scope of the right to life and personal liberty under article 21.	e y 4
V	INDIAN SOCIETY Constitutional Remedies for citizens – Political Parties and Pressure Groups; Right of Women Children and Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and other Weaker Sections.	. 4
	Total Instructional Hour	s 20

Course

Objective

CO1: Understand the functions of the Indian government

Outcome CO2: Understand and abide the rules of the Indian constitution.

TEXT BOOKS:

- T1. Durga Das Basu, "Introduction to the Constitution of India", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.
- T2. R.C.Agarwal, (1997) "Indian Political System", S.Chand and Company, New Delhi.
- T3. Maciver and Page, "Society: An Introduction Analysis", Mac Milan India Ltd., New Delhi.
- T4. K.L.Sharma, (1997) "Social Stratification in India: Issues and Themes", Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- R1. Sharma, Brij Kishore, "Introduction to the Constitution of India:, Prentice Hall of India, New
- R2. U.R.Gahai, "Indian Political System", New Academic Publishing House, Jalaendhar.
- R3. R.N. Sharma, "Indian Social Problems", Media Promoters and Publishers Pvt. Ltd.

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Programn	ne Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C	
B.E.	19MA4113	NUMERICAL METHODS	3	1	0	4	
Course Objective	 Solve algebraic, transcendental and system of linear equations by using various techniques. Apply various methods to find the intermediate values for the given data. Explain concepts of numerical differentiation and numerical integration of unknown functions. Explain single and multi step methods to solve Ordinary differential equations. Describe various methods to solve ordinary differential equations and partial differential equation. 						
Unit		Description				Instructional Hours	
I	Solution of Algebraic an Solution of linear system	EBRAIC AND TRANSCENDENTAL EQU d Transcendental equations: Newton Raphsor : Gauss Elilmination - Gauss Jordan method - C n by Gauss Jordan method.	met	hod .		12	
II		forward and backward difference formulae – ala and Lagrangian interpolation for unequal i			S	12	
III	Numerical Differential formulae for equal inte intervals. Numerical in integration using Trapez	RENTIATION AND INTEGRATION ion: Newton's forward and backward invals—Newton's divided difference formula integration: Trapezoidal and Simpson's 1/3 regional and Simpson's rules. DBLEMS FOR ORDINARY DIFFERENT	for i	ineq	ual	12	
IV	EQUATIONS Single step methods for Euler and Modified Euler method: Milne's predict POLINDA BY VALUE	12					
V	BOUNDARY VALUE PROBLEMS IN ORDINARY AND PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS Solution of second order ordinary differential equation by Finite difference method – Solution of partial differential equation: one dimensional heat equation by Bender schmidt method – One dimensional Wave equation by Explicit method – Poisson Equations by Finite difference method.					12	
Instruction	nol Hours		T	otal		60	
Course Outcome	engineering. CO2: Apply various r CO3: Identify variou CO4: Classify and so	n of linear algebraic equations which extends nethods to find the intermediate values for the smethods to perform numerical differentiation live ordinary differential equations by using si as methods to find the solution of ordinary and	give n and	n da inte and	ta. grat mult	ion.	

T1 - Sankara Rao K, "Numerical Methods for Scientists and Engineers", 3rd edition, Prentice Hall of India Private limited, New Delhi, 2007...

T2 - M.K.Jain, S.R.K.Iyengar, R.K.Jain "Numerical methods for Scientific and Computation", Fifth Edition,

New Age International publishers 2010.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1 - Kreyszig.E. "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Eight Edition, John Wiley and sons (Asia) limited.

R2 - Grewal B.S. and Grewal J.S. "Numerical Methods in Engineering and Science ", 6th Edition , Khanna publishers, New Delhi 2015.

R3 - S.K.Gupta, Numerical Methods for Engineers", New Age International Pvt.Ltd Publishers,2015.

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Programme	me Course Code		Name of the Course		T	P	C
B.E.		19AE4201	AERODYNAMICS	3	1	0	4
	1.	To provide accumulate	ed knowledge of fluid mechanics.				
	2.	To provide the mathen	natical understanding of basic flows and	their comb	inatio	ns.	
	3.	To demonstrate a fund	lamental understanding of fluid mechani	ics applicab	le to	flight	t, the
Course		forces and moments or	n airfoil.				
Objective	4.	To apply the aerodynaerodynamic behavior	namic tools to develop the three dim	nensional w	ing a	and s	study
	5.	To understand the bel sections in the incomp	navior of airflow over bodies with part ressible flow regime.	ticular empl	hasis	on a	irfoil

Unit	Unit Description		Instructional Hours
Ι		EW OF BASIC FLUID MECHANICS uity, momentum and energy equations-Differential in Integral forms.	10
II	Introdu	ctory concepts - Elementary flows and their combinations, Pressure and y distributions on bodies with and without circulation in ideal and real fluid Kutta Joukowski's theorem, Kutta condition.	13
Ш	Cauchy transfor charact	V-riemann relations, complex potential, methodology of conformal rmation, kutta joukowski transformation and its applications - Airfoil eristics, Point vortex-Vortex filament- Vortex sheet, kelvins circulation theorem arting vortex - Thin airfoil theory and its applications.	12
IV	Biot-Sa	ONIC WING THEORY avart law, bound vortex and trailing vortex, horse shoe vortex, lifting line theory limitations.	13
V	Newton	DDUCTION TO VISCOUS FLOW n's law of viscosity, Boundary Layer, Navier-Stokes equation, displacement, ntum, energy thickness, Flow over a flat plate, Blasius solution.	12
		Total Instructional Hours	60
	urse	CO1: Apply governing equation to various fluid flow models CO2: Apply the knowledge of basic flows to the various bodies in the atmegeneration of lift. CO3: Solve the aerodynamic problems associated with the airfoils. CO4: Simulate wings with help of aerodynamic tools for various ambient cond	

T1 - Houghton, E.L., and Caruthers, N.B., "Aerodynamics for Engineering students", 7th edition., Edward Arnold Publishers Ltd., London, 2016.

T2 - Anderson, J.D., "Fundamentals of Aerodynamics", McGraw Hill Book Co., 6th edition, 2016.

CO5: Acquire knowledge on incompressible flow and viscous flow.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R2 - Clancy, L J.," Aerodynamics", Sterling book house, 2006.

R3 - Milne Thomson, L.H., "Theoretical aerodynamics", Macmillan, 2007.

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1	Programme B.E.	Course Code 19AE4202	Name of the Course GAS TURBINE PROPULSION	L 3	T 0	P 0	C 3
Cours Objecti	ive 3.	To learn about the des To familiarize with th To understand the des	entals of gas turbines and its components sign and performance of inlets the design and performance characteristics of cost sign and performance of different types of cost ade design and performance characteristics of	npressors	S		r –
Unit			Description			Iı	nstructional Hours
1	PRINCIPLES OF AIRBREATHING ENGINES Operating principles of Piston engines - Illustration and working of gas turbine engines - Thrus equation - Factors affecting thrust - Methods of thrust augmentation - performance characteristics of turboprop, turbofan and turbojet engines - Numerical Problems.				9		
П	Internal flow a near a subson Supersonic inle	nd Stall in subsonic inle ic inlet - Relation be	NLETS FOR JET ENGINES ets - Boundary layer separation - Major feature tween minimum area ratio and external de n supersonic inlets - Shock swallowing by are operation.	eceleratio	n rat	io -	9
Ш	Introduction to chambers - Im	portant factors affecting	R JET ENGINES - Combustion process - Classification of Gas to the combustion chamber design and performation flame holders - Aircraft fuels.				8
IV	Euler's turbo n pressure rise - Elementary the	Velocity diagrams - eory of axial flow com	NES rinciple of operation of centrifugal compresso Diffuser vane design considerations - Conc pressor - Velocity triangles - Degree of reac al compressor performance characteristics -	cept of p	orewh ompre	irl - essor	10
V	Principle of op Degree of reac angle designs	tion –Limiting factors in – Performance character	turbines – Work done and pressure rise – Von blade design - Vortex theory - Free vortex a eristics of axial flow turbine – Turbine blade blade profile design considerations – Match	and consta	ant no	ozzle ods –	9
			Total In:	struction	nal H	ours	45
Course CO2: A CO3: A CO4: A		rust and specific fuel c pply the knowledge to obility to choose suitable bility to determine the p valuate the operating	s of an aircraft jet engine and calculate the pe onsumption in terms of design requirement. design suitable inlets for aircraft at different c e combustion chamber for various aircraft. performance and design parameters of various characteristics of turbines in terms of given	onditions	s		
T1 T2 RE R1	XT BOOKS: - Hill, P.G. & P - Cohen, H. Rog FERENCE BO - Mathur, M.L. & Distributor	gers, G.F.C. and Sarava POKS: and Sharma, R.P., "Gas s, Delhi, 2014.	ics & Thermodynamics of Propulsion", Pearson anamuttoo, H.I.H. "Gas Turbine Theory", Lon s Turbine, Jet and Rocket Propulsion", 2 nd edi	igman,6 ^{tl}	editi	on, 20	008.
Chairman AERO - H	-Bos	, Aircraft Propulsion, J	ohn Wiley & Sons Inc. 2009.	Dea			cademics

Programme B.E.		Course Code	Course Code Name of the Course		T	P	C	
		19AE4203 MECHANICS OF MACHINES		3	0	0	3	
Course Objective	1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	To study about the f To understand the f To analyze the force	erent types of inversions in the mechanisms. working principle gear and gear applications. rictional forces acting and how to resolve the es acting on various members in a mechanism rledge about importance of balancing and vibra		ng on	ı syst	ems.	

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours			
I	KINEMATIC OF MECHANICS Mechanisms – Terminology and definitions – kinematics inversions of 4 bar and slide crank chain—cams – classifications – displacement diagrams - layout of plate cam profiles – derivatives of followers motion.	10			
II	GEARS AND GEAR TRAINS Spur gear – law of toothed gearing – involute gearing – Interchangeable gears – Gear tooth action interference and undercutting – gear trains – parallel axis gears trains – Epicyclic gear trains.	9			
III	FRICTION Sliding and Rolling Friction angle – friction in threads – Friction Drives – Friction clutches – Belt and rope drives.	8			
IV	FORCE ANALYSIS Applied and Constrained Forces – Free body diagrams – static Equilibrium conditions – Two, Three and four members – Static Force analysis in simple machine members. Dynamic Force Analysis – Inertia Forces and Inertia Torque – Alembert's principle – Superposition principle – Dynamic Force Analysis in simple machine members.	8			
V	BALANCING AND VIBRATION Static and Dynamic balancing – Balancing of revolving and reciprocating masses – Balancing of multi cylinder inline engines, v engines – Governors and gyroscopic effects. Introduction to vibration - Torsional vibration of circular shafts.				
	Total Instructional Hours	45			
	urse come CO1. Ability to design various mechanical components. CO2. Acquire the knowledge on gears and gear trains. CO3. Ability to utilize the frictional force into effect. CO4. Analyze the forces acting on the mechanism. CO5. ability to balance the forces and vibration in a machine.				

T1 - R S Khurmi., "Theory of Machines", Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2008.

T2 - Ambekar A.G., "Mechanism and Machine Theory"., Prentice hall of India., New Delhi., 2007

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1 –Robert L. Norton., "Design of Machinery". McGraw-Hill., 2012. R2 – Thomas Bevan., "Theory of Machines", CBS Publishers and Distributors., 2010.

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	Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	1	P	C	
	B.E.	19AE4251	AIRCRAFT STRUCTURES I	3	0	2	4	
	1.	To know the methodological components.	approach to the static analysis of	of determina	ate a	ircraf	t structural	
Course	2.	To know the theoretical approa-	ch to the static analysis of indetermin	ate aircraft s	tructi	ural c	omponents.	
Objectiv	3 To analyze the heams and trusces using energy method							
Objectiv								
			ilure criteria for engineering materials					

Unit		Description	Instructional Hours			
I	STATICALLY DETERMINATE STRUCTURES Plane truss analysis – method of joints – method of sections – Maxwell's reciprocal theorem - principle of super position - Verification of Maxwell's reciprocal theorem - Verification of superposition theorem					
П	STATICALLY INDETERMINATE STRUCTURES Shear force and bending moment distribution diagram for statically indeterminate beams - Clapeyron's three moment equations - moment distribution method - Determination of Elastic constants for a Composite Flexural Specimen.					
III	ENERGY METHODS Strain Energy in axial, bending, torsion and shear loadings. Castigliano's theorems and their applications. Energy theorems – dummy load & unit load methods – energy methods applied to beams & trusses - Stress analysis of Truss structure.					
IV	COLUMNS Classification of columns – Euler buckling – columns with different end conditions - Euler's column IV curve – Rankine's Formula - effect of initial curvature – the Southwell plot – columns with eccentricity – beam columns – beam columns with different end conditions - Construction of south well plot for Column.					
V	FAILURE THEORIES AND INDUCED STRESSES Maximum principal stress theory - maximum principal strain theory - maximum shear stress theory - distortion energy theory - shear strain energy theory - Thermal stresses - impact loading - Fatigue - Creep - Stress Relaxation - Fatigue test-Torque Test					
		Total Instructional Hours	60 hours			
	urse	CO1: Analyze the forces on trusses under various types of loading and support conditions. CO2: Calculate deflection and forces on statically indeterminate aircraft structural components CO3: Analyze the beams and trusses using energy method. CO4: Understand the stability of the column used as aircraft component. CO5: Design the aircraft structural component using different theories of failure.	s.			

T1 - Timoshenko and Gere, "Mechanics of Materials", CBS Publishers and Distributors., 2nd edition., 2006.

T2 - Megson T M G, "Aircraft Structures for Engineering students" Elsevier Science and Technology, 2007

R1 - Donaldson, B.K., "Analysis of Aircraft Structures - An Introduction", McGraw Hill, 2008. R2 - Peery, D.J. and Azar, J.J., "Aircraft Structures", 2nd Edition, McGraw – Hill, N.Y, 2013.

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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
B.E.	19AE4001	AERODYNAMICS LABORATORY	0	0	3	1.5

Course Objective

- 1. To study the pressure distribution around different profiles
- 2. To determine the aerodynamic forces around Airfoils

3. To visualize the fluid flow over various objects.

Expt. No.	Description of the Experiments
1.	Study of subsonic wind tunnel
2.	Calibration of a subsonic Wind tunnel.
3.	Pressure distribution over a rough circular cylinder.
4.	Pressure distribution over a smooth circular cylinder.
5.	Pressure distribution over symmetric airfoil.
6.	Pressure distribution over cambered airfoil.
7.	Determination of lift for the given airfoil section.
8.	Force measurement on an airfoil using blower balance for small aspect ratio models
9.	Water flow visualization studies in subsonic flows using water flow channels
10.	Smoke flow visualization studies in subsonic flows

Total Practical Hours 45

Course
Outcome

Course
Outcome

CO1: Exposure to the calibration of Wind Tunnel
CO2: Ability to measure aerodynamic forces around Airfoils
CO3: Ability to measure force for small Aspect ratio models
CO4: Understand the pressure distribution of flow over different profiles
CO5: Ability to visualize flow using Smoke and water channel

List of Equipment (for a batch of 30 students) Sl. No. Name of the Equipment Quantity Exp. No. 1 Subsonic Wind tunnel All Models (aerofoil, rough and smooth cylinder, small 3-10 2 1 each aspect ratio models) 3 Blower balance 8 4 Water flow channel 9

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	ъ					TE.		
		gramı B.E.	ne Course Code 19AE4002	Name of the Course PROPULSION LABORATORY	L 0	T 0	P 3	C 1.5
		D.E.	13AE4002	I KOI ULSION LABORATORI	U	U	3	1.3
			performance.	nd to expose them practically about various				
		2.	To practically determine the profile.	e flow behavior of jets and to understand the de	esign of	turbo	mac	hinery blade
Cour		3.		of characteristics of fuel and to determine the	ne perfo	rmano	e co	efficients of
		 To introduce the knowledge of inspection and maintenance procedures followed for overhaul of aero engines. 						
		5.		ondestructive testing and starting procedures of	f aircraf	t Pist	on en	igine.
Expt. No.			Descri	ption of the Experiments				
1.	dy o	of aircr	aft piston and Gas turbine er	ngines				
2.	forn	nance	est on a 4-stroke engine					
3.	Study of subsonic Ramjet engine with Conical flame holder							
4.	Velocity profiles of free jets and wall jets.							
5.	Ca	scade	testing of compressor and tu	rbine blades				
6.	Determination of heating value of a fuel.							

9. Inspection procedures for various Aircraft Piston engine Components.

Dismantling and reassembly procedures for aircraft piston engines.

 Study of Camshaft operation, Fuel system, Ignition system and Lubrication system of Aircraft Piston engine.

Determination of effectiveness of Parallel flow and counter flow heat exchangers.

11. Non Destructive Testing methods used for Aircraft engine components.

Aircraft Piston engine Starting Procedures.

7.

8.

Course

Outcome

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Total Practical Hours 45

CO1: Identify the components and Understand the working principle of various aircraft engines.
CO2: Ability to evaluate the velocity profile of jets and select the blade profile for compressors and turbines.

CO2: Ability to determine the properties of fuel and Coefficient of performance of various heat exchangers.

CO4: Understand the inspection and maintenance procedures followed in overhauling of Aircraft engines.

CO5: Ability to find defects in engine components using various non-destructive methods and understand the starting procedures of aircraft engine.

List of Equipment (for a batch of 30 students)

Sl. No.	Name of the Equipment	Quantity	Experiment No.
1.	Aircraft Piston engine	1	1,8,9,10,11,12
2.	Aircraft gas turbine engine	1	1
3. •	Jet facility with compressor and storage tank	ľ	4
4	Multitube manometer	2	4
5.	Ramjet facility	1	3
6.	Cascade Wind tunnel	1	5
7.:	Compressor and turbine blade set	· 1 each	5
8.	4 stroke twin cylinder diesel engine	. 1	2
9.	Parallel and counter flow heat exchanger test rig	1	7
10.	Bomb Calorimeter	1	6
11.	Set of basic tools for dismantling and assembly	1 set	8
12.	Micrometers, depth gauges, Vernier calipers	1 set	9
13.	Valve timing disc	1	10
14.	NDT equipment	1 set	11

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Programme.		Course Code	Name of the Course	L	т	р	C		
	BE	٠.	. 19MC4191	Essence of Indian Traditional Knowledge	2	0	0	0	
		: 1.	The course aims at Sustainability is at t nature.	imparting basic principles of thought process, the core of Indian Traditional Knowledge Syst	reasoning	g and nectin	infer g soc	rencing riety and	
Course Objective		· 3.	The course focuses scientific world-vie	f Yogic-science and wisdom capsules in Sansk with rapid technological advancements and soc on introduction to Indian Knowledge System, w. basic principles of Yoga and holistic health ions, Indian linguistic tradition and Indian artis	rietal disr Indian po care sys	uption erspectern l	ns.	of modern	
				a contract of the contract of					

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
Ι	BASIC STRUCTURE OF INDIAN KNOWLEDGE SYSTEM	4
,II	MODERN SCIENCE AND INDIAN KNOWLEDGE SYSTEM	4
III	YOGA AND HOLISTIC HEALTH CARE	4
IV .	PHILOSOPHICAL TRADITION	4
V	INDIAN LINGUISTIC TRADITION (PHONOLOGY, MORPHOLOGY, SYNTAX AND SEMANTICS), INDIAN ARTISTIC TRADITION AND CASE STUDIES.	4
	Total Instructional Hours	20
21	CO1: Ability to understand the structure of Indian system of	f life.

Course Outcome

CO2: Connect and explain basics of Indian Traditional knowledge in modern scientific perspective.

TEXT BOOKS:

- T1 -V. Sivaramakrishna (Ed.), Cultural Heritage of India-Course Material, Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, Mumbai, 5th Edition, 2014.
- T2 Swami Jitatmanand, Modern Physics and Vedant, Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- R1. Fritzof Capra, Tao of Physics
- R2. Fritzof Capra, The wave of Life.
- R3.V N Jha (Eng. Trans,), Tarkasangraha of Annam Bhatta, Inernational Chinmay Foundation. Velliarnad. Amaku,am
- R4. Yoga Sutra of Patanjali, Ramakrishna Mission, Kolkatta.
- 'R5. GN Jha (Eng. Trans.) Ed. R N Jha, Yoga-darshanam with Vyasa Bhashya, Vidyanidhi Prakasham, Delhi, 2016.
- R6. RN Jha, Science of Consciousness Psychological Yoga Practices, Vidyanidhi Prakasham, Delhi.

R7. P R Sharma (English translation), Sh

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SYLLABUS

Programme B.E.		Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
		16AE5201	AIRCRAFT PERFORMANCE	3	0	0	3
Course Objective	2. 3. 4.	To familiarize students To understand the perform To describe the perform	with the lift, drag and wing performance. with the cruising flight performance rmance characteristics of climbing and gliding fli ance of flight under different maneuvering condit nts with various special performance characteristi	ions	aft.		

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
I	LIFT AND DRAG ON FLIGHT PERFORMANCE International Standard Atmosphere - Measurement of speed-Forces and moments acting on a flight vehicle -Equation of motion of a rigid flight vehicle - Different types of drag — Methods of drag reduction in airplanes- Drag polar of vehicles from low speed to high speeds - Effects of Reynold's number on skin friction and pressure drag. Variation of thrust, power with velocity and altitudes for air breathing engines.	10
II	CRUISING FLIGHT PERFORMANCE Performance of airplane in level flight - Power available and power required curves-Maximum speed in level flight - Conditions for minimum drag and power required.	10
III	CLIMBING AND GLIDING PERFORMANCE Climbing Flight- Rate of climb, time to climb - Service and absolute ceiling-Maximum rate of climb and Maximum climb angle -steepest angle of climb-climb hodograph-Gliding flight-minimum rate of sink and shallowest angle of glide- Glide Hodograph	10
IV	MANEUVERING PERFORMANCE Turning performance (Turning rate & turn radius)-Bank angle and load factor – limitations on turn - Pull up and push over -V-n diagram, maneuvering envelope.	7
V	SPECIAL PERFORMANCE Range and Endurance of jet and propeller type of airplanes, Estimation of take-off and landing distance, High lift devices, Up gust and down gust maneuvering.	8
	Total Instructional Hours	45

CO1: Predict the aerodynamic characteristics of the airplane, the engine performance and how flight altitude affects the airplane performance.

CO2: Calculate the performance of an airplane, mainly for non-accelerating flight states, but also in some simple accelerating cases such as take-off and landing.

Course Outcome

CO3: Calculate the aerodynamic and engine data that is needed to perform a performance analysis.

CO4: Design aircraft parameters according to the mission requirement.

CO5:Identify, formulate, and solve engineering problems. This will be accomplished by discussing some open-ended problems in estimating the aircraft performance.

TEXT BOOKS:

- T1 John David Anderson, Jr., 'Aircraft Performance and Design', First Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2010.
- T2 Houghton, E. L., and Caruthers, N. B., 'Aerodynamics for Engineering Students', Edward Arnold Publishers,

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- R1 L. J. Clancy, 'Aerodynamics', Pitman, 1986.
- R2 E. L. Houghton, P. W. Carpenter, Steven H Collicott, and Daniel T Valentine, 'Aerodynamic for Engineering Students', Sixth Edition, Butterworth-Heinemann, 2012.
- R3 Barnes W. McCormick. 'Aerodynamics, Aeronautics and Flight Mechanics', Second Edition, John Wiley, New York, 1994.

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Programme B.E.		e Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
		16AE5202	HIGH SPEED AERODYNAMICS	3	1	0	4
	Course Objective 1. To impart knowledge on the basic concepts of compressible flow. 2. To understand about the formation of normal and oblique shocks. 3. To gain knowledge in low speed real flows. 4. To understand the concept of nozzle design. 5. To gain knowledge about the high speed wind tunnels.						
Unit			Description		I	nstru Ho	ctional urs
I	Introduc steady f compres number-	low energy equations and entre sible fluid flow reference veloc	compressible flow of compressible flow-Review of continuity, momen ropy considerations- Energy and momentum equat cities-stagnation states-velocity of sound-critical stat of waves- mach cones mach angle-effect of Mach nu	tions for es-mach		1	2
II	SHOCK AND EXPANSION WAVES Development of normal shocks-governing equations-Stationery and moving normal shock waves- applications, Shock polars, supersonic pitot probes. Oblique shock - Reflection of flow- Prandtl- Meyer expansion flow. Under and over expanded nozzles, shock expansion method for flow over					1	3

CO1: Understanding characteristics of compressible fluid flows.
CO2: Capable of identification of shock patterns at different scenario.
CO3: Manipulating the effect caused by real flows.
CO4: Ability to design shock free nozzle.

CO5: Capable of handling wind tunnels for evaluating flow behaviors.

Fanno flow and Rayleigh flow - flow equations and solutions- variation of flow properties-variation

Method of characteristics - Prandtl - Glauert and Goethert rules - Ackeret's supersonic airfoil theory.

Small perturbation equations for subsonic, transonic, supersonic and hypersonic flow. Experimental

Blow down, indraft and induction tunnel layouts and their design features. Transonic, supersonic and

hypersonic tunnels and their peculiarities. Helium and gun tunnels, Shock tubes, Optical methods of

of Mach number with duct length-tables and charts for Fanno flow and Rayleigh flow.

TWO DIMENSIONAL COMPRESSIBLE FLOW AND AEROFOIL THEORY

TEXT BOOKS:

Course

Outcome

flow visualization.

airfoils.

Ш

T1 - Radhakrishnan, Ethirajan., Gas Dynamics, John Wiley & Sons, 2010

EXPERIMENTAL TECHNIQUES FOR HIGH SPEED FLOWS

FLOW WITH FRICTION AND HEAT TRANSFER

characteristics of Airfoils in compressible flow.

T2 - Yahya, S. M., Fundamentals of Compressible flow with Aircraft and Rocket Propulsion, 3rd edition, New Age International Ltd. Publishers, 2003

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1 - Shapiro, Ascher. H., The Dynamics and Thermodynamics of Compressible Fluid Flow (Vol I & II), Ronald Press, 1954.

R2 - Anderson J. D., Jr., Modern Compressible Flow with Historical Perspective, McGraw Hill Publishing Co., 2004

R3 - Anderson J. D., Jr., Fundamentals to Aerodynamics, McGraw Hill Publishing Co., 3rd edition, 2001

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60

Total Instructional Hours

Programi	me	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
B.E.		16AE5203	3	1	0	4	
	1.	To Calculate the Bending	Stress for Unsymmetrical Bending.				
	2.		Distribution for Open Section shear loads.				
Course	3.	To Sketch the Shear Flow	Distribution for Closed Section due torsional a	nd shear loa	ids.		
Objective	4.	To Predict the Buckling L	oads of the Thin Plates.				
		To prepare students for do weight.	esigning structural elements of the wing and fus	elage sectio	ns wi	th mi	nimum

Unit	t Description			
I	UNSYMMETRICAL BENDING Bending of symmetric beams subject to skew loads - bending stresses in beams of unsymmetrical sections – generalized 'k' method, neutral axis method, principal axis method.	12		
II	SHEAR FLOW IN OPEN SECTIONS Thin walled beams – concept of shear flow – the shear centre and its determination – shear flow distribution in symmetrical and unsymmetrical thin-walled sections –shear flow variation in idealized sections.			
III	SHEAR FLOW IN CLOSED SECTIONS Bredt - Batho theory – single-cell and multi-cell tubes subject to torsion – shear flow distribution in thin-walled single & multi-cell structures subject to bending – with walls effective and ineffective – shear centre of closed sections.			
IV	BUCKLING OF PLATES Bending of thin plates – rectangular sheets under compression - local buckling stress of thin walled sections – crippling strength estimation – load carrying capacity of sheet stiffener panels – effective width.			
V	STRESS ANALYSIS OF WING AND FUSELAGE Loads on an aircraft – the V-n diagram – shear force and bending moment distribution over the aircraft wing and fuselage – shear flow in thin-webbed beams with parallel and non-parallel flanges – complete tension field beams – semi-tension field beam theory.	13		
	Total Instructional Hours	60		
	CO1: Ability to Analysis the Bending stress for wing and fuselage structural component. CO2: Ability to analyze the shear flow distribution for open section. CO3: Ability to analyze the shear flow distribution for closed section subjected to torsion a CO4: Ability to Construct the Aircraft skin with stiffener and their location. CO5: Ability to identify design features of aircraft wing and fuselage structures, and to factors and margins of safety for various loading conditions.			

T1 - Megson T M G, "Aircraft Structures for Engineering Students", Elsevier Ltd, 2007

T2 - Bruhn. E.H., "Analysis and Design of Flight Vehicles Structures", Tri-state off-set Company, USA, 1985.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1- Rivello, R.M., "Theory and Analysis of Flight Structures", McGraw Hill, 1993.

R2 - Howard D Curtis, "Fundamentals of Aircraft Structural Analysis", WCB-McGraw Hill, 1997.

R3- Michael Chun-Yung Niu, "Airframe Structural Design: Practical Design Information and Data on Aircraft Structures", 2nd edition, Adaso/Adastra Engineering Center, 2006

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Programme		Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
B.E.		16AE5204	ADVANCED PROPULSION	3	0	0	3
	1.	To impart knowledg To know the basics	e in hypersonic propulsion				
Course			orking of solid rockets				
Objective	4. 5.		ormance of liquid propellant engines us propulsion technologies associated with space	launch veh	icles,	missi	les and

Unit		Description	Instructional Hours					
Ι	RAMJET AND SCRAMJET PROPULSON Operating principle of ramjet engine – Various components of ramjet engines and their efficiencies Combustion in ramjet engine –Modes of operation -Ramjet engine and its performance characteristic – Sample ramjet design calculations – Flame stability problems in ramjet combustors. Introduction to hypersonic air breathing propulsion, need for supersonic combustion for hypersonic propulsion – Scramjet engine and its applications for hypersonic vehicles – Problems associated with supersonic combustion - Various types scramjet combustors – Fuel injection schemes in scramjet combustors INTRODUCTION TO CHEMICAL ROCKET PROPULSION AND NOZZLES							
II	Operating principle of a rocket – Specific impulse of a rocket – Internal ballistics – Types of ignited							
III	SOLID ROCKET PROPULSION Selection criteria of solid propellants – Estimation of solid propellant adiabatic flame temperature – Propellant grain design considerations – Erosive burning in solid propellant rockets – Combustion instability – Strand burner and T-burner – Applications and advantages of solid propellant rockets.							
IV	LIQUID ROCKET PROPULSION Selection of liquid propellants – Various feed systems and injectors for liquid propellant rockets -							
V	Electric	CED PROPULSION TECHNIQUES rocket propulsion—Types of electric propulsion techniques - Ion propulsion—Nuclear rocket applications of electric propulsion systems - Solar sail	8					
		Total Instructional Hours	45					
	urse	CO1: Knowledge on hypersonic propulsion CO2: Ability to classify rocket engines CO3: Ability to calculate various performance parameters CO4: Knowledge in rocket propulsion systems CO5: Application of nuclear propulsion in rocketry						

T1 - Sutton, G.P., "Rocket Propulsion Elements", John Wiley & Sons Inc., New York, 8th Edition, 2010.

T2 - B. Mathur, M.L., and Sharma, R.P., "Gas Turbine, Jet and Rocket Propulsion", 2nd edition, Standard Publishers and Distributors, Delhi, 2008.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1 - Gorden, C. V., "Aerothermodynamics of Gas Turbine & Rocket Propulsion", AIAA Education Series, New York, 1997

R2 - Philip Hill, and Carl Peterson, "Mechanics and Thermodynamics of Propulsion", 2nd edition, Pearson Education Ltd, 2009.

R3 - K Ramamurthi., "Rocket Propulsion", Macmi

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Programme B.E.		Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
		16AE5205 AIRCRAFT GENERAL ENGINEERING AND MAINTENANCE PRACTICE		3	0	0	3
Course Objective	2.	To handle the aircraft ground To examine the various sub s To enumerate various safety To know various types of ins To identify the various types	systems of an aircraft. procedures				

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
I	AIRCRAFT GROUND HANDLING Mooring, jacking, leveling and towing operations – Preparation – Equipment – precautions – Engine starting procedures – Piston engine, turboprops and turbojets – Ground power unit.	10
II	GROUND SERVICING OF VARIOUS SUB SYSTEMS Air conditioning and pressurization – Oxygen and oil systems and their Maintenance – Engine mount and supercharger check	7
III	MAINTENANCE OF SAFETY Shop safety – Environmental cleanliness – Precautions – Preservation and De-preservation procedure	8
IV	INSPECTION Process - Purpose - Types - Inspection intervals - Techniques - Checklist - Special inspection - Publications, bulletins, various manuals - FAR Air worthiness directives - Type certificate Data sheets - ATA Specifications	10
V	AIRCRAFT HARDWARE, MATERIALS, SYSTEM PROCESSES Hand tools – Precision instruments – Special tools and equipments in an airplane maintenance shop – Identifiation terminology – Specification and correct use of various aircraft hardware (i.e. nuts, bolts, rivets, screws etc) – American and British systems of specifications – Threads, gears, bearings, etc – Drills, tapes and reamers – Identification of all types of fluid line fittings. Materials, metallic and non-metallic Plumbing connectors – Cables – Swaging procedures, tests, Advantages of swaging over splicing.	10
	Total Instructional Hours	45

CO1: Ability to carry out ground servicing of critical aircraft systems.

Course

CO2: Understand various subsystems and the safety precautions in maintenance.

Outcome

CO3: Identify the various safety procedures.

CO4: Knowledge on various inspection procedures

CO5: Knowledge in specifications standards of aircraft hardware systems.

TEXT BOOKS:

T1 - Kroes Watkins Delp, Aircraft Maintenance and Repair, McGraw Hill, New York, 1993.

T2 - Larry Reithmaier, Lawrence .W. Reithmaier, Standard Aircraft Handbook for Mechanics and Technicians, McGraw Hill Professional, 6th Edition, 1999.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1 - A&P Mechanics, Aircraft Hand Book, FAA Himalayan Book House, New Delhi, 1996.

R2 - A&P Mechanics, General Hand Book, FAA Himalayan Bok House, New Delhi, 1996.

R3 - Aviation Maintenance Technician Handbook-Power plant, FAA, Aviation Supplies & Academics, 2012, Vol. 2

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riogramme	Course Cour	Name of the Course					
B.E.	16AE5001	AIRCRAFT STRUCTURES LABORATORY	0	0	4	2	

Name of the Course

Course
Objective

1. To enable to understand the behavior of aircraft structural components under different loading conditions.
2. To provide the Principle involved in photo elasticity and its applications in stress analysis.
3. To study about non-destructive testing methods.

Expt. No.	Description of the Experiments
1.	Unsymmetrical Bending of a Cantilever Beam
2.	Constant strength Beam
3.	Combined bending and Torsion of a Hollow Circular Tube
4.	terial Fringe Constant of a Photo elastic Models
5.	Shear Centre of an open Channel Section
6.	Shear Centre of a Closed Section
7.	Vibration of a Cantilever Beam
8.	Fabrication of a Composite Laminate.
9.	Tension field beam.
10.	Study of non-destructive testing procedures
11.	Shear failure of bolted and riveted Joints

Course Code

Programme

Total Practical Hours 45

CO1: To perform Bending and Torsion test on beams.

CO2: Capability to locate the Shear center for the various cross section.

Course CO5: Ability to conduct Vibration test on beams.
Outcome CO4: Capability to fabricate composite specimen

Influence line study on beams

CO5: Ability to perform non-destructive testing to predict the properties of metabolic materials used in aircraft application.

List of Equipment (for a batch of 30 students)

S.No.	Name of the Equipment	Quantity	Experiment No.
1	400 kN Universal Testing Machine	1	10
2	Photo elasticity set up	1	4
3	Vibration set up with accessories	1	7
4	Wagner beam	1	9
5	Unsymmetrical bending set up	1	1
6	Set up for combined bending and torsion	1	3
7	Constant strength beam	1	2
8	Beams with weight hangers and dial gauges	1	12

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rrogram	me	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	1	P	C	
B.E.		16AE5002	PROPULSION LABORATORY	0	0	4	2	
Course Objective	7.	To familiarize students an To practically determine t To impart the knowledge		iston and ga	is turb	ine e	ngines	

Expt. No. Description of the Experiments 13. dy of aircraft piston engines 14. Study of aircraft gas turbine engines

- 15. Velocity profiles of free jets.
- 16. Velocity profiles of wall jets.
- 17. Study of Subsonic Ramjet engine
- 18. Cascade testing of compressor and turbine blades
- 19. Performance test on a 4-stroke engine
- 20. Determination of effectiveness of a parallel flow heat exchanger
- 21. Determination of effectiveness of a counter flow heat exchanger
- 22. Determination of heating value of a fuel

Total Practical Hours 45

Course
Outcome

Course
Outcome

CO1: Understand details of piston and gas turbine engine
CO2: Perform various testing on ducts, propellants, jet engine components
CO3: Perform test on diesel/petrol engine
CO4: Explain the characteristics of the diesel/Petrol engine

CO5: Determine the properties of the fuels.

	List of Equipment (for a batch of	f 30 students)	
Sl.No.	Name of the Equipment	Quantity	Experiment No.
15.	Aircraft Piston engine	1	. 1
16.	Aircraft gas turbine engine	1	2
17.	Jet facility with compressor and storage tank	1	3,4
18.	Multitube manometer	2	3,4
19.	Ramjet facility	1	5
20.	Cascade Wind tunnel	1	6
21.	Compressor and turbine blade set	1 each	6
22.	4 stroke twin cylinder diesel engine	1	7
23.	Parallel and counter flow heat exchanger test rig	1	8.9
24.	Bomb Calorimeter	1	10

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Programm	e	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
B.E.		16AE6201	AIRCRAFT STABILITY AND CONTROL	3	0	0	3
Course Objective	3. 4.	To familiarize with to familiarize with to familiarize with the familiar	atic and dynamic response and controls. he concept of Stability and control of Aircraft. various Aircraft motions and related stability. he concept of dynamic stability of Aircraft. tudinal, lateral, directional stability modes of an aircraft	t.(static	& dyn	amic)

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours			
I	GENERAL Degrees of freedom of a system, Static and dynamic stability, Need for stability in an airplane, purpose of controls, Inherently and marginally stable airplanes.	6			
П	STATIC LONGITUDINAL STABILITY Stick fixed: Basic equations of equilibrium, Stability criterion, Wing and tail moments, Effect of fuselage and nacelles, Effect of c.g. location, Power effects, Stabilizer setting and c.g. location, Elevator effects, stick fixed neutral point. Stick free: Hinge moment coefficients, Stick free neutral point symmetric maneuvers, stick force gradients and stick force per cg. Aerodynamic balancing of control surfaces.				
III	STATIC LATERAL STABILITY				
IV	IV SATATIC DIRECTIONAL STABILITY Weather cocking effect, rudder requirements. One engine inoperative conditions, rudder lock.				
V	DYNAMIC STABILITY Equation of motion, Stability derivatives, Routh's discriminant, solving the stability quadratic, Phugoid motion, factors affecting the period and damping- Dutch roll and spiral instability Auto rotation, spin and spin recovery, Two control airplane.	10			
	Total Instructional Hours	45			
	CO1: Calculate aircraft trim and static stability characteristics. CO2: Perform preliminary design computations to meet static stability and trim requirements. CO3: Identify the lateral and longitudinal modes and relate the important physical influences of aircraft properties on these modes. CO4: Determine the stability of the aircraft from the linearized equations of motion. CO5: Design the control surfaces according to the stability requirements.				

TEXT BOOKS:

T1 -Perkins, C.D., and Hage, R.E., "Airplane Performance stability and Control", John Wiley & Son:, Inc, New

T2 - Nelson, R.C., 'Flight Stability and Automatics Control', Second Edition, McGraw Hill, 1997.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1 - Etkin, B., "Dynamics of Flight Stability and Control", Edn. 2, John Wiley, New York, 1982.

R2 - L. J. Clancy, 'Aerodynamics', Pitman, 1986.
R3 -Houghton, E. L., and Caruthers, N. B., 'Aerodynamics for Engineering Students', Edward Arnold Publishers,

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Programme	e	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
B.E.		16AE6202	FINITE ELEMENT METHODS IN ENGINEERING	3	1	0	4
Course	2.		e formulation and the procedure of the finite eleme atical foundations of the finite element formulation			applic	ations
Objective			ious structural elements and their properties.				
,		[1] (1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [s acting on various structural elements.				
	5. 7	o analyze the field var	iable problems like heat transfer, fluid problems.				
			~ 22		1	nstru	ctional
Init			Description				urs

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
I	INTRODUCTION Introduction To Finite Element Method – Basic Concepts And Steps In Fem – Overview Of Approximate Methods For The Solution Of The Mathematical Models: Rayleigh-Ritz Methods, Methods Of Weighted Residuals (Galerkin, Least-Squares & Collocation Methods).	11
II	DISCRETE ELEMENTS Bar Elements - Uniform Section, Varying Sections - Mechanical And Thermal Loading – Linear And Quadratic Elements, Elimination And Penalty Approach. Plane Truss Analysis: Formulation Of Truss Element - Stiffness Matrix And Force Vector – Element Stress. Beam Bending-Governing Differential Equation For Beam Bending -Two Node Beam Element - Calculation Of Stresses In Beams.	15
III	CONTINUUM ELEMENTS Triangular (CST, LST): Plane Stress And Plane Strain Problems - Shape Function - Strain Displacement Matrix - Stress Strain Relationship Matrix - Force Vector - Nodal Displacements - Element Stress. Axisymmetric Elasticity Problems: Axisymmetric Triangular Element - Stress In Cylinders Subjected To Internal Pressure.	13
IV	ISOPARAMETRIC ELEMENTS Isoparametric Elements: Shape Functions For Quadrilateral Elements – Four Node Quadrilateral Elements – Serendipity Elements – Numerical Integration For Quadrilateral And Triangular Element Problems - Matrix Solution Techniques.	11
V	DYNAMIC AND FIELD VARIABLE PROBLEMS Longitudinal Vibration Of Bars, Lateral Vibration Of Beams, Steady State Heat Transfer: Element Formulations, Treatment To Boundary Conditions With Application To 1-D Heat Conduction, Heat Transfer Through Thin Fins, Fluid Flow Problems, Potential Flow Problems.	10
	Total Instructional Hours	60

CO1. Can understand different mathematical techniques used in FEM analysis and use them for solving structural and thermal problems.

Course

CO2. Calculate the stresses in one dimensional structures.

Outcome

- CO3. Calculate the stresses in two dimensional and axi-symmetric structures
- CO4. Evaluate the stresses in non-uniform higher order structures.
- CO5. Solving the field variable problems.

TEXT BOOKS:

- T1 Tirupathi.R. Chandrapatla and Ashok D. Belegundu., "Introduction to Finite Elements in Engineering", Prentice Hall India, Third Edition, 2003.
- T2 Rao.S.S., "Finite Element Method in Engineering", 3rd Ed., Butterworth-Heinemann, 1998.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1 - Larry J Segerlind., "Applied Finite Element Analysis", Second Edition, John Wiley and Sons, Inc. 1984.

R2 - Daryl L. Logan., "A First Course in the Finite Element Method", Cengage Learning, 2011.

R3 - Bathe, K.J. and Wilson, E.L., "Numerical Methods in Finite Elements Analysis", Prentice Hall of India,

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Programn	1e	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
B.E.		16AE6203	COMPOSITE MATERIALS AND STRUCTURES	3	0	0	3
	1.	To make the str conditions.	udent understand the analysis of composite laminates	under	differe	ent lo	oading
Course	2.	To gain knowleds	ge in failure theories of lamina.				
Objective	3.	To provide the m	athematical foundations of laminated plates.				
	4.	To give exposure	in various methods of fabrication of composite laminates.				
	5.	To Apply the kno	owledge in failure of sandwich construction				

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
I	MICROMECHANICS Introduction - advantages and application of composite materials - types of reinforcements and matrices - micro mechanics - mechanics of materials approach, elasticity approach- fiber volume ratio - mass fraction - density of composites.	10
II	MACROMECHANICS Generalized Hooke's Law - elastic constants for anisotropic, orthotropic and isotropic materials - macro mechanics - stress-strain relations with respect to natural axis, arbitrary axis - determination of in plane strengths of a lamina - experimental characterization of lamina. Failure theories of a lamina.	10
III	LAMINATED PLATE THEORY Governing differential equation for a laminate. Stress – strain relations for laminate - Different types of laminates - In plane and flexural constants of a laminate. Hygrothermal stresses and strains in a laminate. Impact resistance and interlaminar stresses. Netting analysis	11
IV	FABRICATION PROCESS AND REPAIR METHODS Various open and closed mould processes, manufacture of fibers, importance of repair and different types of repair techniques in composites – autoclave and non-autoclave methods.	7
V	SANDWICH CONSTRUCTIONS Basic design concepts of sandwich construction - materials used for sandwich construction - failure modes of sandwich panels - bending stress and shear flow in composite beams.	7
	Total Instructional Hours	45

CO1: Understanding the mechanics of composite materials.

Course

CO2: Identify and analyze the failure modes based on failure theories.

Outcome

CO3: Calculate the stresses and strains in a laminate.

CO4: Apply knowledge gained in manufacturing and repair of composites.

CO5: Solve the structural problems of sandwich panels.

TEXT BOOKS:

T1 - Dam Ishai., "Mechanics of Composite Materials,"

T2 - Autar K Kaw, "Mechanics of Composite Materials", CRC Press, 1997..

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1 - Agarwal, B.D., and Broutman, L.J., "Analysis and Performance of Fibre Composites," John Wiley and sons. Inc., New York, 1995.

R2 - Madhuji Mukhapadhyay, Mechanics of Composite Materials and Structures, University Press, 2004.

R3 - Allen Baker, "Composite Materials for Aircraft Structures", AIAA Series, II Edition, 1999.

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Programme

Course Code

Name of the Course

C

B.E.

16AE6001

AIRCRAFT DESIGN PROJECT

Course

1. To enable to understand the behavior of aircraft structural components under different loading conditions.

Objective

2. To provide the Principle involved in photo elasticity and its applications in stress analysis.

3. To study about non-destructive testing methods.

Expt. No.

Description of the Experiments

- Comparative studies of different types of airplanes and their specifications an performance 1. details with reference to the design work under taken.
- 2. Comparative graphs preparation and selection of main parameters for the design.
- 3. Preliminary weight estimation.
- 4. Power plant selection, aerofoil selection, fixing the geometry of Wing, tail, control surfaces
- 5. **Drag Estimation**
- 6. Detailed performance calculations and stability estimates.
- 7. V-n diagram.
- 8. Landing gear selection & design
- Preliminary design of an aircraft wing Shrenck's curve, structural load distribution, shear force, bending moment and torque diagrams
- Detailed design of an aircraft wing design of spars and stringers, bending stress and shear 10. flow calculations
- Preliminary design of an aircraft fuselage load distribution on an aircraft fuselage
- tailed design of an aircraft fuselage design of bulkheads and longerons –bending stress and shear flow calculations.
- Preparation of a detailed design report with CAD drawings 13.

Total Practical Hours

45

CO1: Ability design aircraft and demonstrate the performance of the design

CO2: Capacity to design g aircraft wings, fuselage, loading gears.

Course

CO3: Ability to angle the design in terms of structural point of view.

Outcome

CO4: Apply the knowledge of aircraft structure to choose suitable materials to different components of aircraft.

CO5: Ability to visualize and draw three view diagrams of the aircraft.

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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
B.E.	16AE6002	COMPUTER AIDED SIMULATION LABORATORY	0	0	4	2

1. To make the students familiarize with computational fluid dynamics.

Course

2. To practice on structural analysis software tools.

Objective

3. By employing these tools for Aerospace applications students will have an opportunity to expose themselves to simulation software.

Expt. No.	Description of the Experiments
1.	Simulation of flow through a Converging-diverging nozzle
2.	Simulation of flow through an axial flow compressor blade passage
3.	Simulation of supersonic flow over a wing of biconvex cross section
4.	Hot flow simulation through an axial flow turbine blade passage
5.	Simulation of flow through subsonic and supersonic diffusers
6.	Structural analysis of a tapered wing
7.	Structural analysis of a fuselage structure
8.	Analysis of a composite laminate structure
9.	Structural analysis of a landing gear
10.	Thermo structural analysis of a composite laminate structure

Total Practical Hours 45

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30 30 licenses

Course Outcome

CO1. Explore different simulation and analysis software tools. CO2. Execute design and analysis of various components. CO3. Simulate flow behavior and perform structural analysis. CO4. Analyze the problems for the better solution.

CO5. Students can meet the industry requirement excel in structural and flow analysis

List of Equipment (for a batch of 30 students)

Sl. No.	Equipment	
1	Internal server (or) Work station	
2	Computers	
	Modelling packages	
	(i) CATIA	
3	(ii) ANSYS	
	(iii) Pro E	
	(iv) NASTRAN	
4	UPS	
5	Printer	

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Programi	me	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
B.E.		16AE6003	AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS LABORATORY	0	0	4	2
Course Objective	1. 2. 3.	and rectification of cor To impart knowledge	ON HAND" experience in maintenance of various air mmon snags. on various checks of aircraft. out various trouble shooting methods.	frame sy	stems	in ai	rcraft

Expt. No.	Description of the Experiments
1.	Aircraft "Jacking Up" procedure
2.	Aircraft "Levelling" procedure
3.	Control System "Rigging check" procedure
4.	Aircraft "Symmetry Check" procedure
5.	"Flow test" to assess of filter element clogging
6.	"Pressure Test" To assess hydraulic External/Internal Leakage
7.	"Functional Test" to adjust operating pressure
8.	"Pressure Test" procedure on fuel system components
9.	"Brake Torque Load Test" on wheel brake units
10.	Maintenance and rectification of snags in hydraulic and fuel systems.

Total Practical Hours 45

Course Outcome

Course Outcome

CO1: Ability to carry out basic maintenance activities involved in aircraft.
CO2: Capable of carrying out symmetry checks.
CO3: Ability to conduct various pressure and functional tests.
CO4: Enable to rectify the snags in aircraft hydraulic & pneumatic systems.
CO5: Identification of reasons involved at the time of malfunctioning.

List of Equipment (for a batch of 30 students)

Sl. No.	Item	Quantity	Experiment No.
1	Serviceable aircraft with all above systems	1	1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10
2	Hydraulic Jacks (Screw Jack)	5	1,2,4,8
3	Trestle adjustable	5	1,2,4,8
4	Spirit Level	2	8
5	Levelling Boards	2	8
6	Cable Tensiometer	- 1	8
7	Adjustable Spirit Level	1	8
8	Plumb Bob	1	8

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PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-I

Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
B.E.	16AE5301	AIRCRAFT MATERIALS AND PROCESSES	3	0	0	3
Course Objective	 To analyze mecha To understand var To identify the var 	us types of materials and its structure nical behavior of materials ious types of corrosion in the materials rious types of composite materials and its uses eat treatment processes of aircraft materials				4:

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
I	ELEMENTS OF AEROSPACE MATERIALS Structure of solid materials – Atomic structure of materials – crystal structure – miller indices – density– packing factor – space lattices – x-ray diffraction – imperfection in crystals – physical metallurgy -general requirements of materials for aerospace applications.	9
II	MECHANICAL BEHAVIOUR OF MATERIALS Linear and non linear elastic properties – Yielding, strain hardening, fracture, Bauchinger's effect – Notch effect testing and flaw detection of materials and components – creep - fatigue – fracture mechanics.	9
III	HEAT TREATMENT AND CORROSION Types of corrosion – effect of corrosion on mechanical properties – stress corrosion cracking – corrosion resistance materials used for space vehicles heat treatment of carbon steels – aluminium alloys, magnesium alloys and titanium alloys – effect of alloying treatment, heat resistance alloys – Corrosion Resistant materials used in aircraft	10
IV	CERAMICS AND COMPOSITES Introduction – powder metallurgy - modern ceramic materials – cermets - cutting tools – glass ceramic –production of semi fabricated forms - plastics and rubber – carbon/carbon composites, fabrication processes involved in metal matrix composites - shape memory alloys – wood and fabric in aircraft construction	9
V	HIGH TEMPERATURE MATERIALS CHARACTERIZATION Classification, production and characteristics – methods and testing – determination of mechanical and thermal properties of materials at elevated temperatures – application of these materials in thermal protection systems of aerospace vehicles – Emerging trends in aerospace application	8
	Total Instructional Hours	45

Course Outcome	CO1. CO2. CO3. CO4. CO5.	Knowledge in evolution of materials and its structure. Ability to understand various material behaviour. Understand the role of corrosion and heat treatment processes of aircraft materials. Knowledge in usage of composite materials in aircraft component design. Exposure to high temperature materials for space applications.
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TEXT BOOKS:

T1 - Titterton.G., "Aircraft Materials and Processes", V Edition, Pitman Publishing Co., 1995.

T2 - Raghavan.V., "Materials Science and Engineering", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 1993

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1 - Martin, J.W., "Engineering Materials, Their properties and Applications", Wykedham Publications(London) Ltd., 1987.

R2 - Popov., "Engineering Mechanics of Solids", Prentice Hall of India.2003.

R3 - Van Vlack.L.H., "Materials Science for Engineers" Addison Wesley, 1985

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Programme		Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
B.E.		16AE5302	HEAT TRANSFER	3	0	0	3
	1.	To introduce the concept and conduction behavior	ots of heat transfer to enable the students un r of various solids.	derstand the t	herma	ıl syst	ems
Course	2.	To give mathematical l	knowledge of convection heat transfer for v	arious ambier	ice.		
Objective	3.		wledge to the Radiation heat transfer.				
	4.		merical methods employed to solve heat tra	nsfer problem	S.		
	5.		owledge about heat transfer problems in the				

Unit	Description	Instructiona Hours
I	HEAT CONDUCTION Basic Modes of Heat Transfer – One dimensional steady state heat conduction, Composite Medium – Critical thickness – Effect of variation of thermal Conductivity –Extended Surfaces – Unsteady state, Heat Conduction: Lumped System Analysis – Heat Transfer in Semi-infinite and infinite solids – Use of Transient – Temperature charts – Application of numerical techniques	11
П	CONVECTIVE HEAT TRANSFER Introduction – Free convection in atmosphere free convection on a vertical flat plate –Empirical relation in free convection – Forced convection – Laminar and turbulent convective heat transfer analysis in flows between parallel plates, over a flat plate and in a circular pipe. Empirical relations, application of numerical techniques in problem solving.	10
III	HEAT EXCHANGERS Classification – Temperature Distribution – Overall heat transfer coefficient, Heat Exchange Analysis – LMTD Method and E-NTU Method.	8
IV	RADIATIVE HEAT TRANSFER Introduction to Physical mechanism – Radiation properties – Radiation shape factors – Heat exchange between non – black bodies – Radiation shields.	8
V	HEAT TRANSFER PROBLEMS IN AEROSPACE ENGINEERING High-Speed flow Heat Transfer, Heat Transfer problems in gas turbine combustion chambers – Rocket thrust chambers – Aerodynamic heating – Ablative heat transfer.	8
	Total Instructional Hours	45
	Course Outcome Course Course Outcome Course Outcome Course	

A.Cengel.,"Heat Transfer - A practical approach", Second Edition, McGraw-Hill, 2002.

T2-Sachdeva, S.C., "Fundamentals of Engineering Heat & Mass Transfer", Wiley Eastern Ltd., New Delhi,

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1- Mathur, M. and Sharma, R.P. "Gas Turbine and Jet and Rocket Propulsion", Standard Publishers, New Delhi 1988.

R2 - Holman, J.P., "Heat Transfer", McGraw Hill Book Co. Inc., New York, Sixth Edition, 1991.

R3 - Lienhard, J.H., A Heat Transfer Text Book, Province to U.D.

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Programme B.E.	Course Code 16AE5303	Name of the Course BOUNDARY LAYER THEORY	L 3	T 0	P 0	C 3
Course Objective	 To impart knowled To understand the v To gain knowledge 	e about the concepts of basic flow equations. edge on the growth of boundary layer. various boundary layer profile. on the wake formation. out various boundary layer control techniques.				
Unit		Description		1	nstru Ho	ction: urs

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
I	FUNDAMENTAL EQUATIONS OF VISCOUS FLOW Fundamental equations of viscous flow, Conservation of mass, Conservation of Momentum-Navier-Stokes equations, Energy equation, Mathematical character of basic equations, Dimensional parameters in viscous flow, Non-dimensionalising the basic equations and boundary conditions, vorticity considerations, creeping flow, boundary layer flow	8
II	SOLUTIONS OF VISCOUS FLOW EQUATIONS Solutions of viscous flow equations, Couette flows, Hagen-Poisuelle flow, Flow between rotating concentric cylinders, Combined Couette-Poiseuille Flow between parallel plates, Creeping motion, Stokes solution for an immersed sphere, Development of boundary layer, Displacement thickness, momentum and energy thickness.	10
III	LAMINAR BOUNDARY LAYER Laminar boundary layer equations, Flat plate Integral analysis of Karman – Integral analysis of energy equation – Laminar boundary layer equations – boundary layer over a curved body-Flow separation- similarity solutions, Falkner–Skan wedge flows, Boundary layer temperature profiles for constant plate temperature –Reynold's analogy, Integral equation of Boundary layer – Pohlhausen method – Thermal boundary layer calculations.	10
IV	TURBULENT BOUNDARY LAYER Turbulence-physical and mathematical description, Two-dimensional turbulent boundary layer equations — Velocity profiles – The law of the wall – The law of the wake – Turbulent flow in pipes and channels – Turbulent boundary layer on a flat plate – Boundary layers with pressure gradient.	10
V	BOUNDARY LAYER CONTROL Boundary layer control in laminar flow-Methods of Boundary layer control: Motion of the solid wall- Acceleration of the boundary layer-Suction-Injection of different gas-Prevention of transition-Cooling of the wall-Boundary layer suction-Injection of a different gas.	7
	Total Instructional Hours	45

CO1.	Capable of identifying the flow types.
CO2.	Manipulating the growth of boundary layer thickness

Course
Outcome

CO2. Manipulating the growth of boundary layer thickness.
CO3. Capable of evaluating the effect of boundary layer.
CO4. Ability to understand the effect of wake in turbulent flow.
CO5. Acquire knowledge on control of boundary layer growth.

TEXT BOOKS:

T1 - White, F. M., Viscous Fluid Flow, McGraw-Hill & Co., Inc., New York 2008. T2 - NASA Technical reports, Numerical Simulation of Boundary Layers, 1986.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1 - Schlicting, H., Boundary Layer Theory, McGraw-Hill, New York, 1979.

R2 - Reynolds, A, J., Turbulent Flows Engineering, John Wiley and Sons, 1980.

R3 - Stephen B.Pope, Turbulent flows, Cambridge University Press, 2008.

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Programme		Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
B.E.		16AE5304	PRINCIPLES OF MANAGEMENT	3	0	0	3
			(Only for AERO)				
	1.	To introduce the b	asic of management.				
Course	2.	To impart knowledge about planning					
Objective	3.	To gain more knowledge on organizing and staffing					
Objective	4.	To impart knowled	dge about directing				
	5.	Students will also	gain some basic knowledge on controlling				

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
1	INTRODUCTION TO MANAGEMENT Definition of Management - Science or Art - Manager Vs Entrepreneur- Management and Administration - Development of Management Thought - Contribution of Taylor and Fayol - Functions of Management - Types of Business Organisation.	9
П	PLANNING Nature & Purpose - Steps involved in Planning - Objectives - Setting Objectives - Process of Managing by Objectives - Strategies, Policies & Planning Premises- Forecasting - Decision-making.	8
III	ORGANISING AND STAFFING Nature and Purpose - Types of Organization - Organization Chart - Structure and Process - Departmentalization by difference strategies - Line and Staff authority - Benefits and Limitations - Difference between authority and power- Centralization , De-Centralization and Delegation of Authority - Staffing - Selection Process - Techniques - Human Recourse management .	10
IV	DIRECTING Scope - Human Factors - Creativity and Innovation - Leadership - Types of Leadership Motivation - Hierarchy of needs - Motivation theories - Motivational Techniques - Job Enrichment - Communication - Process of Communication - Barriers and Breakdown - Effective Communication - Electronic media in Communication.	9
V	CONTROLLING System and process of Controlling - Requirements for effective control - budgetary and non-budgetary control techniques - Information Technology in Controlling - Use of computers in handling the information - Productivity - Problems and Management - Direct and Preventive Control - Reporting - The Global Environment - Globalization and Liberalization.	9
	Total Instructional Hours	45

	CO1.	Knowledge of management
Course Outcome	CO2.	Ability to have clear understanding of planning
	CO3.	Ability to have clear understanding of organizing and staffing
	CO4.	Ability to have clear understanding of staffing
	CO5.	Have some basic knowledge on international aspect of management

TEXT BOOKS:

T1 - Harold Kooritz & Heinz Weihrich "Essentials of Management", Tata McGraw-Hill, 1998

T2 - Tripathy PC & Reddy PN, "Principles of Management", Tata McGraw Hill, 1999.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1 - Charles W L Hill, Steven L McShane, 'Principles of Management', Mcgraw Hill.

R2 - Joseph L Massie "Essentials of Management", Prentice Hall of India, (Pearson) Fourth Edition, 2003.

R3 - Stephen P. Robbins & Mary Coulter, "Management", 10th Edition, Prentice Hall (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2009.

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PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-II

Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
B.E.	16AE6301	THEORY OF ELASTICITY	3	0	0	3
Course Objective	application 2. To make the studer various loadings and 3. Students can able to 4. To execute a reaso boundary conditions	some real problem and to formulate the cond nt understand the elastic behavior of different d boundary conditions. analyze the result of solution by standard componable choice of parameters of the model (go s)	structural o	compo rogran ateria	onents ms l prop	under perties,

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
I	BASIC EQUATIONS OF ELASTICITY Definition of Stress and Strain: Stress - Strain relationships - Equations of Equilibrium, Compatibility equations, Boundary Conditions, Saint Venant's principle - Principal Stresses, Stress Ellipsoid - Stress invariants.	9
II	PLANE STRESS AND PLANE STRAIN PROBLEMS Airy's stress function, Bi-harmonic equations, Polynomial solutions, Simple two dimensional problems in Cartesian coordinates like bending of cantilever and simply supported beams.	9
III	POLAR COORDINATES Equations of equilibrium, Strain - displacement relations, Stress - strain relations, Airy's stress function, Axi - symmetric problems, Introduction to Dunder's table, Curved beam analysis, Lame's, Kirsch, Michell's and Boussinesque problems - Rotating discs.	9
IV	TORSION Navier's theory, St. Venant's theory, Prandtl's theory on torsion, semi- inverse method and applications to shafts of circular, elliptical, equilateral triangular and rectangular sections. Membrane Analogy.	9
V	INTRODUCTION TO THEORY OF PLATES AND SHELLS Classical plate theory — Assumptions — Governing equations — Boundary conditions — Navier's method of solution for simply supported rectangular plates — Levy's method of solution for rectangular plates under different boundary conditions.	9
	Total Instructional Hours	45
	CO1: Understand the fundamental equations used for forming the equilibrium equations.	

Course

CO2: Able to find stress in two dimensional structures using Cartesian co-ordinates

Outcome

CO3: Able to find stress in polar co-ordinates and axi-symmetric structures.

CO4: Able to solve stress in cylindrical structures.

CO5: Introduction to methods used for solving plate and shell structures.

TEXT BOOKS:

- T1 Timoshenko, S., and Goodier, T.N., "Theory of Elasticity", McGraw Hill Ltd., Tokyo, 1990.
- T2 Bhaskar, K., and Varadan, T. K., "Theory of Isotropic/Orthotropic Elasticity", CRC Press USA, 2009. REFERENCE BOOKS:
- R1 Volterra & J.H. Caines, "Advanced Strength of Materials", Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 1991
- R2 Sokolnikoff, I. S., "Mathematical Theory of Elasticity", McGraw Hill, New York, 1978.
 R3 Wang, C. T., "Applied Elasticity", McGraw Hill, C6. New York, 1993

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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
B.E.	16AE6302	INTRODUCTION TO CRYOGENICS	3	0	0	3
Course Objective	To predict the stora To analyze the oper To understand the t	ge on the cryogenic fluids ge problems of cryogenic fluids rating cycles hermodynamics of cryogenics pplications of cryogenics				

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Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
I	INTRODUCTION Historical Background - Introduction to cryogenic propellants - Liquid hydrogen, liquid helium, liquid nitrogen and liquid oxygen and their properties	7
II	LOW TEMPERATURE PRODUCTION Theory behind the production of low temperature - Expansion engine heat exchangers - Cascade process Joule Thompson Effect - Magnetic effect - Ortho and H2 - Helium4 and Helium 3	10
III	EFFICIENCY OF CRYOGENIC SYSTEMS Types of losses and efficiency of cycles - specific amount of cooling - The fraction liquified – Cooling coefficient of performance - Thermodynamic efficiency – The energy balance Method	10
IV	OPERATION CYCLES OF CRYOGENIC PLANTS Classification of cryogenic cycles - The structure of cycles - Throttle expansion cycles - Expander cycles - Thermodynamic analysis - Numerical problems	10
V	CRYOGENIC IN AEROSPACE APPLICATIONS Cryogenic liquids in missile launching and space simulation Storage of cryogenic liquids - Effect of cryogenic liquids on properties of aerospace materials - Cryogenic loading problems - Zero gravity problems associated with cryogenic propellants - Phenomenon of tank collapse - Elimination of Geysering effect in missiles	8
	Total Instructional Hours	45

Course Outcome	CO1. CO2. CO3.	Understand the evolution of cryogenic fluids Understand the storage problems of cryogenic fluids Ability to predict the heat transfer characteristics
Outcome	CO4.	Identification of operating cycles
	CO5.	Knowing the application of cryogenics

TEXT BOOKS:

T1 - Haseldom, G., Cryogenic Fundamentals, Academic Press, 1971

T2 - Barron, R. F., Cryogenic Systems, Oxford University, 1985

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1 - Parner, S. F., Propellant Chemistry, Reinhold Publishing Corpn., New York 1985

R2 - Randall Barron., Cryogenics systems, Mc Graw Hill Book Co R3 - Valery V. Kostionk., "A Text Book Of Cryogenics", Discovery Publishing House, 2003

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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
B.E.	16AE6303	WIND TUNNEL TECHNIQUES		0	0	3
	To interpret the base wind tunnel testing	sic concepts of measurement of forces and momen	nts on mod	lels du	ring t	the
Course	To understand the	application of various types of wind tunnels.				
Objective	To know the calib	ration techniques used in wind tunnels.				
	4. To learn the basic	measurement procedure involving wind tunnel tes	sting			
	5. To study the vario	us flow visualization methods in wind tunnels.				

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
Ι	PRINCIPLES OF MODEL TESTING Buckingham Theorem – Non-Dimensional Numbers – Scale Effect Types of Similartes.	6
II	WIND TUNNELS Introduction to wind tunnels - Classification - Special problems of Testing in Subsonic, Transonic, supersonic and hypersonic speed regions - Layouts - sizing and design parameters.	8
III	CALIBRATION OF WIND TUNNELS Test section speed – Horizontal buoyancy – Flow angularities – Turbulence measurements – Associated instrumentation – Calibration of supersonic tunnels.	11
IV	WIND TUNNEL MEASUREMENTS Pressure and velocity measurements – Force measurements – Three component and six component balances – Internal balances	12
V	FLOW VISUALIZATION Smoke and Tuft grid techniques – Dye injection special techniques – Optical methods of flow visualization.	8
	Total Instructional Hours	45

CO1: Understand the principles and opretion of windtunnels CO2: Analyse the different components in wind tunnel CO3: Calibrate the wind tunnel CO4: Ability to measure various flow parameters

CO5: Visualize the flow over the component by using various techniques

TEXT BOOKS:

Course

Outcome

T1 - Rae, W.H. and Pope, A. "Low Speed Wind Tunnel Testing", John Wiley Publication, 1984.

T2 - NAL-UNI Lecture Series 12:" Experimental Aerodynamics", NAL SP 98 01 April 1998

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1 - Pope, A., and Goin, L., "High Speed wind Tunnel Testing", John Wiley, 1985.
R2 - Lecture course on "Advanced Flow diagnostic techniques" 17-19 September 2008 NAL, Bangalore.

R3 - Rathakrishnan, E., "Instrumentation, Measurements, and Experiments in Fluids," CRC Press - Taylor & Francis, 2007.

Programme		Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
B.E.		16AE6304	AERO ENGINE MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR	3	0	0	3
	1.	To make the st	udents understand about the piston engine and its operation	1.			
	2.	To interpret th	e basic concepts of inspections of piston engines				
Course	3.	To learn the fu	ndamentals of propeller and its inspection methods.				
Objective	4.	To make the st	udents to familiarize with the Aircraft engine maintenance	proce	dure a	nd pr	actice.
	5.		asic concepts of the maintenance and repair of both piston a followed for overhaul of aero engines.	ind jet	aero	engin	es and

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
Ι	PISTON ENGINE Types of piston engines – Principles of operation – Function of components – Materials used – Details of starting the engines – Details of carburetion and injection systems for small and large engines – Ignition system components – Spark plug details – Engine operating conditions at various altitudes – Lubrication system, Maintenance and inspection checks to be carried out. INSPECTIONS OF PISTON ENGINES	8
II	Inspection and maintenance and troubleshooting – Inspection of all engine components – Daily and routine checks – Overhaul procedures – Compression testing of cylinders – Special inspection schedules – Engine fuel, control and exhaust systems – Engine mount and super charger – Checks and inspection procedures. Methods and instruments for non-destructive testing techniques – Equipment for replacement of part and their repair	8
III	PROPELLERS Propeller theory - operation, construction assembly and installation - Pitch change mechanism- Propeller axially system- Damage and repair criteria - General Inspection procedures - Checks on constant speed propellers - Pitch setting, Propeller Balancing, Blade cuffs, Governor/Propeller operating conditions - Damage and repair criteria.	10
IV	JET ENGINES, TESTING AND INSPECTION Types of jet engines – Fundamental principles – Bearings and seals - Inlets - compressors- turbines-exhaust section – classification and types of lubrication and fuels- Materials used - Details of control, starting around running and operating procedures – Inspection and Maintenance- permissible limits of damage and repair criteria of engine components- internal inspection of engines- compressor washing-field balancing of compressor fans- Component maintenance procedures - Systems maintenance procedures - use of instruments for online maintenance - Special inspection procedures- Foreign Object Damage - Blade damage . Maintenance procedures of gas turbine engines – Trouble shooting and rectification procedures.	12
V	OVERHAULING Engine overhaul – Overhaul procedures- inspection and cleaning of the components – repair schedules for overhaul- balancing of gas turbine components Trouble shooting: procedures for trouble shooting – condition monitoring of the engine on ground and at flight – engine health monitoring and corrective methods.	7
	Total Instructional Hours	45

CO1:Apply maintenance procedure to Aircraft Engines

Course

CO2: Identify the engine components and faults

Outcome

CO3:Knowing the fundamentals of propellers.

CO4:Apply non-destructive testing procedures to identify the defects

CO5: Apply overhauling procedure to new engines

TEXT BOOKS:

T1 - KROES & WILD, "Aircraft Power plants", 7th Edition - McGraw Hill, New York, 1994.

T2 - Brimm D.J. Bogges H.E., "Aircraft Maintenance", Pitman Publishing corp., New York, 1940.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1 - Turbomeca, "Gas Turbine Engines", The English Book Store", New Delhi, 1993.

R2 - United Technologies Pratt & Whitney, "The Aircraft Gas turbine Engine and its Operation", The English Book Store, New Delhi.

R3 - Mekinly, J.L. and Bent, R.D., "Aircraft Power Plants", McGraw Hill, 1993.

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OPEN ELECTIVE - I

Programme B.E.		e	Course Code 16AE6401	Name of the Course INTRODUCTION TO FLIGHT	L 3	T 0	P 0	C 3
	Course Objective 1. To understand the concept of flying and instruments associated with it. 2. To gain knowledge about the structural design and material of aircraft components. 3. To provide the basic idea about the working principle of aircraft power plants. 4. To understand the concept of space vehicles. 5. To gain knowledge on helicopter flight mechanism.							
Unit	Description							ctional ours
I	INTRODUCTION TO AIRPLANES Introduction, historical background, Different types of flight vehicles, Components of an airplane and their functions. Conventional control, Basic instruments for flying. Physical properties and structure of the atmosphere, (Temperature, Pressure and altitude relationships), Evolution of lift, Drag and moment. Aero foils, Avionics: Flight deck and cockpit.						3	9
II	AIRPLANE STRUCTURES AND MATERIALS Introduction to structural design of Aircraft and spacecraft, flight loads, general types of construction, Monocoque, Semi-monocoque and composite structure construction, Typical wing and fuselage structure, Metallic and Non metallic materials, Use of aluminium alloy, titanium, stainless steel and composite materials in aerospace.						}	9
III	AIRCRAFT ENGINES Selection of power plants: piston, turbo-propeller, turbofan, and jet engines with after burner / thrust augmentation thrust vector control, FADEC. Use of propeller and jets for thrust production, Comparative merits. Theory of Propellers.						,	9
IV	SPACE SYSTEM DESIGN Overview on space environment, introduction to space debris, Launch site selection, Brief introduction to rockets, ramjet, and SCRAMJET, Thrust vector control mechanisms, staging of rockets, space mission, re-entry vehicles, life support systems for manned space missions, Fuel cells, Introduction to space mechanics to satellites, Interplanetary missions, Space exploration.							9
V	ROTORCRAFT, UAVs, AND AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS Introduction to Helicopters and Micro-lights. Introduction to UAVs and MAVs. Types and applications, Maintenance, safety and operations. Basic principles and lay out of various aircraft systems: Hydraulic system, Aircraft Fuel system, Engine fuel system, Air conditioning and Pressurization system Flight control system, Navigation and Weapon control system, Under carriage and Brake system, High lift devices.							9
				Total Instructi	onal Hour	S	4	15
Ou	ourse atcome	CO1 CO2 CO3 CO4 CO5	Capable of choosiUnderstand aboutAbility to understa	the fundamentals of various flight configurations, ng the correct material for specified components, the basic science of aircraft engines, and about the space vehicles behavior, menting the ideas on helicopter aerodynamics.				

- T1 Anderson J.D., Introduction to Flight, McGraw-Hill 7th edition, 2013.
- T2 Austin R., Unmanned Aircraft Systems, AIAA Education Series, 2010.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1 - Dava Newman, Interactive Aerospace Engineering and Design, McGraw-Hill. 2nd edition., 2002.

R2 - Kermode, A.C., "Mechanics of Flight", Himalayan Book, 1997 R3 - Kermode A.C, "Flight without formulae", Paragraph Education, Education,, Fifth edition, 1989.

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SYLLABUS

SEMESTER VII

2021

Programme	C	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
B.E.		16AE7201	AVIONICS	3	0	0	3
Course Objective	2. 3. 4.	To impart knowledge a To gain more knowledge To impart knowledge a	of avionics and its need for civil and military about the avionic architecture, various avioning ge on flight decks and cockpits about the navigation systems ge on air data systems and autopilot		3		

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
1	INTRODUCTION TO AVIONICS Need for avionics in civil and military aircraft and space systems – integrated avionics and weapon systems – typical avionics subsystems, Design, technologies.	9
II	DIGITAL AVIONICS ARCHITECTURE Avionics system architecture – data buses – MIL-STD-1553B – ARINC – 429 – ARINC – 629.	9 .
III	FLIGHT DECKS AND COCKPITS Control and display technologies: CRT, LED, LCD, EL and plasma panel – Touch screen – Direct voice input (DVI) – Civil and Military Cockpits: MFDS, HUD, MFK, HOTAS.	9
IV	INTRODUCTION TO NAVIGATION SYSTEMS Radio navigation – ADF, DME, VOR, LORAN, DECCA, OMEGA, ILS, MLS – Inertial Navigation Systems (INS) – Inertial sensors, INS block diagram – Satellite navigation systems – GPS.	9
V	AIR DATA SYSTEMS AND AUTO PILOT Air data quantities – Altitude, Air speed, Vertical speed, Mach Number, Total air temperature, Mach warning, Altitude warning – Auto pilot – Basic principles, Longitudinal and lateral auto pilot.	9
	Total Instructional Hours	45

CO1: Knowledge of avionics sub systems used in civil and military aircrafts.

Course

CO2: Ability to build Digital avionics architecture

Outcome

CO3: Ability to design flight decks and cockpits

CO4: Ability to design Navigation system

CO5: Ability to design and perform analysis on air system

TEXT BOOKS:

T1 - Albert Helfrick.D., "Principles of Avionics", Avionics Communications Inc., 2004

T2 - Collinson.R.P.G. "Introduction to Avionics", Chapman and Hall, 1996.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1 - Middleton, D.H., Ed., "Avionics systems, Longman Scientific and Technical", Longman Group UK Ltd., England, 1989.

R2 - Spitzer, C.R. "Digital Avionics Systems", Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs, N.J., U.S.A. 1993.

R3 - Pallet.E.H.J., "Aircraft Instruments and Integrated Systems", Longman Scientific

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19.1

Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course COMPUTATIONAL FLUID DYNAMICS		T	P	C
B.E.	16AE7202			0	0	3
Course Objective	 To introduce the To enable the st To enable the st 	overning Equations of viscous fluid flows e grid generation techniques udents to understand the various discretization method udents to understand the solution procedures and turbu dence to solve the complex problems using finite volun	lence m		ıg	

Unit	t Description			
I	FUNDAMENTAL CONCEPTS Introduction – Governing equations of Fluid Dynamics - Incompressible In viscid Flows: Source, vortex and doublet panel, methods - lifting flows over arbitrary bodies. Mathematical properties of Fluid Dynamics Equations - Elliptic, Parabolic and Hyperbolic equations - Well posed problems - discretization of partial Differential Equations.			
II	GRID GENERATION Grids- Classification of grids and transformations. Generation of structured grids. Unstructured grids. Delany triangulation, Advanced front technique.			
III	DISCRETIZATION Discretization and its importance, Boundary layer Equations and methods of solution -Implicit time dependent methods for inviscid and viscous compressible flows - Concept of numerical dissipation — Stability properties of explicit and implicit methods - Conservative upwind discretization for Hyperbolic systems - Further advantages of upwind differencing. Explicit and implicit method for subsonic and supersonic flows.			
IV	FINITE ELEMENT TECHNIQUES Overview of Finite Element Techniques in Computational Fluid Dynamics. History of finite element techniques. Strong and Weak Formulations of a Boundary Value Problem.			
V	Finite Vo Kutta Tin Time Ste	VOLUME TECHNIQUES clume Techniques - Cell Centered Formulation - Lax - Vendoroff Time Stepping - Runge - the Stepping - Multi - stage Time Stepping - Accuracy - Cell Vertex Formulation - Multistage pping - FDM -like Finite Volume Techniques - Central and Up-wind Type Discretizations - tt of Derivatives. Flux - splitting schemes. Pressure correction solvers - SIMPLE, PESO.	14	
		Total Instructional Hours	45	
	Course	CO1: To create numerical modeling and its role in the field of fluid flow and heat transfer CO2: To learn the various grid generating techniques. CO3: To use the various discretization methods and boundary layer equations. CO4: To learn the various solution methods used in finite element techniques. CO5: To learn the solution procedures and turbulence modeling to solve flow and heat transfer.	sfer problems	

CO5: To learn the solution procedures and turbulence modeling to solve flow and heat transfer problems

TEXT BOOKS:

T1 - Fletcher, C.A.J., "Computational Techniques for Fluid Dynamics", Vols. I and II, Springer - Verlag, Berlin, 1988.

T2 - John F. Wendt (Editor), "Computational Fluid Dynamics - An Introduction", Springer - Verlag, Berlin, 1992

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1 - Charles Hirsch, "Numerical Computation of Internal and External Flows", Vols. I and II.John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1988.

R2 - Klaus A Hoffmann and Steve T. Chiang. "Computational Fluid Dynamics for Engineers", Vols. I & II Engineering Education System, P.O. Box 20078, W. Wichita, K.S., 67208 - 1078 USA, 1993.

R3 - Anderson, Jr.D., "Fundamentals of Aerodynamics", McGraw-Hill, 2000.

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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
B.E.	16AE7001	AERO ENGINE AND AIRFRAME LABORATORY	0	0	4	2

Course Objective

- 1. To introduce the knowledge of the maintenance procedures followed for overhaul of aero engines.
- 2. To introduce the knowledge of the repair procedures followed for overhaul of aero engines.

3. To study about welding of aircraft components.

Expt.

No.

Description of the Experiments

- 1. gine (Piston Engine) cleaning, visual inspection, NDT checks.
- 2. Engine starting procedures.
- 3. Study of Camshaft operation, firing order and magneto, study of carburetor and valve timing.
- 4. Study of lubrication and cooling system Piston Engine.
- 5. Riveted patch repairs.
- 6. Tube bending and flaring
- 7. eet metal forming
- 8. Study on MIG, TIG & PLASMA welding of aircraft components
- 9. Welded patch repair
- 10. Aircraft wood gluing-Single scarf joint and Double scarf joint

Total Practical Hours 45

Course Outcome CO1: Ability to maintain the aero engines. CO2: Ability to repair the aero engines.

CO3: Knowledge in overhaul of aero engines.

CO4: Ability to perform welding of aircraft components.

CO5: Knowledge of the aircraft joints.

List of Equipment (for a batch of 30 students)

Sl. No.	Equipments	Qty.
1	Aircraft Piston engines	1
2	Set of basic tools for dismantling and assembly	1 set
3	NDT equipment	1 set
4	Micrometers, depth gauges, Vernier calipers	2 sets
5	Valve timing disc	1
6	Shear cutter pedestal type	1
7	Drilling Machine	1
8	Bench Vices	1
9	Radius Bend bars	1
10	Pipe Flaring Tools	1
11	Welding machine	1

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Programme		Course Code	Name of the Course		L	T	P	C				
B.E.		16AE7002		AVIONIC	S LAB	ORAT	ORY		0	0	4	2
Course Objective	1. 2. 3.	This laboratory is microprocessor app To study about disp To study the stabilit	lications ir lays fault t	n Control su tolerant con	rface.			digital	electronics	circu	uits,	various

Expt. No.	Description of the Experiments
1.	Addition/Subtraction of 8 bit and 16 bit data for control surface deflection.
2.	Sorting of Data in Ascending & Descending order for voting mechanism.
3.	Sum of a given series with and without carry for identifying flap data
4.	Greatest in a given series & Multi-byte addition in BCD mode.
5.	Addition/Subtraction of binary numbers using adder and Subtractor circuits.
6.	Multiplexer & Demultiplexer Circuits
7.	Encoder and Decoder circuits.
8.	Stability analysis using Root locus, Bode plot techniques.
9.	Design of lead, lag and lead -lag compensator for aircraft dynamics
10.	Performance Improvement of Aircraft Dynamics by Pole placement technique.

Total Practical Hours

45

Course Outcome CO1: Ability to write the programme for control surface deflection.

CO2: Ability to use microprocessor in Flight control. CO3: Ability to understand digital electronics circuits.

CO4: Ability to perform stability analysis

15: Knowledge of the design of avionic systems using MATLAB

List of Equipment (for a batch of 30 students)

S.No.	Details of Equipments	Quantity	Experiment Nos.
1.	Microprocessor 8085 Kit	10	1,2,3,4
2.	Adder/Subtractor Binary bits Kit	10	5
3.	Encoder Kit	10	7
4.	Decoder Kit	10	7
5.	Multiplexer Kit	10	6
6.	Demultiplexer Kit	10	6
7.	computers	10	8,9,10
8.	Regulated power supply*	10	5,6,7
9.	MATLAB software		8,9,10

*Is not needed when regulated power supply is in built.

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PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-III

Programme	Course Code Name of the Course		L	T	P	C
B.E.	16AE7301	VIBRATIONS AND ELEMENTS OF AEROELASTICITY		0	0	3
Course Objective	 To learn the Eigen To get the natural of To Familiarize with 	of time dependent forces on mechanical systems value and vector problems characteristics of continuous system. In the Approximate Methods clastic effects of aircraft wing.				

Unit		Description	Instructional Hours				
I	Introduction to simple harm	SINGLE DEGREE OF FREEDOM SYSTEMS Introduction to simple harmonic motion, D'Alembert's principle, free vibrations, forced vibrations – with and without damping – support excitation – transmissibility – vibration measuring instruments.					
П	MULTI DEGREES OF FREEDOM SYSTEMS Two degrees of freedom systems - static and dynamic couplings - vibration absorber- principal coordinates - principal modes and orthogonal conditions - Eigen value problems - Lagrangean equations and application.						
III	CONTINUOUS SYSTEMS Vibration of elastic bodies - vibration of strings – longitudinal, lateral and torsional vibrations						
IV	APPROXIMATE METHODS V Approximate methods - Rayleigh's method - Dunkerlay's method - Rayleigh-Ritz method, Holzer method, matrix iteration method.						
V	Vibration due to coupling of bending and torsion - Aeroelastic problems - Collars triangle - wing divergence - aileron control reversal - flutter - buffeting elements of servo elasticity						
		Total Instructional Hours	45				
	CO1. CO2. CO3. CO4. CO5.	Gaining understanding of single Ability to solve multi-degree vibrating systems Blast to continuous systems Ability to use numerical techniques for vibration problems Knowledge acquired in aero elasticity and fluttering					

TEXT BOOKS

T1 - Timoshenko S., "Vibration Problems in Engineering" - John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1993.

T2 - V. P. Singh, 'Mechanical Vibrations', Fourth Edition, Dhanpat Rai and Co., 2014.

REFERENCE BOOKS

R1 - Grover, G.K., "Mechanical Vibrations", 7th Edition, Nem Chand Brothers, Roorkee, India, 2003

R2 - Bisplinghoff R.L., Ashely H and Hogman R.L., "Aeroelasticity", Addision Wesley Publication, New Tork,

R3 - Singiresu S. Rao, 'Mechanical Vibrations', Fifth Edition, Prentice Hall, 2011.

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Programme		Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
B.E.		16AE7302	SATELLITE PROPULSION	3	0	0	3
Course Objective	2. 3. 4.	To understand the orbita To analyze the various the	hrusters for satellites ge in the control of spacecraft.	onal scenario			

Unit	Description					
I	INTRODUCTION TO SATELLITE PROPULSION Introduction – Classification of space propulsion– Mission requirements –Mission analysis- Current status of Indian rocket programme with respect to international scenario					
II	BASICS OF SATELLITE PROPULSION Approximate ΔV for Low-Thrust Spiral Climb- Re-positioning in Orbits-Brophy's Theory- Thrust Calculation -Numerical Problems.					
III	THRUSTERS FOR SPACE PROPULSION Chemical Thrusters for In-Space Propulsion-Bipropellant Chemical Thrusters and Chemical Propulsion Systems Consideration (Valving, Tanks, etc.)- Small Solid Propellant Rockets for In-space Propulsion-Electrostatic Thrusters-Hall Thruster-Electrostatic versus Electromagnetic Thrusters-Colloidal Engines- solar- Hall Thruster Efficiency- Electric Propulsion					
IV	CONTROL OF SATELLITES IV Satellite Vector Control – Methods, Thrust determination, - Orbit Optimization - Orbit Separation Dynamics - Separation Techniques, Types of aerodynamics control in satellite					
V	WATERIALS FOR SATELLITE Selection of Materials - Special Requirements of Materials to Perform under Adverse Conditions.					
			Total Instructional Hours	45		
	Course atcome	CO1. CO2. CO3. CO4.	Understanding evolution of satellite propulsion Understanding separation techniques of satellite Identify suitable thrusters for satellites Knowledge on control of satellites			

TEXT BOOKS:

T1 - Cornelisse, J.W., "Rocket Propulsion and Space Dynamics", J.W., Freeman & Co. Ltd., London, 1982.

Ability to identify suitable materials for satellites

T2 - Charles D. Brown., "Spacecraft Propulsion", AIAA, 1996 REFERENCE BOOKS:

CO5.

R1 - Parket, E.R., "Materials for Missiles and Spacecraft", McGraw-Hill Book Co. Inc., 1982.

R2 - Vincent L. Pisacane., "Fundamentals of Space Systems", Oxford University Press, 2005

R3 - Martin J. L. Turner., "Rocket and Spacecraft Propulsion", Springer Science & Business Media, 2008.



Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
B.E.	16AE7303	ROCKETS AND MISSILES	3	0	0	3
Course Objective	 To know types of ro To enrich their known To understand space To know the stagin To select materials 	g of rockets	ernational so	cenari	o	

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
Ι	CLASSIFICATION OF ROCKETS AND MISSILES Various methods of classification of missiles and rockets – Basic aerodynamic characteristics of surface to surface, surface to air, air to surface and air to air missiles – Examples of various Indian space launch vehicles and missiles – Current status of Indian rocket programme with respect to international scenario	10
П	AERODYNAMICS OF ROCKETS AND MISSILES Airframe Components of Rockets and Missiles - Forces Acting on a Missile While Passing Through Atmosphere Classification of Missiles - methods of Describing Aerodynamic Forces and Moments - Lateral Aerodynamic Moment - Lateral Damping Moment and Longitudinal Moment of a Rocket - lift and Drag Forces - Drag Estimation - Body Upwash and Downwash in Missiles - Rocket Dispersion - Numerical Problems.	10
III	ROCKET MOTION IN FREE SPACE AND GRAVITATIONAL FIELD Introduction – Kepler's laws of planetary motion - One Dimensional and Two Dimensional rocket Motions in Free Space and Homogeneous Gravitational Fields - description of Vertical, Inclined and Gravity Turn Trajectories - Determination of range and Altitude Simple Approximations to Burnout Velocity.	10
IV	STAGING AND CONTROL OF ROCKETS AND MISSILES Rocket Vector Control – Methods, SITVC termination, Thrust determination, Multi staging of rockets - Vehicle Optimization - Stage Separation Dynamics - Separation Techniques, Types of aerodynamics control in missiles	10
V	MATERIALS FOR ROCKETS AND MISSILES Selection of Materials - Special Requirements of Materials to Perform under Adverse Conditions.	5
	Total Instructional Hours	45

CO1: Knowledge to classify rockets and missiles

CO2: Understanding aerodynamics of rocket and missiles

Course Outcome

CO3: Abilty to analyse the motion of rockets CO4: Knowledge on stages and control of rockets & missiles

CO5: Select suitable materials for various systems

TEXT BOOKS:

T1 - Sutton, G.P., "Rocket Propulsion Elements", John Wiley & Sons Inc., New York, 1993.

T2 - Cornelisse, J.W., "Rocket Propulsion and Space Dynamics", J.W., Freeman & Co. Ltd., London, 1982.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1 - Mathur, M., and Sharma, R.P., "Gas Turbines and Jet and Rocket Propulsion", Standard Publishers, New

R2 - Parket, E.R., "Materials for Missiles and Spacecraft", McGraw-Hill Book Co. Inc., 1982

R3 - J. Ras.,"Design of Space and Missile Rocket Engines", CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform,

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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course		T	P	C
B.E.	16AE7304	AIRFRAME MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR	3	0	0	3
Course Objective	components. 2. Understanding 3. To know how t 4. To know the va	on plastics used in aircrafts. o jack, rig and assembles the aircrafts' components. rious components used in hydraulic and pneumatic system are methods to carry out investigation and the detailed in	n.			

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
Ī	WELDING AND SHEET METAL REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE Equipments used in welding shop and their maintenance – Ensuring quality welds –Welding jigs and fixtures – Soldering and brazing- Inspection of damage – Classification – Repair or replacement – Sheet metal inspection –N.D.T. Testing – Riveted repair design, Damage investigation – reverse technology.	10
II	PLASTICS AND COMPOSITES IN AIRCRAFT Review of types of plastics used in airplanes – Maintenance and repair of plastic components – Repair of cracks, holes etc., and various repair schemes – Scopes.Inspection and Repair of composite components – Special precautions – Autoclaves.	9
III	AIRCRAFT JACKING, ASSEMBLY AND RIGGING Airplane jacking and weighing and C.G. Location-Balancing of control surfaces —Inspection maintenance. Helicopter flight controls. Tracking and balancing of main rotor.	9
IV	REVIEW OF HYDRAULIC AND PNEUMATIC SYSTEM Trouble shooting and maintenance practices – Service and inspection. – Inspection and maintenance of landing gear systems. – Inspection and maintenance of air-conditioning and pressurization system, water and waste system. Installation and maintenance of Instruments – handling – Testing – Inspection. Inspection and maintenance of auxiliary systems – Fire protection systems – Ice protection system – Rain removal system –Position and warning system – Auxiliary Power Units (APUs)	10
V	SAFETY PRACTICES Hazardous materials storage and handling, Aircraft furnishing practices – Equipments. Trouble shooting - Theory and practices.	7
	Total Instructional Hours	45

- CO1. Ability to identify the airframe components
- CO2. Skill to repair the plastic components in aircraft.
- Course Outcome CO3. Capability to do jack, rig the aircraft
 - CO4. Analyze the system for defect investigation and repair it.
 - CO5. Ability to perform investigation skill to maintain the airframe with safety.

TEXT BOOKS:

- T1 Kroes, Watkins, Delp, "Aircraft Maintenance and Repair", McGraw-Hill, New York, 1992.
- T2 Delp. Bent and McKinley "Aircraft Maintenance Repair", McGraw Hill, New York, 1987. REFERENCE BOOKS:
- R1 Larry Reithmeir, "Aircraft Repair Manual", Palamar Books, Marquette, 1992.
- R2 Brimm D.J. Bogges H.E., "Aircraft Maintenance", Pitman Publishing corp. New York, 1940
- R3 A&P Mechanics, "Aircraft Hand Book", F A A Himalayan Book House, New Delhi, 1996.

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PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-IV

Programme Course Code		Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
B.E.	16AE7305	EXPERIMENTAL STRESS ANALYSIS	3	0	0	3
Course Objective	types of load. 2. Ability to analy comparisons to t 3. Detailed knowle 4. Use of failure th	rze experimental method of finding the response of rze experimental data and develop appropriate, logic heoretical results and other experimental evidence. dge about the photo elastic materials and their testing, eories to analyze the failure pattern in different material he various non-destructive testing methods	cal cond			

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours			
I	EXTENSOMETERS AND DISPLACEMENT SENSORS Principles Of Measurements - Accuracy, Sensitivity and Range Of Measurements - Mechanical - Optical - Acoustical and Electrical Extensometers and Their Uses - Advantages and Disadvantages - Capacitance Gauges.	8			
II	ELECTRICAL RESISTANCE STRAIN GAUGES Principle Of Operation and Requirements - Types and Their Uses -Materials For Strain Gauges - Calibration and Temperature Compensation - Cross Sensitivity - Wheatstone Bridge and Potentiometer Circuits For Static and Dynamic Strain Measurements - Strain Indicators - Rosette Analysis	10			
III	PHOTOELASTICITY Two Dimensional Photo Elasticity - Photo Elastic Materials - Concept Of Light - Photoelastic Effects - Stress Optic Law - Transmission Photoelasticity - Plane and Circular Polariscopes - Interpretation Of Fringe Pattern - Calibration Of Photoelastic Materials - Compensation and Separation Techniques - Introduction To Three Dimensional Photo Elasticity.				
IV	BRITTLE COATING AND MOIRE TECHNIQUES Relation Between Stresses In Coating And Specimen - Use Of Failure Theories In Brittle Coating - Moire Method Of Strain Analysis.	8			
V	NON – DESTRUCTIVE TESTING Fundamentals Of NDT - Acoustic Emission Technique – Radiography – Thermography – Ultrasonics - Eddy Current Testing - Fluorescent Penetrant Testing - Magnetic Particle Inspection - Guided Wave Testing - Electromagnetic Testing.	9			
	Total Instructional Hours	45			
	CO1. Measurement of strain in structures using mechanical and other means. CO2. Measurement of strain in structures using electrical strain gauges. CO3. Knowledge in testing and evaluation of stress in photoelastic materials. CO4. Calculation of failure stress in coatings using different failure theories.				

CO5. Extensive knowledge in using non-destructive testing for testing purpose.

TEXT BOOKS: T1 - Srinath, L.S., Raghava, M.R., Lingaiah, K., Garagesha, G., Pant B., and Ramachandra, K., "Experimental Stress Analysis", Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 1984.

T2 - Sadhu Singh, "Experimental Stress Analysis", Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 1996.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1 - Dally, J.W., and Riley, W.F., "Experimental Stress Analysis", McGraw-Hill Inc., NewYork, 2005, IV edition.

R2 - Max Mark Frocht, "Photo Elasticity", John Wiley and Sons Inc., New York, 1968.

R3 - Durelli. A.J., "Applied Stress Analysis", Prentice Hall of India Pvt Ltd., New Delhi, 1970.

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Programme		Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
B.E.		16AE7306	HELICOPTER THEORY	3	0	0	3
Course Objective	1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	To understand the aero To gain knowledge in to To study the performan	miliarize with the principals involved in helico dynamics of helicopter rotor blade various power plants equipped in helicopter nee and stability aspects of Helicopter under di ce and control of helicopter vibration.		ating o	condit	tions

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours		
I	INTRODUCTION Helicopter as an aircraft, Basic features, Layout, Configuration, Generation of lift, lead-lag, flapping and feathering motion, Rotor controls and various types of rotor, Blade loading, Effect of solidity - Blade area required, number of Blades, Power losses, Rotor efficiency.	9		
II	AERODYNAMICS OF ROTOR BLADE Aerofoil characteristics in forward flight, Hovering and Vortex ring state, Blade stall, maximum lift of the helicopter - calculation of Induced Power, High speed limitations; profile and parasite drag, power loading, ground effect	9		
III	POWER PLANTS AND FLIGHT PERFORMANCE Piston engines, Gas turbines, Ramjet principle, Comparative performance, Power required, Range and Endurance, Rate of Climb, Best Climbing speed, Ceiling in vertical climb, Autorotation.			
IV	STABILITY AND CONTROL Physical description of effects of disturbances, Stick fixed Longitudinal and lateral dynamic stability, lateral stability characteristics, control response. Differences between stability and control of airplane and helicopter.	9		
V	ROTOR VIBRATIONS Dynamic model of the rotor, Motion of the rigid blades, Properties of vibrating system, phenomenon of vibration, vibration absorbers, Measurement of vibration in flight. Rotor Blade design: General considerations, Airfoil selection, Blade construction, Materials, Factors affecting weight and cost, Design conditions, Stress analysis.	9		
	Total Instructional Hours	45		
0.00	CO1. Perform the Aerodynamics calculation of Rotor blade CO2. Calculate the power components of helicopter blade CO3. Compare the performance of power plants CO4. Perform stability and control characteristics of Helicopter			

CO4. Perform stability and control characteristics of Helicopter

CO5. Control the vibration on helicopter.

TEXT BOOKS:

T1 - John Fay, "The Helicopter and How It Flies", Himalayan Books 1995

T2 - Lalit Gupta, "Helicopter Engineering", Himalayan Books New Delhi 1996

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1 - Joseph Schafer, "Basic Helicopter Maintenance", Jeppesen 1980

R2 - R W Prouty, "Helicopter Aerodynamics"

R3 - Wayne Johnson "Helicopter Theory", Dover Publications, Inc., New York, 1980.

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Programme B.E.	(Course Code 16AE7307	Name of the Course AIRCRAFT DESIGN	L 3	T 0	P 0	C 3
Course Objective	2. 3. 4.	To make the students To understand the im To familiarize the stu To illustrate the proce	ts with the important issues and methodolog to understand the conceptual design of aircr portance of aircraft design characteristics on dents with the design and selection of controllers of aircraft synthesis as an outcome of the formance, stability and control, propulsion, s	aft. performance ols in aircraft integration of	of the	discip	

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Unit	Description	Instructional Hours				
Ι	REVIEW OF DEVELOPMENTS IN AVIATION Categories and types of aircrafts – various configurations – Layouts and their relative merits – strength, stiffness, fail safe and fatigue requirements – Manoeuvering load factors – Gust and manoeuverability envelopes – Balancing and maneuvering loads on tail planes.					
II	POWER PLANT TYPES AND CHARACTERISTICS Characteristics of different types of power plants – Propeller characteristics and selection –Relative merits of location of power plant.					
III	PRELIMINARY DESIGN Selection of geometric and aerodynamic parameters – Weight estimation and balance diagram –Drag estimation of complete aircraft – Level flight, climb, takeoff and landing calculations – range and endurance – static and dynamic stability estimates – control requirements.					
IV	SPECIAL PROBLEMS Layout peculiarities of subsonic and supersonic aircraft – optimization of wing loading to achieve desired performance – loads on undercarriages and design requirements.					
V Estimation of loads on complete aircraft and components – Structural design of fuselage, wings and undercarriages, controls, connections and joints. Materials for modern aircraft – Methods of analysis, testing and fabrication.						
	Total Instructional Hours	45				
	CO1: Conduct trade-off between the conflicting demands of different disciplines by detailed preliminary design of a complete aircraft. CO2: Select the appropriate power plant for the aircraft CO3: Design the control surfaces based on the stability requirements and to select the value based on the mission requirements. CO4: Estimate weight, wing loading and other performance parameters related to concepts complete aircraft. CO5: Identify design features of aerospace structures, and calculate load factors.	ving planform				

TEXT BOOKS

T1 - D.P. Raymer, "Aircraft conceptual design", AIAA Series, 1988.

T2 - G. Corning, "Supersonic & Subsonic Airplane design", II Edition, Edwards Brothers Inc., Michigan, 1953.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1 - E. Torenbeek, "Synthesis of Subsonic Airplane design", Delft University Press, London, 1976.

R2 - A.A. Lebedenski, "Notes on airplane design", Part-I, I.I.Sc., Bangalore, 1971.

R3 - Houghton, E.L., and Caruthers, N.B., "Aerodynamics for Engineering students", Edward Arnold Publishers Ltd., London, 1989.

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P	rogramme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
	B.E.	16AE7308	ENGINE SYSTEM AND CONTROL	3	0	0	3
	1.		basic components of aircraft engine.				
C	ourse 2.		re to the different systems in Aircraft Engines.				
Ob	jective 3.		ous safety procedures and maintenance equipment	1 (
	5.		ethodologies of various instruments used for engine of ledge of the various instruments used in engine	controls &	č ind	icatio	n.
	-	. To mon me mon	reage of the various monaments used in engine				
Unit			Description		1		ictional ours
I	gas turbine engi	Engine – Turbo Prop	-Gas Turbine Engines – Modular concept. Auxiliary Heat Management system, Lubricants and Fuel used mes and Casting etc.				10
II	ENGINE SYSTEMS Hydraulic and pneumatic systems— Engine controls — FADEC Fire Protection System — Ignition and Starting system — Engine Anti-icing system. Thrust augmentation- thrust vectoring-reversal.						9
III	MAINTENANCE & INSPECTION Maintenance aspects of Gas Turbine Engines – Preventive condition Monitoring – Boroscopic Inspection, on conditioning monitoring – On wing Trim Balance – Test bed overhaul.				ic		6
IV			Processing signals – Analog and Digital Indication -	- Scaling			10

7	CONTROL INSTRUMENTS Engine sensors – Basic construction – Processing signals – Analog and Digital Indication – Scaling – Monitoring of Instruments / Indicators.	10
	ENGINE INSTRUMENTS Primary instruments — Tachometer, Fuel flow, Exhaust Gas Temperature, Thrust parameters — Secondary Instruments — Vibration indicator, Oil Pressure and Oil Temperature indictor, Nacelle Temperature Indicator.	10
	Total Instructional Hours	45

Understand the basic components of aircraft engine.

CO2. Know the operation of different systems in Aircraft Engines.

Course CO3. Ability to identify the engine instruments and maintenance of engine. Outcome

CO4. Knowledge to develop the various instruments used for engine controls & indication. CO5. Identify the problem occurs in engine instruments and control the engine instruments.

TEXT BOOKS:

T1 - Aircraft Instruments - E H J Pallett, Pitman & Co., 1993.

T2 - Aircraft Gas Turbine Engine Technology - Irwin E Treager, English Book Stores, New Delhi.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1 - "General Hand Book of Airframe and Power Plant" US Department of Transportation, FAA, English Book Stores, New Delhi.

R2 - Aircraft Gas Turbine Guide, P&W Publications, English Book Stores, New Delhi.

R3 - Aircraft Gas Turbine and Operation - PRATT AND WHITENY, United Technologies, English Book Stores,

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PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-V

Programme B.E.		Course Code 16AE8301	Name of the Course FATIGUE AND FRACTURE	L 3	T 0	P 0	C 3
Course Objective	2. 3. 4.	To know the variou To learn about the v To understand the n	asic concepts involved in fatigue structures. s behavior of fatigue. rarious aspects of fatigue. nechanics of fracture. ance of fracture mechanics in aerospace applications.				

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
I	FATIGUE OF STRUCTURES S.N. curves - Endurance limits - Effect of mean stress, Goodman, Gerber and Soderberg relations and diagrams - Notches and stress concentrations - Neuber's stress concentration factors - Plastic stress concentration factors - Notched S.N. curves - Fatigue of composite materials.	7
II	STATISTICAL ASPECTS OF FATIGUE BEHAVIOUR Low cycle and high cycle fatigue - Coffin - Manson's relation - Transition life - cyclic strain hardening and softening - Analysis of load histories - Cycle counting techniques - Cumulative damage - Miner's theory - Other theories.	10
III	PHYSICAL ASPECTS OF FATIGUE Phase in fatigue life - Crack initiation - Crack growth - Final Fracture - Dislocations - fatigue fracture surfaces.	10
IV	FRACTURE MECHANICS Strength of cracked bodies - Potential energy and surface energy - Griffith's theory - Irwin - Orwin extension of Griffith's theory to ductile materials - stress analysis of cracked bodies - Effect of thickness on fracture toughness.	10
V	FATIGUE DESIGN AND TESTING Safe life and Fail-safe design philosophies - Importance of Fracture Mechanics in aerospace structures - Application to composite materials and structures.	8
	Total Instructional Hours	45

CO1. Understands how fatigue occurs in structures.

CO2. Analyze the type of various aspects of fatigue behavior.

Course

Outcome

CO3. Access the different types of cracks on components.

CO4. Skill to perform on fatigue design.

CO5. Ability to analyze the fracture due to fatigue.

TEXT BOOKS:

T1 - Prasanth Kumar, "Elements of fracture mechanics", Wheeter publication, 1999.

T2 - Barrois W, Ripely, E.L., "Fatigue of aircraft structure," Pergamon press. Oxford, 1983. REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1 - Knott, J.F., "Fundamentals of Fracture Mechanics," - Buterworth & Co., Ltd., London, 1983.

R2 - Kare Hellan, 'Introduction to Fracture Mechanics', McGraw Hill, Singapore, 1985.

R3 - Sih C.G., "Mechanics of fracture." Vol - I, Sijthoff and w Noordhoff International Publishing Co., Netherlands, 1989.

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Programme	:	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
B.E.		16AE8302	PROFESSIONAL ETHICS	3	0	0	3
			(ONLY FOR AERO)				
	1.	To introduce the basic of pr	rofessional ethics.				
Course	2.	To create an awareness on	engineering ethics.				
Course Objective	3.	To understand social exper	imentation of an engineer.				
Objective	4.	To understand social respon	nsibility, rights and safety of an engineer.				
			ma in discharging duties in professional life				

	To appreciate ethical dilemma in discharging duties in professional life	
Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
I	INTRODUCTION TO PROFESSIONAL ETHICS Ethics in Workplace - Formulation of Ethics - Managerial Ethics - Managing Ethical Behaviour - Codes of Ethics - Encouraging Ethical Behaviour - Ethical Leadership - Ethical Decision making-Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) - Intellectual Property Rights (IPR)- Meaning- Laws relating to Intellectual Property Rights (IPRs)	10
II	MORAL ISSUES AND ETHICAL THEORIES Senses of 'Engineering Ethics' - variety of moral issued - types of inquiry - moral dilemmas - moral autonomy - Kohlberg's theory - Gilligan's theory - consensus and controversy - Models of Professional Roles - theories about right action - Self-interest - customs and religion - uses of ethical theories. Valuing Time - Co-operation - Commitment.	9
III	ENGINEERING AS SOCIAL EXPERIMENTATION Engineering as experimentation – Engineers as Responsible Experimenters – Research Ethics – Codes of Ethics – Industrial Standards – A Balanced Outlook on Law – The Challenger Case Study	8
IV	ENGINEER'S RESPONSIBILITY, RIGHTS AND SAFETY Safety and Risk – Assessment of Safety and Risk – Risk benefit Analysis – Reducing Risk – The Government Regulator's Approach to Risk – Chernobyl Case and Bhopal Case studies. Collegiality and Loyalty – Respect for Authority – Collective Bargaining – Confidentiality – Conflicts of interest – Occupational Crime – Professional Rights – Employee Rights	10
V	GLOBAL ISSUES OF ENGINEERING ETHICS Multinational Corporations – Business Ethics – Environmental Ethics – Computer Ethics – Weapons Development – Engineers as Managers – Consulting Engineers – Engineers as Expert Witnesses and Advisors -moral leadership.	8
	Total Instructional Hours	45
	CO1. Knowledge of professional ethics. CO2. Ability to apply ethics in society.	

Course

CO2. Ability to apply ethics in society.

Outcome

CO3. Ability to discuss the ethical issues related to engineering.

CO4. Ability to realize the responsibilities.

CO5. Have knowledge on rights in the society.

TEXT BOOKS:

T1 - Mike W. Martin and Roland Schinzinger, "Ethics in Engineering", Tata Mc Graw Hill, New Delhi,

T2 - Charles E Harris, Michael S Pritchard and Michael J Rabins, "Engineering Ethics Concepts and Cases". Thompson Learning, 2000.003.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1 - Charles D Fleddermann, "Engineering Ethics", Prentice Hall, New Mexico, 1999.

R2 - John R Baatright. "Ethics and the Conduct of Business", Pearson Education 2003.

R3 - Edmund G Seeabauer and Robert L Barry, "Fundamentals of Ethics for Scientists and Engineers".Oxford

University press 2001.

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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
B.E.	16AE8303	SPACE MECHANICS	3	0	0	3
Course Objective	 Categorize the bodies To know the concept To identify the traject 	is of orbital mechanics. s with respect to position and time. of satellite injection. tory computation for interplanetary travel. ental flight of ballistic missiles.				

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
I	BASIC CONCEPTS The Solar System – References Frames and Coordinate Systems – The Celestial Sphere – The Ecliptic – Motion of Vernal Equinox – Side real Time–Solar Time–Standard Time–The Earth's Atmosphere.	7
II	THE GENERAL N-BODY PROBLEM The many body Problem – Lagrange – Jacobian Identity – The Circular Restricted Three Body Problem Liberation Points- Relative Motion in the N-body Problem – Two Body Problem – Satellite Orbits – Relations Between Position and Time – Orbital Elements.	10
III	SATELLITE INJECTION AND SATELLITE ORBIT PERTURBATIONS General Aspects of satellite Injections – Satellite Orbit Transfer –Various Cases – Orbit Deviations Due to Injection Errors – Special and General Perturbations – Cowell's Method – Encke's Method – Method of vibrations of Orbital Elements.	10
IV	INTERPLANETARY TRAJECTORIES Two Dimensional Interplanetary Trajectories – Fast Interplanetary Trajectories – Three Dimensional Interplanetary Trajectories – Launch if Interplanetary Spacecraft – Trajectory about the Target Planet.	8
V	BALLISTIC MISSILE TRAJECTORIES AND MATERIALS The Boost Phase – The Ballistic Phase – Trajectory Geometry- Optimal Flights – Time of Flight – Re – entry Phase – The Position of the Impact Point – Influence Coefficients. Space Environment – Peculiarities – Effect of Space Environment on the Selection of Spacecraft Material.	10
	Total Instructional Hours	45

CO1. Understands the basic concepts of space.

Course

CO2. Skill to locate the bodies' position in space with respect to time.

Outcome

CO3. Ability to perform satellite injection, satellite perturbations.

CO4. Capability to find the interplanetary trajectories

CO5. Apply the orbital mechanics to control the missiles.

T1 - Cornelisse, J.W., "Rocket Propulsion and Space Dynamic", W.H. Freeman & Co., 1984.

T2 - Parker E.R., "Materials for Missiles and Spacecraft", McGraw-Hill Book Co. Inc., 1982.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1 - Sutton, G.P., "Rocket Propulsion Elements", John Wiley, 1993.

R2 - Van de Kamp, P., "Elements of Astromechanics", Pitman, 1979. R3 - Thomas A Ward, "Aerospace Propulsion systems", John Wiley, 2010.

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Programme		Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
B.E.		16AE8304	AVIATION MANAGEMENT AND AIR SAFETY	3	0	0	3
Course Objective	2. 3. 4.	To understand To learn the le To know about	the concept of airport management and operations gal background of Aviation world the importance of Air safety and security measures. the students with the technological improvements in aviation				

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
I	INTRODUCTION History of Aviation- Development of Air transportation in India- Major players in Airline Industry-Market potential of Indian Airline Industry— Current challenges in Airline Industry-Competition in Airline Industry –Role of ICAO and IATA in Air transportation	7
II	AIRPORT MANAGEMENT AND AIRLINE OPERATIONS Airport Management- Airport planning- Airport operations-Airport functions- Organization structure of Airports sectors-Airport Authorities- Global and Indian scenario of Airport management –DGCA –AAI. Airline Operations - Organisation Structure of Airline Sectors - Airline Terminal Management- Flight Information Counter/Reservation and Ticketing-Check In/Issue of Boarding pass-Customs and Immigration formalities-Co-ordination-Security Clearance-Baggage-Handling-Handling of Stretcher Passengers and Human Remains-Handling of CIP,VIP & VVIP- Co-ordination of Supporting Agencies /Departments – Introduction to Airport cargo management.	10
III	AVIATION LAW AND AIRCRAFT RULES AND REGULATIONS DGCA functions – Aircraft act 1934 – National legislation - Airport Authority of India Acts 1994 – Civil Aviation Requirements (CAR)- Section (1 to 7) – (General -Airworthiness Air Transport - Aerodrome standards and Air Traffic Services -Air Safety -Design standards and type certification - Flight crew standards, training and licensing) – Introduction to International conventions.	10
IV	AIRTRANSPORTATION SAFETY AND SECURITY Protecting Public Transportation -Screening- Metal Detectors -Xray Inspections, Trace- Detection Techniques. Terrorism -Introduction- Causes of Terrorism - Rival claim of pales tine- Palestine Liberation Organization - Nuclear Terrorism - Aircraft as Missiles - 9/11 Terrorist Act and its Consequences - Biological &Chemical Warfare - Steps to Combat Terrorism -Hijacking - security measures	10
V	TECHNOLOGICAL IMPROVEMENTS ON AVIATION SAFETY AND SECURITY Technological Improvements on Aviation Safety and Security Introduction- Microwave Holographic Imaging - Body or Fire Security Scanner - New Generation of video Security Systems -Bio simmer - Biometric Systems.	8
	Total Instructional Hours	45

CO1. Ability to understand the role of IATA and ICAO in Air transportation

Course Outcome CO2. Proficiency in Airline management and Airport operations CO3. Understand the concept of Aviation safety and security

CO4. Understand the various aviation standards in quality assurance, safety rules and regulations.

CO5. Understand Aviation laws and regulations related to each type of organization.

TEXT BOOKS:

T1 - Wells .A-Airport Planning and Management, 4th Edition-McGraw-hill, London-2000.

T2 - Aviation and Airport Security - Kathleen M. Sweet - Pearson Education Inc., Second edition, 2009.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1 - P.S. Senguttuvan - Fundamentals of Airport Transport Management - McGraw Hill 2003

R2 - Aircraft Manual, C.A.R. Sec. II

R3 - "Fundamentals of Air Traffic Control" Michael S. Nolan, Cengage Learning.

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PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-VI

Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	\mathbf{C}
B.E.	16AE8305	STRUCTURAL DYNAMICS	3	0	0	3
Course Objective	2. To calculate the free and3. To develop the equations4. Learn to use finite element	rete single-degree and multiple-degree vibratory forced response of mechanical systems. s of motion for vibratory systems. nt methods for the analysis of the vibrations of st esponse by using approximate methods.				

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
I	FORCE-DEFLECTION PROPERTIES OF STRUCTURES Constraints and Generalized coordinates – Virtual work and generalized forces – Force – Deflection influence functions – stiffness and flexibility methods.	12
II	PRINCIPLES OF DYNAMICS Free and forced vibrations of systems with finite degrees of freedom – Damped oscillations – D"Alembert's principle – Hamilton's principle – Lagrangean equations of motion and applications.	9
III	NATURAL MODES OF VIBRATION Equations of motion for free vibrations Solution of Eigen value problems – Normal coordinates and orthogonality relations.	10
IV	ENERGY METHODS Rayleigh's principle – Rayleigh – Ritz method – Coupled natural modes – Effect of rotary inertia and shear on lateral vibrations of beams – Natural vibrations of plates.	8
V	APPROXIMATE METHODS Approximate methods of evaluating the Eigen frequencies and the dynamics response of continuous systems – Matrix methods of dynamic stress analysis.	6
	Total Instructional Hours	45

- 11: To understand single and multi-degree vibrating systems
- 12: To identify, formulate and solve engineering problems.

Course Outcome

- 13: Ability to develop the equations of motion for vibratory systems and solving for the free and forced response.
- 14: Capability to use numerical techniques for vibration problems
- 15: To analyze and modify a vibratory structure in order to achieve specified requirements.

TEXT BOOKS:

3.92

- T1 F.S.Tse, I.E. Morse and H.T. Hinkle, "Mechanical Vibration", Prentice Hall of India Pvt., Ltd., New Delhi, 1988
- T2 S.P. Timoshenko and D.H. Young, "Vibration Problems in Engineering", John Willey & Sons Inc., 1984. **REFERENCE BOOKS:**
- R1 Von. Karman and A.Biot, "Mathematical Methods in Engineering", McGraw-Hill Book Co., New York, 1985.
- R2 Craig R.R. Jr., Structural Dynamics An Introduction to Computer Methods, John Wiley and Sons, 1981.
- R3 R.K. Vierck, "Vibration Analysis", 2nd Edition, Thomas Y. Crowell & Co., Harper & Row Publishers, New York, U.S.A., 1989.

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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
B.E.	16AE8306	UAV SYSTEMS	3	0	0	3
Course Objective	 To gain more knowled To impart knowled 	asic of UAV. Ige about the design of UAV systems. Ige about the communication payloads and condevelopment of UAV systems.	ontrols.			

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
I	INTRODUCTION TO UAV History of UAV –classification – Introduction to Unmanned Aircraft Systemsmodels and prototypes – System Composition-applications.	9
II	THE DESIGN OF UAV SYSTEMS Introduction to Design and Selection of the System- Aerodynamics and Airframe Configurations-Characteristics of Aircraft Types- Design Standards and Regulatory Aspects-UK, USA and Europe-Design for Stealthcontrol surfaces-specifications.	9
III	AVIONICS HARDWARE Autopilot – AGL-pressure sensors-servos-accelerometer –gyros-actuators- power supply-processor, integration, installation, configuration, and testing.	9
IV	COMMUNICATION PAYLOADS AND CONTROLS Payloads-Telemetry-tracking-Aerial photography-controls-PID feedback-radio control frequency range –modems-memory system-simulation-ground test-analysis-trouble shooting.	9
V	THE DEVELOPMENT OF UAV SYSTEMS Waypoints navigation-ground control software- System Ground Testing- System In-flight Testing-Future Prospects and Challenges-Case Studies – Mini and Micro UAVs.	9
	Total Instructional Hours	45
	CO1. Knowledge of classification, models, prototypes and applications of UAV CO2. Ability to design UAV systems CO3. Ability to design avionics hardwares CO4. Ability to use different communication payloads and controls CO5. Knowledge of the development of UAV systems	

T1 - Reg Austin "Unmanned Aircraft Systems UAV design, development and deployment", Wiley, 2010.

T2 - Robert C. Nelson, Flight Stability and Automatic Control, McGraw-Hill, Inc, 1998.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- R1 Kimon P. Valavanis, "Advances in Unmanned Aerial Vehicles: State of the Art and the Road to Autonomy", Springer, 2007
- R2 Dr. Armand J. Chaput, "Design of Unmanned Air Vehicle Systems", Lockheed Martin Aeronautics Company, 2001

R3 - Paul G Fahlstrom, Thomas J Gleason, "Introduction to UAV Systems", UAV Systems, Inc, 1998

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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
B.E.	16AE8307	EXPERIMENTAL AERODYNAMICS	3	0	0	3
	To provide deta temperature mea	ails, operating principles and limitations of force surements.	s, pressu	ire, v	elocit	y and
Course	To understand th	e principles behind the wind tunnel balancing				
Objective	3. To describe flow	visualization techniques and to highlight in depth disc	cussion o	f anal	og me	ethods.
	4. To gain knowled	ge in basic measurements techniques.				
	To estimate the e	errors in special flows				

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Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
I	BASIC MEASUREMENTS IN FLUID MECHANICS Need for experimental studies – Fluid mechanics measurements – Measuring instruments – Performance terms associated with measurement systems – Direct measurements - Analogue methods – Flow visualization – Components of measuring systems – Importance of model studies.	7
II	CHARACTERISTICS OF MEASUREMENTS Characteristic features, operation and performance of low speed, transonic, supersonic and special tunnels - Power losses in a wind tunnel - Instrumentation of wind tunnels - Turbulence- Wind tunnel balance -principles, types and classifications -Balance calibration	10
III	FLOW VISUALIZATION AND ANALOGUE METHODS Principles of Flow Visualization – Hele-Shaw apparatus - Interferometer – Fringe-Displacement method – Schlieren system – Shadowgraph - Hydraulic analogy – Hydraulic jumps – Electrolytic tank.	9
IV	PRESSURE, VELOCITY AND TEMPERATURE MEASUREMENTS Measurement of static and total pressures in low and high speed flows- Pitot-Static tube characteristics - Pressure transducers – principle and operation – Velocity measurements - Hot-wire anemometry – LDV – PIV: Temperature measurements.	9
V	SPECIAL FLOWS AND UNCERTAINTY ANALYSIS Experiments on Taylor-Proudman theorem and Ekman layer – Measurements in boundary layers - Data acquisition and processing – Signal conditioning - Estimation of measurement errors – External estimate of the error – Internal estimate of the error – Uncertainty analysis and calculation	10
	Total Instructional Hours	45

CO1. Acquiring basics knowledge on aerodynamic flow and wind tunnel measurement systems

CO2. Apply knowledge in wind tunnel measurements

Course

CO3. Learn various flow visualization techniques.

Outcome

CO4. Execute specific instruments for flow parameter measurement like pressure, velocity, temperature

etc.

CO5. Analyze the special flows and uncertainty problems.

TEXT BOOKS:

T1 - Rathakrishnan, E., "Instrumentation, Measurements, and Experiments in Fluids," CRC Press - Taylor & Francis, 2007.

T2 - Robert B Northrop, "Introduction to Instrumentation and Measurements", Second Edition, CRC Press, Taylor & Francis, 2006.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1 - Pope, A., and Goin, L., "High Speed Wind Tunnel Testing", John Wiley, 1985.Bradsaw Experimental Fluid Mechanics.

R2 - Lecture course on "Advanced Flow diagnostic techniques" 17-19 September 2008 NAL, Bangalore.

R3 - NAL-UNI Lecture Series 12: Experimental Aerodynamics, NAL SP 98 01 April 1998

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Programme	Programme Course Code		Name of the Course	L	T	P	C		
B.E.		16AE8308	AE8308 AIR TRANSPORTATION CONTROL AND PLANNING						
Course Objective	3. 4.	To study and un To learn about v To study the pro	rledge about basic concepts of air traffic system derstand about the air traffic control, procedure and air t arious instruments used for air traffic control cedure of the formation of aerodrome and its design. ious emergency services providing in the air traffic cont						

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
I	BASIC CONCEPTS Concepts of ATC , ATS and ATCS – Objectives of ATS – VFR & IFR operations – Classification of ATS air spaces – Varies kinds of separation – Altimeter setting procedures – Division of responsibility of control.	9
II	AIR TRAFFIC SERVICES Area control service, assignment of cruising levels minimum flight altitude ATS routes and significant points – RNAV and RNP – Vertical, lateral and longitudinal separations based on time / distance – ATC clearances – Flight plans – position report	9
III	PROCEDURES AND RULES OF THE AIR Basic radar terminology – Classification of radars— Identification procedures using primary /secondary radar – performance checks – use of radar in area and approach control services –coordination between radar / non radar control – emergencies – Flight information and advisory service – Alerting service – Co-ordination and emergency procedures.	10
IV	AERODROME DATA, PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND OBSTACLE RESTRICTION Aerodrome data - Basic terminology - Aerodrome reference code - Aerodrome reference point - Aerodrome elevation - Aerodrome reference temperature - Instrument runway, physical Characteristics; length of primary / secondary runway - Width of runways - Minimum distance between parallel runways etc obstacles restriction. VISUAL AIDS FOR NAVIGATION, VISUAL AIDS FOR DENOTING OBSTACLES	9
V	EMERGENCY AND OTHER SERVICES Visual aids for navigation Wind direction indicator – Landing direction indicator – Location and characteristics of signal area – Markings, general requirements – Various markings – Lights, general requirements – Aerodrome beacon, identification beacon – Simple approach lighting system and various lighting systems – VASI & PAPI - Visual aids for denoting obstacles; object to be marked and lighter – Emergency and other services.	8
	Total Instructional Hours	45

CO1: Acquire the concept of air traffic rules and clearance procedures for airline operation.

Course Outcome CO2: Analyze the various air traffic data for air traffic services.

CO3: Explore the emergency procedure and air rules followed by air traffic control systems. CO4: Understand the influence of aerodrome design factors for service establishments.

CO5: Gain the information of navigation and emergency procedures in the air traffic control systems.

TEXT BOOKS:

T1 - AIP (India) Vol. I & II, "The English Book Store", 17-1, Connaught Circus, New Delhi.

T2 - "Aircraft Manual (India) Volume I", latest Edition – The English Book Store, 17-1, Connaught Circus, New Delhi.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1 - "PANS – RAC – ICAO DOC 4444", Latest Edition, The English Book Store, 17-1, Connaught Circus, New Delhi.

R2 - "FUNDAMENTALS OF AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL" Michael S. Nolan, Cengage Learning.

R3 - Wells .A-Airport Planning and Management, 4th Edition-McGraw-hill, London-2000.

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OPEN ELECTIVE - II

Programm	ne	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
B.E.		16AE7402	AERODYNAMICS FOR INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS	3	0	.0	3
	1.	To familiarize the atm	nosphere and effects of wind with various parameters	*:			
	2.	To understand about t	he wind energy conversion systems and wind turbine	design.			
Course	3.	To learn and understa	nd the road vehicles aerodynamics.	677-0			
Objective	4.	To acquire the know building design	ledge about building aerodynamics and problems as	ssociated	with	tall &	small
	5.	To learn the concept of	of effect of wake formation and special vibration issu	es.			

Unit	Description	Instruction: Hours
I	ATMOSPHERE Types of winds, Causes of variation of winds, Atmospheric boundary layer, Effect of terrain on gradient height, Structure of turbulent flows.	9
II	WIND ENERGY COLLECTORS Horizontal axis and vertical axis machines, Power coefficient, Betz coefficient by momentum theory.	9
III	VEHICLE AERODYNAMICS Power requirements and drag coefficients of automobiles, Effects of cut back angle. Aerodynamics of trains and Hovercraft	9
IV	BUILDING AERODYNAMICS Pressure distribution on low rise buildings, wind forces on buildings. Environmental winds in city blocks, Special problems of tall buildings, Building codes, Building ventilation and architectural aerodynamics.	9
V	FLOW INDUCED VIBRATIONS Effects of Reynolds number on wake formation of bluff shapes, Vortex induced vibrations. Galloping and stall flutter-Introduction to industrial gas turbines.	9
	Total Instructional Hours	45

CO1: Identify the Atmospheric wind properties with various terrain fields.

Course

CO2: Analyze the design concept of wind turbines & power efficiency.

Outcome

- CO3. Ability to understand the road vehicles aerodynamics in terms of drag reduction.
- CO4: Understand the wind forces on buildings and architectural design parameters.
 - CO5: Apply the knowledge to bluff body aerodynamics and flow induced vibrations.

TEXT BOOKS:

- T1 M.Sovran (Ed), "Aerodynamics and drag mechanisms of bluff bodies and Road vehicles", Plenum press, New York, 1978.
- T2 Sachs. P., "Winds forces in Engineering", Pergamon Press, 1978.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- R1 Blevins. R.D., "Flow Induced Vibrations", Van Nostrand, 1990.
- R2 Calvent. N.G., "Wind Power Principles", Charles Griffin & Co., London, 1979
- R3 Tony Burton, Nick Jenkins, David Sharpe and Ervin Bossanyi, "Aerodynamics of Horizontal Axis Wind Turbines" John Wiley & Sons, Ltd, 2011

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Progra B.E		Course Code 16AE7403	Name of the Course INTRODUCTION TO DRONES	L 3	T 0	P 0	C 3
Course Objective	2. T 3. T 4. T	o understand about o impart the know o give exposure to	rledge on UAVs, UAS and Drone. It the components of Unmanned Aerial System. It dege on drone anatomy and assembly process. It drone applications and Innovations. It drone applications and Innovations.				
Unit			Description			ructi Hour	
1	History of Evolution		eations— UAV System composition — UAS — Drongepts of flight: aerodynamics — flight performance			9	
П	UAS - Pl flight con	atforms - Payload	YSTEM COMPONENTS d, installation and utilization - propulsion - on-botions -Telemetry-tracking - launch / recovery system rouble shooting.			9	
Ш	Multi rote controller Emergence		Drone Anatomy: Motor – Propeller - ESC – Flanceceiver Sensors – Assembly – Autonomous systemed handling.			10	
IV	Military - monitorin delivery	- Civil : Health ca g – Railways -	NNOVATIONS OF DRONES are – Public safety – Disaster Management - Wild Data collection – Environmental Science – Proc raffic Management – Agriculture – Constructio s.	duct		9	
			DERATIONS AND FUTURE SCOPE -NPNT – fly zones - Digital sky platform - Fed	eral			

Hands on training in Flying.

Total Instructional Hours 45

CO1: Understand the fundamentals of UAVs and UAS.

Micro UAVs. Sensors - actuators, AI and IoT in drones

CO2: Understand various components of Unmanned aerial systems.

Course Outcome CO3: Understand Drone anatomy and get an insight on Drone assembly.

Aircraft Regulations - Future Prospects and Challenges-Case Studies - Mini and

CO4: Understand about areas of Drone applications and Innovations.

CO5: Understand the operational considerations of Drones in airspace.

TEXT BOOKS:

T1 - Paul G Fahlstrom, Thomas J Gleason, "Introduction to UAV Systems", UAV Systems, Inc. 1998 T2 - Reg Austin "Unmanned Aircraft Systems UAV design, development and deployment", Wiley,2010. **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

R1- Dr. Armand J. Chaput, "Design of Unmanned Air Vehicle Systems", Lockheed Martin Aeronautics Company, 2001

R2- Kimon P. Valavanis, "Advances in Unmanned Aerial Vehicles: State of the Art and the Road to Autonomy", Springer, 2007

R3 - Robert C. Nelson, Flight Stability and Automatic Control, McGraw-Hill, Inc. 1998.

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Hindusthan College of Engineering and Technology

(An Autonomous Institution, Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai Approved by AICTE, New Delhi& Accredited by NAAC with 'A' Grade)
Coimbatore, Tamil Nadu.



MAPPING OF COURSE OUTCOMES (COs), PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POs) AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOME (PSOs)

B. E. AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (UG)

Academic Year 2020-2021

REGULATION-2016 (Revised) & 2019

							SEMES							
	T	1	1	1					English			r	r	
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	1	1	1	2	-	1	2	1	2	3	1	3	3	2
CO2	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	3	1	2	2	3
CO3	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	3	1	2	2	2
C04	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	1	2	3	3
C05	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	1	2	2	2
AVG	1	1.4	1	1.2	1	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.8	3	1	2.2	2.4	2.4
19MA1102 & Calculus and linear algebra														
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	3	2	2	ı	ı	-	-	-	ı	2	2	2
CO2	3	3	3	2	3	ı	ı	-	-	-	ı	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	ı	ı	-	-	-	ı	2	2	3
C04	3	3	3	3	3	ı	ı	-	-	-	ı	2	1	2
C05	3	3	3	3	3	ı	ı	-	-	-	ı	2	2	1
AVG	3	3	3	2.6	2.8	1	ı	-	-	-	ı	2	1.8	2
						19PH1	L51 & A	pplied F	hysics					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	2	1
CO2	3	3	1	1	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	3	3
CO3	3	2	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	3
C04	3	2	3	2	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	2
C05	3	2	3	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	3
AVG	3	2.2	2	1.6	2	1.3	-	-	-	-	-	1	2.4	2.4
					190	Y1151 8	& Chem	istry for	Engine	ers				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	2	-	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	1

CO2	3	2	2	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-
CO3	3	2	2	-	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	-
C04	3	2	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1
C05	3	2	2	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1
AVG	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	1
				19		1 & Pyth	non Pro	grammi	ng and I	Practices				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2
CO2	2	3	3	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	2	2
CO3	2	3	3	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	2	2
C04	2	3	3	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	2	2
C05	2	3	3	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	2	2
AVG	2	3	3	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	2	2
					19	ME115	2 & Eng	ineering	Drawir	ng				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	3	2	-	1	-	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	2
CO2	3	3	2	1	1	-	1	-	-	1	1	1	1	2
CO3	3	3	3	-	1	1	1	-	-	1	1	-	1	1
C04	3	3	3	1	1	2	1	-	-	1	1	1	1	1
C05	3	3	3	1	1	3	1	ı	1	1	1	1	1	1
AVG	2.8	3	2.6	1	1	2	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	1.4
		19H	E1071 8	& Value	Added	Course	1: Langı	uage Co	mpeten	ıcy Enhar	cement	Course-I		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	1	1	1	2	-	1	2	1	2	3	1	3	3	2
CO2	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	3	1	2	2	3
CO3	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	3	1	2	2	2
C04	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	1	2	3	3
C05	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	1	2	2	2
AVG	1	1.4	1	1.2	1	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.8	3	1	2.2	2.4	2.4
							SEMES	TER-II						
					19HE2:	101 & B	usiness	English	for Eng	ineers				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	2	2	3	-	3	1	-
CO2	2	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	3	-	2	-	1
CO3	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	3	1	3	1	-
C04	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	2	3	3	1	3	1	1
C05	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	2	3	1	3	1	1
AVG	1.6	1.6	1	1	1.2	2	1.8	1.8	2.2	3	1	2.8	1	1
				19MA2	101 & [Differen	tial equ	ations a	nd com	plex vari	ables			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2
CO2	3	3	3	2	2	-	-	1	1	-	-	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	ı	ı	-	-	2	2	2
•	•				•		•	•	•					

CO 4			_									_		2
C04 C05	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2
AVG	3	3	3	2.4	2.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2
AVG	3	3	3			- asic of F	lectrica	l and Flo	- ectronic	s Engine	- ering			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO2	-	2	_	_	_	_			_	_	-	_	3	-
CO3	_	1	2	1	_	2		_	_	_	_	_	3	3
C04	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	1	_	1	_	3	-
C05	_	_	1	1	1	_	_	_	-	_		_	3	-
AVG	3	3	1.5	1	1	2	_	_	1	_	1	_	3	3
7170			1.5	_		l	L & Engir	eering		nics				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	1	2
CO2	3	3	2	1	-	_	1	-	-	-	1	1	1	2
CO3	3	3	1	_	-	1	1	-	-	1	1	-	1	1
C04	3	3	2	1	-	2	1	-	-	1	1	1	1	1
C05	3	3	2	1	_	3	1	-	-	1	1	1	1	1
AVG	3	3	1.6	1	-	2	1	-	-	1	1	1	1	1.4
		<u> </u>			<u> </u>	19PH21	51 & M	aterial S	Science					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1
CO2	3	3	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	2
CO3	3	2	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	3
C04	3	3	1	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	2
C05	3	2	2	3	2	1	2	-	-	-	-	1	2	3
AVG	3	2.4	1.2	1.8	1.8	1	2	-	-	-	-	1	2	2.2
					190	CY2151	& Envir	onment	al Studi	es				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	-	-	-	-	2	3	3	2	-	-	2	-	-
CO2	2	-	-	-	-	2	3	3	2	-	-	2	-	-
CO3	2	1	1	-	-	2	3	3	2	-	-	2	-	-
C04	2	1	2	-	-	2	3	3	2	-	-	2	-	-
C05	2	1	2	-	-	2	3	3	2	-	-	2	-	-
AVG	2	1	1.7	-	-	1	2	3	2	-	-	2	-	-
				19HE20	71 & La	nguage	Compe	tency E	nhancei	ment Cou	ırse-II			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	2	2	3	-	3	1	-
CO2	2	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	3	-	2	-	1
CO3	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	3	1	3	1	-
C04	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	2	3	3	1	3	1	1
C05	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	2	3	1	3	1	1
AVG	1.6	1.6	1	1	1.2	2	1.8	1.8	2.2	3	1	2.8	1	1

				1	L9ME200)1 & En	gineerir	ng Prac	tices	Laborat	ory					
	PC	01 PO	2 PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	РО	9 PC	10 PC	011	PC)12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	_		3	-	3	-	1	-	1	-	-	-		-	1	2
CO2		3 -	3	-	3	-	1	-	1	-	-	-		-	1	2
CO3		3 - 3 -	3	-	3	-	1		1		-	-		-	1	2
AVO	'	<u>, </u>					SEMES [*]	TER-III	-							
					19MA	3101 &	Fourier	Series	and S	Statistic	S					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	РО	8	PO9	PO10	РО	11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	3	1	2	-	_		-	-	-		-	2	3	1
CO2	3	3	3	2	1	-	_		-	-	-		-	3	2	3
CO3	3	3	3	1	1	-	-		-	-	-		-	2	2	2
C04	3	3	3	1	2	2	-		-	-	-		-	2	2	2
C05	3	3	3	2	1	1	-		-	-	-		-	2	2	3
AVG	3	2.8	3	1.4	1.4	2	-		-	-	-		-	2.2	2.2	2.2
		J.	ı		19A	E3201 8	Eleme	nts of A	\eron	autics		1				1
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO	7 P	3C	PO9	PO10	PC)11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	2	1
CO2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	2	1
CO3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	2	1
C04	3	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	2	1
C05	3	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	2	1
AVG	3	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	2	1
		•			19AE3	202 & E	nginee	ring Flu	id Me	echanic	S	•		•	•	•
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO	7 PO	3C	PO9	PO10	PC)11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	2	3	1
CO2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	2	3	1
CO3	3	3	2	2	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	2	3	1
C04	3	3	2	3	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	2	2	2
C05	3	3	2	3	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	2	2	2
AVG	3.0	2.8	2.0	2.7	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	2.0	2.6	1.4
		•	•	•	•	19AE32	03 & So	lid Me	chani	cs	•			•	,	•
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	РО	8	PO9	PO10	РО	11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	1	1	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	3	2
CO2	3	2	2	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	_	3	2
CO3	3	2	1	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	3	2
C04	3	2	1	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	3	2

C05	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
AVG	3	1.6	1.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
				1	9AE3251	. & Aero	Engineer	ing Ther	modynar	nics				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO2	3	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
C04	3	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
C05	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
AVG	3	2.2	1.6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
				19A	E3001 &	Aircraft	Compon	ent Draw	ving Labo	ratory				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	2	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	2	3	2	3
CO2	3	3	2	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	2	3	2	3
CO3	3	2	1	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	2	2	1	3
AVG	3	2.7	1.7	2.7	3.0	2.0	-	-	-	-	2.0	2.7	1.7	3
	•			19AE300	2 & Fluid	mechai	nics and	Solid me	chanics	Laborato	ory	•	•	
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
C04	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
C05	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
AVG	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
						S	EMESTE	R-IV						
					19	MA4101	& Nume	rical Me	thods					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	_	_	2	2	1
CO3	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	1
C04	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	1
C05	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	1
AVG	3	3	3	3	2.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	1.2
	1	1	1	1	ı	19AE42	01 & Aer	odynami	ics	1	1	1	1	1
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
	l					<u> </u>								

3	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
3	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
3	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
3	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
3	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
3	2.6	1.6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
				19A	E4202 &	Gas Turl	bine Prop	oulsion					
PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
3	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
3	2	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
3	2	1	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	3	2
3	2	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
3	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	2
3.0	2.0	1.3	2.4	-	-	1.0	-	-	-	-	2.0	3.0	2.0
				19A	E4203 &	Mechan	ics of Ma	chines					
PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
3	2	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1
3	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1
3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1
3	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
3	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.2	1.4
•		•	•	19	AE4251 8	& Aircraf	t Structu	res - I				•	
PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	2
3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	2
3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	2
3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	2
3	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	2
3	2.4	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	2
		•	•	19AE	4001 & A	Aerodyna	mics Lab	oratory					
	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
PO1	102					1	 	†	†	†	†	 	1
PO1 3	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
	-		1 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	3 3 3 3 3 3 2 3 3 2 3 3 2 3 3 2 3 3 2 3	3 3 2 3 3 2 3 2 1 3 2.6 1.6 PO1 PO2 PO3 3 2 - 3 2 1 3 2 1 3 2 1 3 2 1 3 2 2 3.0 2.0 1.3 PO1 PO2 PO3 3 2 - 3 2 - 3 2 - 3 2 - 3 2 - 3 2 - 3 2 - 3 2 - 3 2 - 3 2 - 3 2 - 3 2 - 3 2 - 3 2 - 3 2 - 3	3 3 2 1 3 3 2 1 3 2 1 1 3 2 1 1 3 2 1 1 4 3 2 1 2 3 2 1 2 3 2 1 2 3 2 1 2 3 2 1 3 3 2 1 3 3 2 1 3 3 2 2 3 3 2 2 3 3 2 1 3 4 3 2 - 3 2 1 - 3 2 1 1 4 3 2 - 1 3 2 1 1 4 3 2 1 1 5 4 4 1 1 6 4 <td< td=""><td>3 3 2 1 - 3 3 2 1 - 3 2 1 - - 3 2 1 1 - 3 2 1 1 - 3 2.6 1.6 1 - 19A PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 3 2 1 2 - 3 2 1 2 - 3 2 1 3 - 3 2 1 3 - 3 2 1 3 - 4 1 3 - - 3 2 1 3 - 3 2 1 - 1 3 2 1 - - 3 2 1 1 - 3 2 1 1 - 4 1 1 - <td< td=""><td>3 3 2 1 - - 3 3 2 1 - - 3 2 1 - - 3 2 1 1 - - 3 2 1 1 - - 19A±4202 & PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 3 2 1 2 - - 3 2 1 2 - - 3 2 1 3 - - 3 2 1 3 - - 3 2 1 3 - - 3 2 1 3 - - 3 2 1 3 - - 3 2 1 3 - - 3 2 1 1 - - 3 2 1 1 1 - 3 <</td><td>3 3 2 1 - - - 3 3 2 1 - - - 3 2 1 1 - - - 3 2.6 1.6 1 - - - 19AE4202 & Gas Turl PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 3 2 - 2 - - - 3 2 1 2 - - - 3 2 1 2 - - 1 3 2 1 3 - - 1 3 2 1 3 - - 1 3 2 1 3 - - 1 3 2 1 3 - - 1 901 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 3 2 1 1 - - -</td><td>3 3 2 1 - - - - - 3 3 2 1 - - - - - 3 2 1 1 - - - - - 3 2 1 1 - - - - - 3 2 1 1 - - - - - 19AE4202 & Gas Turbine Proportion Proporti</td><td>3 3 2 1 -</td><td> Note</td><td> Note</td><td> </td><td> Note</td></td<></td></td<>	3 3 2 1 - 3 3 2 1 - 3 2 1 - - 3 2 1 1 - 3 2 1 1 - 3 2.6 1.6 1 - 19A PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 3 2 1 2 - 3 2 1 2 - 3 2 1 3 - 3 2 1 3 - 3 2 1 3 - 4 1 3 - - 3 2 1 3 - 3 2 1 - 1 3 2 1 - - 3 2 1 1 - 3 2 1 1 - 4 1 1 - <td< td=""><td>3 3 2 1 - - 3 3 2 1 - - 3 2 1 - - 3 2 1 1 - - 3 2 1 1 - - 19A±4202 & PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 3 2 1 2 - - 3 2 1 2 - - 3 2 1 3 - - 3 2 1 3 - - 3 2 1 3 - - 3 2 1 3 - - 3 2 1 3 - - 3 2 1 3 - - 3 2 1 1 - - 3 2 1 1 1 - 3 <</td><td>3 3 2 1 - - - 3 3 2 1 - - - 3 2 1 1 - - - 3 2.6 1.6 1 - - - 19AE4202 & Gas Turl PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 3 2 - 2 - - - 3 2 1 2 - - - 3 2 1 2 - - 1 3 2 1 3 - - 1 3 2 1 3 - - 1 3 2 1 3 - - 1 3 2 1 3 - - 1 901 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 3 2 1 1 - - -</td><td>3 3 2 1 - - - - - 3 3 2 1 - - - - - 3 2 1 1 - - - - - 3 2 1 1 - - - - - 3 2 1 1 - - - - - 19AE4202 & Gas Turbine Proportion Proporti</td><td>3 3 2 1 -</td><td> Note</td><td> Note</td><td> </td><td> Note</td></td<>	3 3 2 1 - - 3 3 2 1 - - 3 2 1 - - 3 2 1 1 - - 3 2 1 1 - - 19A±4202 & PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 3 2 1 2 - - 3 2 1 2 - - 3 2 1 3 - - 3 2 1 3 - - 3 2 1 3 - - 3 2 1 3 - - 3 2 1 3 - - 3 2 1 3 - - 3 2 1 1 - - 3 2 1 1 1 - 3 <	3 3 2 1 - - - 3 3 2 1 - - - 3 2 1 1 - - - 3 2.6 1.6 1 - - - 19AE4202 & Gas Turl PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 3 2 - 2 - - - 3 2 1 2 - - - 3 2 1 2 - - 1 3 2 1 3 - - 1 3 2 1 3 - - 1 3 2 1 3 - - 1 3 2 1 3 - - 1 901 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 3 2 1 1 - - -	3 3 2 1 - - - - - 3 3 2 1 - - - - - 3 2 1 1 - - - - - 3 2 1 1 - - - - - 3 2 1 1 - - - - - 19AE4202 & Gas Turbine Proportion Proporti	3 3 2 1 -	Note	Note		Note

C04	3	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
C05	3	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
AVG	3	1.8	1.8	1.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
					194	E4002 &	Propulsi	on Laboı	ratory			1		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2	2	3	2
CO2	3	3	_	2	2	-	-	_	-	-	2	2	3	3
CO3	3	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	3	3
C04	3	2	_		-	-	-	_	-	_	2	2	3	3
C05	3	3	_	2	-	-	-	_	-	_	2	2	3	3
AVG	3.0	2.8	_	2.0	2.0	_	-	_	_	-	2.0	-	3.0	2.8
	0.0					SI	MESTE	R-V				l	0.0	
					16	AE5201-	Aircraft I	Performa	ance					
	PO	1 PO	2 PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	2	3	1
CO2	3	2	2	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	1	2	3	2
CO3	3	2	1	2	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	2	3	2
CO4	3	2	1	2	-	2	1	-	1	-	1	2	3	2
CO5	3	2	2	2	-	2	1	-	1	-	1	2	2	2
AVG	3	1.8	3 1.5	2	-	1.67	1	-	1	-	1	2	2.8	1.8
					16AI	5202-Hig	h Speed	Aerodyı	namics					
	PO		2 PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1
CO2	3	3	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1
CO3	3	3	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1
CO4	3	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
CO5	3	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	3	3
AVG	3	3	2.33	3 2	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	3	1.5
		1				L6AE5203	1	1	1		T	Т	ı	
	PO					+	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	2
CO2	3	3	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	2
CO3	3	3	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	2
CO4	3	3	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	2
CO5	3		2	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	2
AVG	3	3	2	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	2
		.	_	. _	1	SAE5204-	1		-	T		T		
	PO						PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	2
CO2	3		3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	2
CO3	3	3	2	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	3	2

CO4	3	3	2	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	3	2
CO5	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	3	2
AVG	3	3	2.25	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	3	2
			16AI	E5205-Ai	rcraft Ge	eneral Er	ngineerir	ng Maint	enance a	and prac	tice			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	3	3
CO3	2	3	2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	3	2
CO4	2	2	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	3	3
CO5	2	2	2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	3	2
AVG	2.4	2.4	2	2.67	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	2.4	3	2.6
					16AE500)1-Aircra	ft Struct	ures Lab	oratory					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	3	3
CO2	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	3	3
CO3	3	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	3	3
CO4	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	3	3
CO5	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	3	3
AVG	3	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	3	3
	•	•			16AF	5002-Pr	opulsion	Laborat	tory	l.	l.	l.		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	3	2
CO2	3	3	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	3	3
CO3	3	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	3	3
CO4	3	2	-		-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	3	3
CO5	3	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	3	3
AVG	3	2.75	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	3	2.8
						SEI	MESTER-	VI						
					16AE62	01-Aircr	aft stabi	lity and o	control					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	2	1
CO2	3	2	2	2	-	1	1	-	-	1	-	2	3	2
CO3	3	2	2	2	-	1	1	-	-	1	-	2	3	2
CO4	3	2	2	2	-	1	1	-	-	1	-	2	3	2
CO5	3	3	2	2	-	1	1	1	-	1	-	2	3	2
AVG	2.8	2	1.8	1.8	-	1	1	1	-	1	-	1.8	2.8	1.8
				16AE	6202-Fi	nite Elen	nent Me	thods in	Enginee	ring				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	2	3
CO2	2	2	2	3	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	1	3
CO3	3	1	1	2	2	1	2	-	-	-	-	2	2	3
CO4	1	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1
CO5	1	1	2	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	1	2
<u> </u>	I.	1		ı	1	1	1	1	1	ı	ı	ı	ı	1

AVG	2	1.6	2	2.2	1.5	1	1.33	_	1	_	_	1.6	1.6	2.4
7,10		1.0				Composi		l rials and		<u> </u>		1.0	1.0	2.7
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	2
CO2	3	2	2	2	_	_		_	_	_	_	1	3	2
CO3	3	2	2	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1	3	2
CO4	3		2	2	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	1	1	1
CO5	3	2	2	2	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	1	3	2
AVG	3	2	2	2	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	1	2.6	1.8
AVG						 :6001-Ai	rcraft De	sign Pro	iect			-	2.0	1.0
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	2	2	2	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	-	1	1	3	2	2	2	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	1	-	1	3	2	2	2	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	-	2	1	3	2	2	2	3	3
CO5	3	2	3	3	3	2		2	3	2	2	2	3	3
AVG	3	2.8	3	3	2.6	1.33	1.33	1.4	3	2	2	2	3	3
740] 3	2.0	3			mputer					2		3	
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
CO2	2	2	2	2	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	2	2
CO3	3	2	3	3	3	_		_	_	_	_	2	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	_	1	_	_	_	1	2	3	3
AVG	2.4	2.2	2.6	2.75	2.75	_	1	_	_	_	1	2	2.4	2.4
7,70	2.1	2.2	2.0	2.73		l 103-Aircr		ms Laho	ratory		_		2. 1	2.1
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	2	3	-	3	-	-	2	2	-	2	3	1
CO2	3	2	2	2	_	-	_	_	2	2	_	-	3	2
CO3	3	3	3	2	_	_	_	_	2	2	_	_	3	3
CO4	3	2	2	3	-	2	-	_	2	3	_	2	3	1
CO5	3	2	2	3	_	3	_	_	2	2	_	2	3	2
AVG	3	2.2	2.2	2.6	-	2.67	-	_	2	2.2	_	2	3	1.8
	_	l =:=				16AE68	01-Mini	Proiect		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3
AVG	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3
							/IESTER-							
							7201-Avi							

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	2	-	3	2	2	-	-	-	1	3	3	2
CO2	3	1	3	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	2	3	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	-	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	2	3	2
CO5	3	3	1	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	2
AVG	3.00	2.20	2.40	2.67	3.00	1.75	2.00	-	-	-	1.00	2.75	3.00	2.20
	1	I	I		16AE720	2-Comp	utationa	l Fluid D	ynamics	l .	l .	l .		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	2
CO2	3	2	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	2
CO3	3	2	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	2
CO4	3	2	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	2
CO5	3	2	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	2
AVG	3	2	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	2
				16A	E7001-A	ero Engi	ne and A	Airframe	Laborat	ory	l.	l.		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	-	2	-	3	-	-	-	2	1	-	2	3	2
CO2	3	-	3	-	2	-	-	-	3	1	-	2	3	3
CO3	3	2	2	-	2	-	3	-	3	1	-	2	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	-	3	-	2	-	2	1	-	2	2	3
CO5	3	3	3	-	3	-	2	-	2	1	-	2	2	2
AVG	3.00	2.33	2.60	-	2.60	-	2.33	ı	2.40	1.00	-	2.00	2.60	2.60
					16 <i>A</i>	\E7002- <i>F</i>	Avionics	Laborato	ory					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	3	3
CO2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	3
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	2	3
CO5	3	3	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	3	3
AVG	3	3	3	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	2	1	2.6	3
			1		16AE770	1-Intern	ship / In	dustrial ⁻	Training					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3
AVG	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3
	1	Т	Т	Т	16A	E7702-T	echnical	Publicat	ion	T	1	T		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3

CO3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3
AVG	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3
						SEN	1ESTER-	/III						
						16AE890	01-Proje	ct work						
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3
AVG	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES

				1	.6AE530	1-Aircraf	t materi	als and p	rocesse	S				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO2	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	-	-	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO4	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO5	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
AVG	3	-	-	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
						16AE530	2- Heat	Transfer						
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	2	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	3	1
CO2	3	3	2	3	1	1	2	1	-	-	1	2	3	1
CO3	3	3	2	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	3	1
CO4	3	3	2	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	3	1
CO5	3	3	2	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	3	1
AVG	3	3	2	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	3	1
					16AE	5303-B	oundary	layer Th	eory					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2.2	1.2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2.2
CO2	3	3	2	2	2	-	-	1	-	1	1	2	-	3
CO3	3	3	1	2	1	1	-	ı	-	1	ı	2	-	3
C04	3	2	2	1	2	1	1	-	-	-	1	1	2	2
C05	3	2	1	-	1	-	-	2	-	-	1	1	2	1
AVG	3	3	2	1	2	1	-	2	1	1	2	2	2	2
					16AE5	304-Prin	ciples of	Manage	ement					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	-	-	-

CO2	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	3	3	_	3	_	_	
CO2	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	3	_	3	_	_	_
C04	2	-	-	_	-	-	_		3	_	3	-	_	_
C04	2	-	_	_	_	_	2	-	3	_	3	_	_	_
AVG	2	_	_	_	_		2	3	3	_	3	_	_	_
AVG		_		_			Theory o				J			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	-	DO10	PO11	DO12	PSO1	DCO2
CO1	3	2	2	-	-	PU6	-	-	PO9	PO10	-	PO12	3	PSO2
CO2	3	3	3	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	3	2
CO2	3	3	3	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	3	2
CO4	3	3	3	2					_				3	2
CO4	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	3	2
AVG	3	2.8	2.8	2	_	-		_	_	_	_	_	3	2
AVG	3	2.8	2.8			- 202 Into				-	-	-	3	
	DO4	B03	DO2	DO 4	1	ı	oduction			DO40	DO44	DO42	DC 04	DC C 2
604	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		2
CO2	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3			1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		3
C04		2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
C05	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
AVG	3	2.2	1.2	1	16456		- :	- al Talahu	-	-	-	-	3	2.2
	T 204	500	500	504	T	1	ind Tunn	1		D040	5044	DO42	2004	DC 0.0
CO1	PO1 3	PO2 3	PO3	PO4 3	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11 3	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO2	3	3	3	3	-		-	-	_		3	-	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3		-		-		-	3		3	3
CO3	3	3		3	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	3	2
CO4	3	3	1	2	-	-	-	-		-	1	-	3	2
AVG	3	3	2.2	2.8	-	-	-	-	_	-	2.2	-	3	2.6
AVG	3	3	2.2		- E6204	Aoro Enc	ine Maiı	- atonance			2.2	-	3	2.0
	DO4	B03	DO2		1		1	1			DO44	DO42	DC 04	DC C 2
CO1	PO1 3	PO2 1	PO3 2	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9 2	PO10 1	PO11	PO12 3	PSO1	PSO2
CO2	3	3	1	3	2	-	-	-	2	-		-	3	2
CO2	3					-		-		-	-	-	3	
	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1
CO4				1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-		1
CO5	3	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	3	2
AVG	3	1.8	1.4	2 16 A E 73	2		- - 1 E1	-	2 A 2 2 2 E	1	-	3	3	1.4
		50-	1	16AE73		1	1	1	1	· · · · · ·	1	2015	DCC:	DC C -
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO2	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
C04	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

C05	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
AVG	2.8	2.8	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.8	2
		<u> </u>	I	I	16A	E7302-	Satellite	Propul	sion	<u> </u>	I	<u> </u>	I	I.
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1
CO2	3	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1
CO3	3	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1
C04	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
C05	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1
AVG	3	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1
					16AI	E7303-R	Rockets	and Mis	ssiles					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	-	2	-	3	-	-	-	2	1	-	2	3	2
CO2	3	-	3	-	2	-	-	-	3	1	-	2	3	3
CO3	3	2	2	-	2	-	3	-	3	1	-	2	3	3
C04	3	2	3	-	3	-	2	-	2	1	-	2	2	3
C05	3	3	3	-	3	-	2	-	2	1	-	2	2	2
AVG	3	2.3	2.6	-	2.6	-	2.3	-	2.4	1	-	2	2.6	2.6
				16A	E7304-	Airfram	ne Main	tenance	and Re	pair				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	3
CO2	3	1	3	-	2	-	1	2	2	-	2	2	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	2
C04	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	3
C05	2	3	3	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	2
AVG	2.8	2.5	3	3	2.5	3	1	2	2	-	2	2.4	3	2.6
			1)5-Expe				S	1		1	
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	3
CO2	3	1	3		2	-	1	2	2		2	2	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	2
C04	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	3
C05	2	3	3	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	2
AVG	2.8	2.5	3	3	2.5	3	1	2	2	-	2	2.4	3	2.6
	1	ı	T	T		E7306-				ı	T	ı	Т	ı
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1
CO2	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	1
C04	3	-	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
C05	3	-	3	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	3
AVG	3	-	2.4	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	2.5	3	1.8
					16	AE730'	/-Aircra	itt Desig	gn					

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	2	2	2	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	-	1	1	3	2	2	2	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	1	-	1	3	2	2	2	3	3
C04	3	3	3	3	2	-	2	1	3	2	2	2	3	3
C05	3	2	3	3	3	2	-	2	3	2	2	2	3	3
AVG	3	2.8	3	3	2.6	1.3	1.3	1.4	3	2	2	2	3	3
		l .	l	<u> </u>	16AE73	808-Eng	ine syst	em and	control	I	I	<u> </u>	I	
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	2	1	-	-	•	•	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
C04	2	3	2	-	-	•	•	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
C05	2	3	2	-	-	•	•	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
AVG	2.6	2.4	1.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2.2
					16AI	E8301-F	atigue a	and Fra	cture					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	1
CO2	3	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	2
CO3	3	2	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	3
C04	3	2	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	2
C05	3	2	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	2
AVG	3	2	2.8	2.8	2.33	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2.8	2
					16A	E8302-	Professi	onal Et	hics					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	1	-
CO2	2	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	1	-
CO3	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	-	2	2	-	1	-
C04	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	2	-	2	-	1	-
C05	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	-	-	-	-	1	-
AVG	2.2	-	-	-	-	2.6	-	3	2	2	2	-	1	-
	1	T	1	T		AE8303				r	Γ	T	Γ	1
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO2	3	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
C04	3	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
C05	3	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
AVG	3	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
	1	Ι	1		8304-A						Γ	Ι	Γ	
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1
CO2	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1

CO3	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1
C04	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1
C05	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1
AVG	2.6	1.2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1
16AE8305-Structural Dynamics														
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO2	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
C04	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
C05	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
AVG	2.8	2.8	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.8	2
16AE8306-UAV Systems														
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	3	-	2	3	-
CO2	3	3	3	2	-		-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-
CO3	3	2	3	2	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	3	3	2
C04	2	2	2	-	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	2	3	2
C05	2	2	2	2	3	2	-	2	-	3	-	3	3	2
AVG	2.4	2.25	2.5	2	3	2.5	3	2	-	3	-	2.6	3	2
	Γ	ı	1			07-Expe		1	lynamic	1	1	ı	1	ı
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO2	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
C04	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
C05	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
AVG	2.8	2.8	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.8	2
	Т	1	ı			-Air Tra					1	ı	1	
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
C04	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
C05	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
AVG	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OPEN ELECTIVES

	16AE6401-Introduction to Flight													
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-

CO2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
CO3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
C04	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
C05	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
AVG	2.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.8	-
16AE7402-Aerodynamics for Industrial Applications														
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	2
CO2	3	3	2	-	-	1	-	ı	-	-	ı	-	3	2
CO3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	2
C04	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	3	2
C05	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
AVG	2.8	2.8	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.8	2
	16AE7403-Introduction to Drones													
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	2
CO2	3	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	2
CO3	3	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	2
C04	3	3	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	2
C05	2	2	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1	2
AVG	2.8	2.2	1.8	2	1.3	1	-	ı	-	-	ı	1.8	1.8	2

Chairman - Bost AERO - HICET



Dean (Academics) HiCET